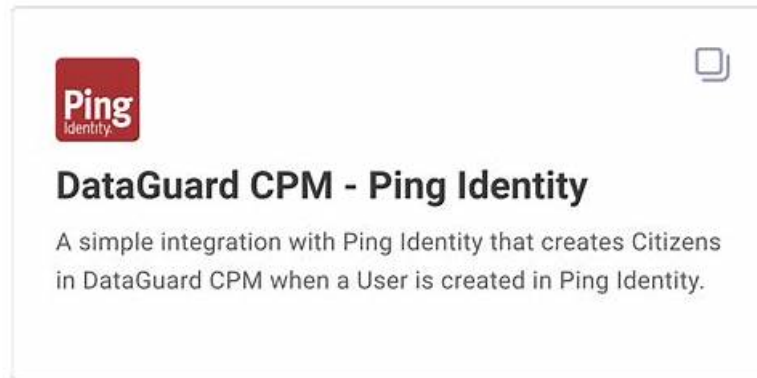


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Ping Identity Certified Professional - PingAM Exam Sample Questions (Q85-Q90):

NEW QUESTION # 85

Which of the following would be a possible combination of fields in the JSON body when making a policy evaluation via REST?

- A. subject, application, advices
- B. resources, application, advices
- C. resources, subject, application
- D. resources, subject, advices

Answer: C

Explanation:

In PingAM 8.0.2, requesting policy decisions via the REST API involves sending a POST request to the policies endpoint with the `_action=evaluate` parameter. To receive an accurate decision, the request body must provide the context of the access attempt. According to the "Request policy decisions over REST" documentation, the JSON body typically includes the following core fields:

resources: (Required) An array of strings representing the URIs the user is attempting to access.

application: (Required) This field specifies the name of the Policy Set (formerly known as the application) that contains the relevant

policies for the evaluation.

subject: (Optional, but usually required for user-specific policies) This object identifies the user or entity requesting access. It can include the user's ssoToken or a set of claims if using JWT-based subjects.

Why other options are incorrect: Advices (Options A and C) are not inputs for a policy evaluation request. Instead, advices are returned by PingAM in the response if a policy condition fails (e.g., an AuthLevelConditionAdvice requesting the user to provide MFA). A request cannot "evaluate" an advice; it triggers one. Option D is incorrect because the resources field is a mandatory requirement for any evaluation; without a target resource, the engine has nothing to compare against the defined policy rules. Therefore, the combination of resources, subject, and application represents the standard, valid structure for a policy decision request in PingAM 8.0.2.

NEW QUESTION # 86

Which statements are correct about push notification authentication implemented with PingAM?

A . The user must have a device with a camera and install the Authenticator app.
B . The registration and authentication steps must be part of the same authentication tree.
C . To register a device the user scans a barcode with the Authenticator installed on their device.1 D . During subsequent authentication processes, PingAM instructs the push server to send a notification to the registered device, and waits for the user to use the Authenticator app to approve the request.2 Options:

- A. A and D only
- B. A, B, and C only
- C. B, C, and D only
- D. A and B only

Answer: A

Explanation:

Push authentication in PingAM 8.0.2 utilizes the ForgeRock/Ping Authenticator app to provide a seamless, out-of-band multi-factor authentication (MFA) experience.3 To understand the correct statements, we must look at the technical requirements and the authentication lifecycle defined in the "MFA: Push Authentication" documentation.

Statement A is correct: For the initial setup, a device with a camera is required because the registration process involves scanning a QR code generated by PingAM. Additionally, the user must install the specific Authenticator app (available for iOS and Android) to handle the cryptographic exchange and receive push notifications.4 Statement D is correct: This accurately describes the runtime flow of a push journey. When a user reaches a Push Sender node, PingAM communicates with the Push Notification Service (Apple APNs or Google FCM).5 The user's device receives the notification, and PingAM enters a "waiting" state (via the Push Result Verifier node) until the user either approves or denies the request within the app.6 Why other statements are incorrect:

Statement B is incorrect because registration and authentication are typically handled by separate trees. Best practice dictates a "Device Registration" tree for the initial onboarding and a "Login/MFA" tree for day-to-day access. Forcing them into the same tree would be inefficient and create a poor user experience.

Statement C is a common point of confusion; while the user scans a code, the documentation refers to it as a QR code, not a standard barcode. In technical certification contexts, this distinction is often strictly enforced.

Therefore, only statements A and D represent the verified facts of the Push implementation in version 8.0.2, making Option C the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 87

A multi-server PingAM deployment is scheduled for upgrade. What measure can be implemented to prevent external user access during this process?

- A. Disable access from the firewall
- B. Disable access from the load balancer
- C. Shut down the PingAM instances
- D. Shut down the PingDS instances

Answer: B

Explanation:

According to the PingAM 8.0.2 Upgrade Guide and best practices for high-availability environments, performing an upgrade on a multi-server cluster requires a controlled redirection of traffic. While several methods can technically stop traffic, the load balancer is the primary tool for managing availability during maintenance.

In a production environment, PingAM instances are typically situated behind a load balancer that performs health checks and

distributes user requests. By disabling access from the load balancer (specifically, by draining connections or marking nodes as "out of service"), administrators can gracefully prevent new external users from reaching the servers undergoing the upgrade. This approach is superior to shutting down the PingAM instances (Option A) immediately, as it allows existing sessions to complete their current operations or be handled by other nodes in the cluster if a "rolling upgrade" strategy is being used. Shutting down the PingDS instances (Option B) is dangerous, as the directory service is required by PingAM for both configuration and user data; losing the data store while the AM application is still active can lead to severe system errors and data corruption. While a firewall (Option C) can block traffic, it is generally a "blunt instrument" that does not provide the sophisticated session management or health-probe handling that a load balancer offers. The load balancer allows for a "Maintenance Page" to be displayed to users, providing a better user experience during the downtime. Therefore, for a professional multi-server upgrade, managing the traffic flow at the load balancer layer is the verified best practice in PingAM 8 documentation.

NEW QUESTION # 88

Which of the following is considered a confidential OAuth2 client?

- A. JavaScript clients
- B. Web browsers
- C. Web applications
- D. Desktop clients

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to the PingAM 8.0.2 documentation on "OAuth 2.0 Client Authentication," clients are categorized into two types based on their ability to maintain the confidentiality of their credentials: Public and Confidential.

A Confidential Client is defined as an application that is capable of securely storing a client_secret or a private key.¹ These are typically applications where the code and configuration are not exposed to the end user. Web Applications (Option D) are the classic example of confidential clients because they run on a secure back-end server.² The server-side code can store and use a secret to authenticate with PingAM's token endpoint without the risk of the secret being leaked to the user-agent or a third party. In contrast:

Web Browsers (Option C) and JavaScript clients (Option B) are considered Public Clients.³ Since the code runs within the user's browser, any secret embedded in the application would be visible to the user via "View Source" or developer tools.⁴ Desktop clients (Option A) and native mobile apps are also categorized as public clients in the OAuth2 specification (RFC 6749) because they are distributed to end-user devices.⁵ Even if the secret is obfuscated, it can be extracted through reverse engineering or decompilation.

For confidential clients, PingAM 8.0.2 supports various authentication methods at the token endpoint, including client_secret_basic, client_secret_post, and more secure options like Mutual TLS (mTLS) or Private Key JWT. By correctly identifying a client as confidential, administrators can enforce these stronger authentication requirements, ensuring that the client is indeed the entity it claims to be before granting access or refresh tokens.

NEW QUESTION # 89

A SAML2 identity provider (IdP) is configured in a subrealm. Which of the following URLs can be used to export the IdP metadata?

- A. <http://myserver.domain.com:8080/openam/saml2/jsp/exportmetadata.jsp?idp=http://myserver.domain.com:8080/openam&realm=/idprealm>
- B. It cannot be exported via a JSP, and the Amster tool has to be used
- C. <http://myserver.domain.com:8080/openam/saml2/jsp/exportmetadata.jsp>
- D. <http://myserver.domain.com:8080/openam/saml2/jsp/exportmetadata.jsp?entityid=http://myserver.domain.com:8080/openam&realm=/idprealm>

Answer: D

Explanation:

To facilitate federation between a SAML2 Identity Provider (IdP) and a Service Provider (SP), metadata must be exchanged. PingAM 8.0.2 provides a built-in utility page, exportmetadata.jsp, specifically for this purpose.

When an IdP is configured within a subrealm (rather than the Top Level Realm), the metadata export URL must be qualified with specific query parameters to ensure the correct entity configuration is retrieved. According to the "SAML 2.0 Reference" and "Exporting SAML 2.0 Metadata" documentation:

entityid: This parameter is mandatory when there are multiple entities configured. It specifies the unique URI of the IdP (e.g.,

<http://myserver.domain.com:8080/openam>). This tells the JSP which specific provider's metadata to generate.

realm: This parameter is crucial for subrealm deployments. By default, the JSP looks in the root realm (/). If the IdP resides in a subrealm named /idprealm, the URL must explicitly include &realm=/idprealm.

Option D is the correct technical string. Option B is incorrect as it lacks parameters and would only attempt to export default root-level metadata. Option C is incorrect because the parameter name is entityid, not idp. While Amster (Option A) can indeed be used to export configuration, the exportmetadata.jsp remains the standard and most common method for generating the XML-formatted metadata required by external partners.

NEW QUESTION # 90

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