

Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst합격보장가능시험 - XDR-Analyst높은통과율덤프공부자료



BONUS!!! Itcertkr XDR-Analyst 시험 문제집 전체 버전을 무료로 다운로드하세요: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1_vO-9oo7EsFHyQdB5dCtWzmbfXEA4Gwc

Itcertkr의Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst 덤프 구매 후 등록된 사용자가 구매일로부터 일년 이내에Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst시험에 실패하셨다면 Itcertkr메일에 주문번호와 불합격성적표를 보내오셔서 환불신청하실수 있습니다.구매일자 이전에 발생한 시험불합격은 환불보상의 대상이 아닙니다. 개별 인증사는 불합격성적표를 발급하지 않기에 재시험신청내역을 환불증명으로 제출하시면 됩니다.

Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst 시험요강:

주제	소개
주제 1	Data Analysis: This domain encompasses querying data with XQL language, utilizing query templates and libraries, working with lookup tables, hunting for IOCs, using Cortex XDR dashboards, and understanding data retention and Host Insights.
주제 2	Alerting and Detection Processes: This domain covers identifying alert types and sources, prioritizing alerts through scoring and custom configurations, creating incidents, and grouping alerts with data stitching techniques.
주제 3	Incident Handling and Response: This domain focuses on investigating alerts using forensics, causality chains and timelines, analyzing security incidents, executing response actions including automated remediation, and managing exclusions.
주제 4	Endpoint Security Management: This domain addresses managing endpoint prevention profiles and policies, validating agent operational states, and assessing the impact of agent versions and content updates.

>> Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst합격보장 가능 시험 <<

최신버전 XDR-Analyst합격보장 가능 시험 덤프는 Palo Alto Networks XDR Analyst 시험문제의 모든 범위가 포함

Itcertkr의 제품을 구매하시면 우리는 일년무료업데이트 서비스를 제공함으로 여러분을 인증시험을 패스하게 도와 줍니다. 만약 인증시험내용이 변경이 되면 우리는 바로 여러분들에게 알려드립니다.그리고 최신버전이 있다면 바로 여러분들한테 보내드립니다. Itcertkr는 한번에Palo Alto Networks XDR-Analyst인증시험을 패스를 보장합니다.

최신 Security Operations XDR-Analyst 무료샘플문제 (Q81-Q86):

질문 # 81

Under which conditions is Local Analysis evoked to evaluate a file before the file is allowed to run?

- A. The endpoint is disconnected or the verdict from WildFire is of a type grayware.
- B. The endpoint is disconnected or the verdict from WildFire is of a type benign.
- **C. The endpoint is disconnected or the verdict from WildFire is of a type unknown.**
- D. The endpoint is disconnected or the verdict from WildFire is of a type malware.

정답: C

설명:

Local Analysis is a feature of Cortex XDR that allows the agent to evaluate files locally on the endpoint, without sending them to WildFire for analysis. Local Analysis is evoked when the following conditions are met:

The endpoint is disconnected from the internet or the Cortex XDR management console, and therefore cannot communicate with WildFire.

The verdict from WildFire is of a type unknown, meaning that WildFire has not yet analyzed the file or has not reached a conclusive verdict.

Local Analysis uses machine learning models to assess the behavior and characteristics of the file and assign it a verdict of either benign, malware, or grayware. If the verdict is malware or grayware, the agent will block the file from running and report it to the Cortex XDR management console. If the verdict is benign, the agent will allow the file to run and report it to the Cortex XDR management console. Reference:

Local Analysis

WildFire File Verdicts

질문 # 82

If you have an isolated network that is prevented from connecting to the Cortex Data Lake, which type of Broker VM setup can you use to facilitate the communication?

- A. Local Agent Installer and Content Caching
- **B. Local Agent Proxy**
- C. Broker VM Pathfinder
- D. Broker VM Syslog Collector

정답: B

설명:

If you have an isolated network that is prevented from connecting to the Cortex Data Lake, you can use the Local Agent Proxy setup to facilitate the communication. The Local Agent Proxy is a type of Broker VM that acts as a proxy server for the Cortex XDR agents that are deployed on the isolated network. The Local Agent Proxy enables the Cortex XDR agents to communicate securely with the Cortex Data Lake and the Cortex XDR management console over the internet, without requiring direct access to the internet from the isolated network. The Local Agent Proxy also allows the Cortex XDR agents to download installation packages and content updates from the Cortex XDR management console. To use the Local Agent Proxy setup, you need to deploy a Broker VM on the isolated network and configure it as a Local Agent Proxy. You also need to deploy another Broker VM on a network that has internet access and configure it as a Remote Agent Proxy. The Remote Agent Proxy acts as a relay between the Local Agent Proxy and the Cortex Data Lake. You also need to install a strong cipher SHA256-based SSL certificate on both the Local Agent Proxy and the Remote Agent Proxy to ensure secure communication. You can read more about the Local Agent Proxy setup and how to configure it [here1](#) and [here2](#). Reference:

Local Agent Proxy

Configure the Local Agent Proxy Setup

질문 # 83

What is the outcome of creating and implementing an alert exclusion?

- A. The Cortex XDR agent will not create an alert for this event in the future.
- B. The Cortex XDR console will delete those alerts and block ingestion of them in the future.
- **C. The Cortex XDR console will hide those alerts.**
- D. The Cortex XDR agent will allow the process that was blocked to run on the endpoint.

정답: C

설명:

The outcome of creating and implementing an alert exclusion is that the Cortex XDR console will hide those alerts that match the exclusion criteria. An alert exclusion is a policy that allows you to filter out alerts that are not relevant, false positives, or low priority, and focus on the alerts that require your attention. When you create an alert exclusion, you can specify the criteria that define which alerts you want to exclude, such as alert name, severity, source, or endpoint. After you create an alert exclusion, Cortex XDR will hide any future alerts that match the criteria, and exclude them from incidents and search query results. However, the alert exclusion does not affect the behavior of the Cortex XDR agent or the security policy on the endpoint. The Cortex XDR agent will still create an alert for the event and apply the appropriate action, such as blocking or quarantining, according to the security policy. The alert exclusion only affects the visibility of the alert on the Cortex XDR console, not the actual protection of the endpoint. Therefore, the correct answer is B, the Cortex XDR console will hide those alerts¹² Reference:

Alert Exclusions
Create an Alert Exclusion Policy

질문 # 84

What license would be required for ingesting external logs from various vendors?

- A. Cortex XDR Vendor Agnostic Pro
- B. Cortex XDR Cloud per Host
- C. Cortex XDR Pro per Endpoint
- **D. Cortex XDR Pro per TB**

정답: D

설명:

To ingest external logs from various vendors, you need a Cortex XDR Pro per TB license. This license allows you to collect and analyze logs from Palo Alto Networks and third-party sources, such as firewalls, proxies, endpoints, cloud services, and more. You can use the Log Forwarding app to forward logs from the Logging Service to an external syslog receiver. The Cortex XDR Pro per Endpoint license only supports logs from Cortex XDR agents installed on endpoints. The Cortex XDR Vendor Agnostic Pro and Cortex XDR Cloud per Host licenses do not exist. Reference:

Features by Cortex XDR License Type
Log Forwarding App for Cortex XDR Analytics
SaaS Log Collection

질문 # 85

The Cortex XDR console has triggered an incident, blocking a vitally important piece of software in your organization that is known to be benign. Which of the following options would prevent Cortex XDR from blocking this software in the future, for all endpoints in your organization?

- A. Create an endpoint-specific exception.
- B. Create a global inclusion.
- C. Create an individual alert exclusion.
- **D. Create a global exception.**

정답: D

설명:

A global exception is a rule that allows you to exclude specific files, processes, or behaviors from being blocked or detected by Cortex XDR. A global exception applies to all endpoints in your organization that are protected by Cortex XDR. Creating a global exception for a vitally important piece of software that is known to be benign would prevent Cortex XDR from blocking this software in the future, for all endpoints in your organization.

To create a global exception, you need to follow these steps:

In the Cortex XDR management console, go to Policy Management > Exceptions and click Add Exception.

Select the Global Exception option and click Next.

Enter a name and description for the exception and click Next.

Select the type of exception you want to create, such as file, process, or behavior, and click Next.

Specify the criteria for the exception, such as file name, hash, path, process name, command line, or behavior name, and click Next.

Review the summary of the exception and click Finish.

Reference:

Create Global Exceptions: This document explains how to create global exceptions to exclude specific files, processes, or behaviors

