

Fast2testのMicrosoft AZ-800試験問題集を紹介する



P.S.Fast2testがGoogle Driveで共有している無料の2025 Microsoft AZ-800ダンプ：https://drive.google.com/open?id=1CnguXP3bjVMrW_8Zxq0TQQZvTvy5D7PQ

調査、研究を経て、IT職員の月給の増加とジョブのプロモーションはMicrosoft AZ-800資格認定と密接な関係があります。給料の増加とジョブのプロモーションを真になるために、Fast2testのMicrosoft AZ-800問題集を勉強しましょう。いつまでもAZ-800試験に準備する皆様に便宜を与えるFast2testは、高品質の試験資料と行き届いたサービスを提供します。

Microsoft Azure AZ-800認定を取得することは、個人がWindows Server環境でハイブリッドコアインフラストラクチャソリューションを管理するために必要なスキルと知識を持っていることを示します。この認定は、IT管理のキャリアを進め、より複雑なハイブリッドクラウドプロジェクトを担当したいプロフェッショナルにとって、貴重なものです。

>> AZ-800トレーニング費用 <<

最新のAZ-800 | 権威のあるAZ-800トレーニング費用試験 | 試験の準備方法Administering Windows Server Hybrid Core Infrastructure絶対合格

Fast2testあなたに最高のMicrosoftのAZ-800試験問題集を提供して差し上げます。あなたを成功への道に引率します。Fast2testのMicrosoftのAZ-800試験トレーニング資料は試験の準備をしているあなたにヘルプを与えます。当社の資料はあなたがIT専門家になるように特別に受験生の皆さんのために作成したものです。Fast2testのMicrosoftのAZ-800試験トレーニング資料はあなたに最も適用して、あなたのニーズを満たす資料です。はやくFast2testのサイトを登録してください。きっと棚ぼたがありますよ。

Microsoft AZ-800 (Administering Windows Server Hybrid Core Infrastructure) 試験は、ハイブリッドクラウド環境でWindows Serverインフラストラクチャを管理する能力を証明するITプロフェッショナル向けに設計されています。この試験は、ハイブリッド環境でのアイデンティティ、コンピューティング、ストレージ、およびネットワークを含むコアサービスの実装と管理に必要なスキルと知識に焦点を当てています。この試験の受験者は、Windows Server、Active Directory、Azure、およびその他のクラウド技術での作業経験を持っている必要があります。

AZ-800試験の準備には、Microsoftの公式学習資料、オンラインコース、実践ラボ、練習問題などを活用することができます。さらに、ラボ環境または実際のプロジェクトを通じてハイブリッドクラウドソリューションを扱うことで、実践的な経験を得ることができます。

Microsoft Administering Windows Server Hybrid Core Infrastructure 認定 AZ-800 試験問題 (Q252-Q257):

質問 # 252

You need to meet the security requirements for passwords.

Where should you configure the components for Azure AD Password Protection? To answer, drag the appropriate components to

the correct locations. Each component may be used once, more than once, or not at all. You may need to drag the split bar between panes or scroll to view content.

NOTE Each correct selection is worth one point.

正解:

解説:

Explanation:

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/authentication/concept-password-ban-bad-on-premises>

Topic 3, Datum Corporation

A Datum Corporation is a manufacturing company that has a main office in Seattle and two branch offices in Los Angeles and Montreal.

A Datum recently partnered with a company named Fabrikam, Inc.

Fabrikam is a manufacturing company that has a main office in Boston and a branch office in Orlando.

Both companies intend to collaborate on several joint projects.

The on-premises network of A. Datum contains an Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) forest named adatum.com.

The forest contains two domains named adatum.com and east.adatum.com and the domain controllers shown in the following table.

Name	Domain	Operations master roles
DC1	adatum.com	Schema master
DC2	adatum.com	None
DC3	east.adatum.com	PDC emulator, RID master

The on-premises network of Fabrikam contains an AD DS forest named fabrikam.com.

The forest contains two domains named fabrikam.com and south.fabrikam.com.

The fabrikam.com domain contains an organizational unit (OU) named Marketing.

The adatum.com domain contains the servers shown in the following table.

Name	Role
HyperV1	Hyper-V
SSpace1	File and Storage Services

HyperV1 contains the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Operating system	Description
VM1	Windows Server 2022 Datacenter	Joined to the adatum.com domain Contains a file-share named Data1 and a local user named User1
VM2	Red Hat Enterprise Linux (RHEL)	Contains a local user named User2
VM3	Windows Server 2022 Standard	Joined to the adatum.com domain Has the File and Storage Services role installed

All the virtual machines on HyperV1 have only the default management tools installed. SSPace1 contains the Storage Spaces virtual disks shown in the following table.

Name	Number of physical disks	Redundancy
Disk1	8	Three-way mirror
Disk2	12	Parity

A Datum has an Azure subscription that contains a Microsoft Entra tenant. Microsoft Entra Connect is configured to sync the adatum.com forest with Microsoft Entra ID.

The subscription contains the virtual networks shown in the following table.

Name	Location	Subnet
VNet1	West US	Subnet1, Subnet2
VNet2	West US	SubnetA, SubnetB

The subscription contains the Azure Private DNS zones shown in the following table.

Name	Virtual network link
Zone1.com	VNet1
Zone2.com	VNet2
Zone3.com	None

The subscription contains the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Operating system	Security type
Server1	Windows Server 2022 Datacenter: Azure Edition	Trusted launch
Server2	Windows Server 2022 Datacenter: Azure Edition	Standard
Server3	Windows Server 2022 Datacenter	Standard
Server4	Windows Server 2019 Datacenter	Trusted launch

All the servers are in a workgroup.

The subscription contains a storage account named storage1 that has a file share named share1.

A Datum plans to implement the following changes:

* Sync Data1 to share1.

* Configure an Azure runbook named Task1.

- * Enable Microsoft Entra users to sign in to Server1.
 - * Create an Azure DNS Private Resolver that has the following configurations:
 - o Name: Private1
 - o Region: West US
 - o Virtual network: VNet1
 - o Inbound endpoint: SubnetB
 - * Enable users in the adatum.com domain to access the resources in the south.fabrikam.com domain.
- A Datum identifies the following technical requirements:
- * The data on SSPE1 must be available always.
 - * DC2 must become the schema master if DC1 fails.
 - * VMS must be configured to enable per-folder quotas.
 - * Trusts must allow access to only the required resources.
 - * The users in the Marketing OU must have access to storage!
 - * Azure Automanage must be used on all supported Azure virtual machines.
 - * A direct SSH session must be used to manage all the supported virtual machines on HyperV1.

質問 # 253

Hotspot Question

You plan to deploy an Azure virtual machine that will run Windows Server. The virtual machine will host an Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain controller and a drive named F: on a new virtual disk.

You need to configure storage for the virtual machine. The solution must meet the following requirements:

- Maximize resiliency for AD DS.
- Prevent accidental data loss.

How should you configure the storage? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Volume for the AD DS database:

C
D
F

Caching configuration for the volume that hosts the database:



NONE
READ
READ/WRITE

正解:

解説:

Volume for the AD DS database:

C
D
F

Caching configuration for the volume that hosts the database:

NONE
READ
READ/WRITE

Explanation:

Box 1: F

Create a separate virtual data disk for storing the database, logs, and sysvol folder for Active Directory. Do not store these items on the same disk as the operating system

Box 2: None

By default, data disks that are attached to a VM use write-through caching. However, this form of caching can conflict with the requirements of AD DS. For this reason, set the Host Cache Preference setting on the data disk to None.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/architecture/reference-architectures/identity/adds-extend-domain>

質問 # 254

You need to configure Azure File Sync to meet the file sharing requirements. What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

a. NOTE Each correct selection is worth one point.

Minimum number of sync groups to create: 1, 2, 3, 4

Minimum number of Storage Sync Services to create: 1, 2, 3, 4

Minimum number of Storage Sync Services to create: 1, 2, 3, 4

正解:

解説:

Answer Area

Minimum number of sync groups to create: 1, 2, 3, 4

Minimum number of Storage Sync Services to create: 1, 2, 3, 4

Minimum number of Storage Sync Services to create: 1, 2, 3, 4

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/storage/file-sync/file-sync-planning>

質問 # 255

Drag and Drop Question

You deploy a single-domain Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) forest named contoso.com.

You deploy five servers to the domain. You add the servers to a group named ITFarmHosts.

You plan to configure a Network Load Balancing (NLB) cluster named NLBcluster.contoso.com that will contain the five servers.

You need to ensure that the NLB service on the nodes of the cluster can use a group managed service account (gMSA) to authenticate.

Which three PowerShell cmdlets should you run in sequence? To answer, move the appropriate cmdlets from the list of cmdlets to the answer area and arrange them in the correct order.

Cmdlets



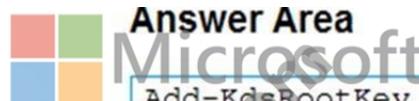
- New-ADServiceAccount
- Install-ADServiceAccount
- Add-ADComputerServiceAccount
- Set-KdsConfiguration
- Add-KdsRootKey
- Add-ADGroupMember



正解:

解説:

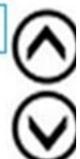
Cmdlets



- Add-ADComputerServiceAccount
- Set-KdsConfiguration
- Add-ADGroupMember



- Add-KdsRootKey
- New-ADServiceAccount
- Install-ADServiceAccount



Explanation:

several questions asked if different ways, come down to the same basic answer:

Add-kdsrootkey (on a domain controller; if it was never configured in the past) Add-ADServiceAccount (on domain controller - specify a server name, with \$ at the end: servername\$ or a security group name)

Install-ADServiceAccount (on the server where gMSA account will be used, specify with the servername\$)

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/security/group-managed-service-accounts/create-the-key-distribution-services-kds-root-key>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/windows-server/security/group-managed-service-accounts/getting-started-with-group-managed-service-accounts>

質問 # 256

Your network contains an Active Directory Domain Services (AD DS) domain. The domain contains a user named User1. User1 is a member of a group named Group1 and is in an organizational unit (OU) named OU1.

The domain has minimum password lengths configured as shown in the following table.

Value	Location
10	Default Domain Policy
12	Default Domain Controllers Policy
8	Group Policy linked to OU1
14	Password settings object applied to Group1
7	Password settings object applied to User1

What is the minimum password length that User1 should use when changing to a new password?

