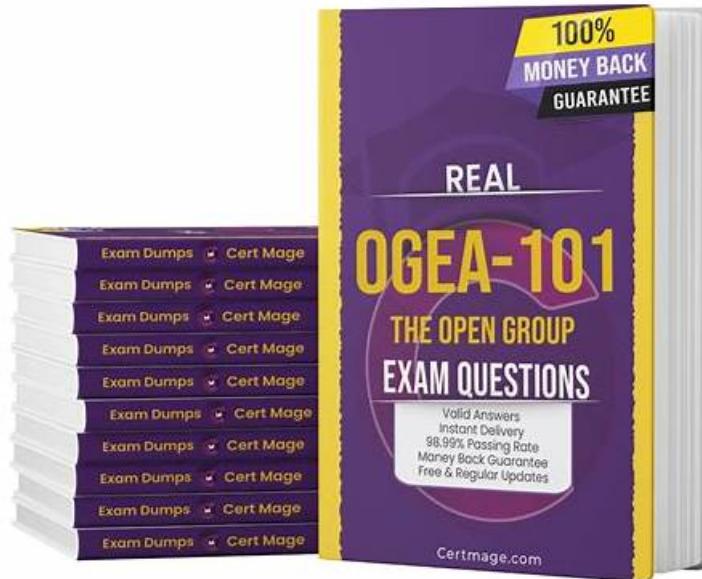


Valid OGEA-101 Test Guide, Latest OGEA-101 Braindumps Pdf



What's more, part of that TorrentVCE OGEA-101 dumps now are free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1b4VBrNRbxYJaZ6hhdsiL6jGtPwMnuR>

Are you often regretful that you have purchased an inappropriate product? Unlike other platforms for selling test materials, in order to make you more aware of your needs, OGEA-101 test preps provide sample questions for you to download for free. You can use the sample questions to learn some of the topics about OGEA-101 learn torrent and familiarize yourself with the OGEA-101 quiz torrent in advance. If you feel that the OGEA-101 quiz torrent is satisfying to you, you can choose to purchase our complete question bank. After the payment, you will receive the email sent by the system within 5-10 minutes.

The Open Group OGEA-101 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Architecture Governance: This topic of The Open Group OGEA-101 exam covers the governance framework and responsibilities of architecture boards. It evaluates the skills of TOGAF practitioners in establishing governance structures.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Business Architecture: This topic of The Open Group OGEA-101 exam emphasizes the development of business architecture, including baseline and target architectures. It measures the understanding of TOGAF practitioners about business capabilities and processes.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Implementation Governance: This topic of The Open Group OGEA-101 exam emphasizes the governance framework for architecture implementation, including compliance processes. It measures the understanding of TOGAF practitioners about governance principles, a key competency for the OGEA-101 exam.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Fundamental Concepts of Enterprise Architecture: This topic covers the definition, purpose, and benefits of enterprise architecture, emphasizing its role in aligning business objectives with IT strategies. It measures the understanding of TOGAF practitioners about foundational principles essential for effective enterprise architecture practice, crucial for passing the OGEA-101 Exam.

Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Introduction to the Architecture Development Method (ADM): The ADM is central to TOGAF, outlining a structured approach to developing and managing enterprise architecture. This section assesses comprehension of TOGAF practitioners about the ADM phases and their application, ensuring they grasp the method's iterative nature, which is vital for the OGEA-101 exam.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ADM Phase Requirements: This topic of the TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Part 1 exam focuses on the specific requirements for each ADM phase, including stakeholder identification and architecture scope definition. It measures the ability of aspiring TOGAF Practitioner to apply these requirements in real-world scenarios.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Information Systems Architecture: Focusing on data and application architectures, this topic of the OGEA-101 exam assesses ability of TOGAF practitioners to define and manage information systems. It measures their skills in identifying data entities and application components.

>> Valid OGEA-101 Test Guide <<

Real The Open Group OGEA-101 Dumps – Attempt the Exam in the Optimal Way

We strongly recommend using our TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Part 1 Exam (OGEA-101) exam dumps to prepare for the The Open Group OGEA-101 certification. It is the best way to ensure success. With our The Open Group OGEA-101 practice questions, you can get the most out of your studying and maximize your chances of passing your The Open Group OGEA-101 Exam. TorrentVCE The Open Group OGEA-101 practice test TorrentVCE is the answer if you want to score higher in the OGEA-101 exam and achieve your academic goals.

The Open Group TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Part 1 Exam Sample Questions (Q93-Q98):

NEW QUESTION # 93

When considering Architecture Governance, what is the benefit that derives from discipline?

- A. Groups within the organization are accountable for their actions
- B. Actions implemented and their decision support will be available for inspection
- C. All parties will have a commitment to adhere to procedures and process**
- D. All decision-making will be established so as to minimize conflicts of interest

Answer: C

Explanation:

TOGAF's governance guidance distinguishes benefits such as transparency, accountability, and discipline in operating governance processes. Formal TOGAF conformance topics include "The benefits of Architecture Governance," which include establishing and enforcing processes and controls (discipline) for architecture decision-making and compliance. togaf-cert.opengroup.org Reference: The Open Group, TOGAF Conformance Requirements (Multi-Level)-Unit on Architecture Governance (KLP 44.2-2 "The benefits of Architecture Governance").

NEW QUESTION # 94

Complete the following sentence:

Presenting different _____ and _____ to stakeholders helps architects to extract hidden agendas principles and requirements that could impact the final Target Architecture

- A. Alternatives Trade-offs
- B. Architecture Views Architecture Viewpoints**
- C. Solutions Applications
- D. Business Scenarios Business Models

Answer: B

Explanation:

According to the TOGAF Standard, an architecture view is a representation of a system from the perspective of a related set of concerns¹. An architecture viewpoint is a specification of the conventions for a particular kind of architecture view¹. Presenting different architecture views and architecture viewpoints to stakeholders helps architects to extract hidden agendas, principles, and requirements that could impact the final target architecture. This is because different stakeholders may have different concerns and interests in the system, and by showing them how the system addresses their concerns from different perspectives, the architects can elicit more feedback and validation from them². For example, a business stakeholder may be interested in the business architecture view, which focuses on the business processes, functions, and capabilities of the system³. A security stakeholder may be interested in the enterprise security view, which addresses the security aspects of the system, such as confidentiality, integrity, and availability³. By presenting these views to the respective stakeholders, the architects can ensure that the system meets their expectations and needs, and also identify any potential issues or gaps that may affect the target architecture. Reference: 1: The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2 - Architectural Artifacts - The Open Group¹; 2: Understanding TOGAF Views and Viewpoints in Enterprise Architecture²; 3: Developing Architecture Views - The Open Group⁴

NEW QUESTION # 95

Which one of the following classes of information within the Architecture Repository would typically contain a list of the applications in use within the enterprise?

- A. Governance Log
- B. Reference Library
- C. Architecture Metamodel
- D. **Architecture Landscape**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Architecture Landscape is a class of information within the Architecture Repository that shows an architectural view of the building blocks that are in use within the organization today (the Baseline Architecture), as well as those that are planned for the future (the Target Architecture). The Architecture Landscape typically contains a list of the applications in use within the enterprise, along with their relationships and dependencies, as well as other relevant architectural information. The Architecture Landscape helps to identify opportunities for re-use, consolidation, or retirement of existing applications, as well as gaps or overlaps in the current or future architecture. Reference: : The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Part IV: Architecture Content Framework, Chapter 34: Architecture Landscape : The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Part VI: Architecture Capability Framework, Chapter 47: Architecture Repository

NEW QUESTION # 96

The _____ ensures that a project transitioning into implementation also smoothly transitions into appropriate Architecture Governance.

- A. Implementation Strategy
- B. **Implementation Governance Model**
- C. Migration Plan
- D. Transition Plan

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Implementation Governance Model is a framework that defines the roles, responsibilities, processes, and standards for governing the implementation of the target architecture. It ensures that a project transitioning into implementation also smoothly transitions into appropriate Architecture Governance, which is the practice of ensuring compliance with the enterprise architecture and its principles, standards, and goals. The Implementation Governance Model is part of the Implementation and Migration Plan, which is the output of Phase F: Migration Planning of the Architecture Development Method (ADM)¹² References: 1: The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Part II: Architecture Development Method (ADM), Chapter 21: Phase F: Migration Planning 2: The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Part VI: Architecture Capability Framework, Chapter 50: Architecture Governance

NEW QUESTION # 97

Consider the following ADM phases objectives.

Objective

1-Determine whether an incremental approach is required, and if so identify Transition Architectures that will deliver continuous business value

2-Generate the initial complete version of the Architecture Roadmap, based upon the gap analysis and candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C, and D

3-Finalize the Architecture Roadmap and the supporting Implementation and Migration Plan

4-Ensure that the business value and cost of work packages and Transition Architectures is understood by key stakeholders Which phase does each objective match?

- A. 1E-2F-3E-4F
- B. 1F-2E-3F-4G
- **C. 1G-2E-3F-4F**
- D. 1E-2E-3F-4F

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to the TOGAF standard, the objectives of each ADM phase are as follows1:

*Phase E: Opportunities and Solutions

oDetermine whether an incremental approach is required, and if so identify Transition Architectures that will deliver continuous business value oIdentify and group major work packages within the Architecture Roadmap oIdentify and group major implementation projects to realize the Architecture Roadmap oIdentify dependencies between increments and projects oEstimate cost, benefit, and risk at a high level for each increment and project oConduct initial prioritization and sequencing of the Architecture Roadmap and projects

*Phase F: Migration Planning

oGenerate the initial complete version of the Architecture Roadmap, based upon the gap analysis and candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C, and D oConfirm the Transition Architectures with relevant stakeholders oCreate the Implementation and Migration Plan, including Transition Architectures, work packages, projects, and other activities oConfirm and agree the Architecture Roadmap and Implementation and Migration Plan with relevant stakeholders

*Phase G: Implementation Governance

oFinalize the Architecture Roadmap and the supporting Implementation and Migration Plan oEnsure conformance with the Target Architecture by implementation projects oPerform appropriate Architecture Governance functions for the solution and any implementation-driven architecture Change Requests oEnsure that the architecture lifecycle is maintained oEnsure that the Architecture Governance Framework is executed

*Phase H: Architecture Change Management

oEnsure that the business value and cost of work packages and Transition Architectures is understood by key stakeholders

oManage risks and issues related to the Architecture Roadmap and Implementation and Migration Plan oMonitor the implementation projects and Transition Architectures oManage changes to the architecture baseline oManage changes to the Architecture Capability Therefore, the correct matching of the objectives and the phases is:

*1G: Determine whether an incremental approach is required, and if so identify Transition Architectures that will deliver continuous business value

*2E: Generate the initial complete version of the Architecture Roadmap, based upon the gap analysis and candidate Architecture Roadmap components from Phases B, C, and D

*3F: Finalize the Architecture Roadmap and the supporting Implementation and Migration Plan

*4F: Ensure that the business value and cost of work packages and Transition Architectures is understood by key stakeholders

NEW QUESTION # 98

.....

If you buy our OGEA-101 study tool successfully, you will have the right to download our OGEA-101 exam torrent in several minutes, and then you just need to click on the link and log on to your website's forum, you can start to learn our OGEA-101 question torrent. We believe the operation is very convenient for you, and you can operate it quickly. At the same time, we believe that the convenient purchase process will help you save much time. More importantly, we provide all people with the trial demo for free before you buy our OGEA-101 Exam Torrent and it means that you have the chance to download from our web page for free; you do not need to spend any money.

Latest OGEA-101 Braindumps Pdf: <https://www.torrentvce.com/OGEA-101-valid-vce-collection.html>

- OGEA-101 Pass4sure OGEA-101 Reliable Exam Cram OGEA-101 Mock Exams Go to website (

What's more, part of that TorrentVCE OGEA-101 dumps now are free: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1b4lVBrNRbxYJaZ6hhdysiL6jGtPwMnuR>