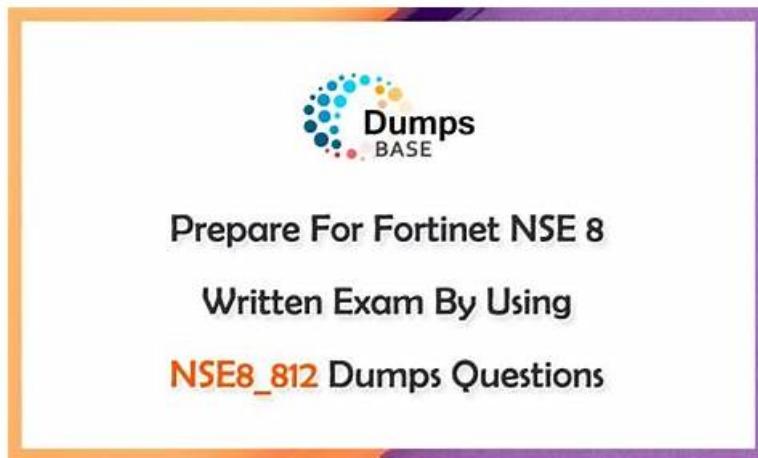


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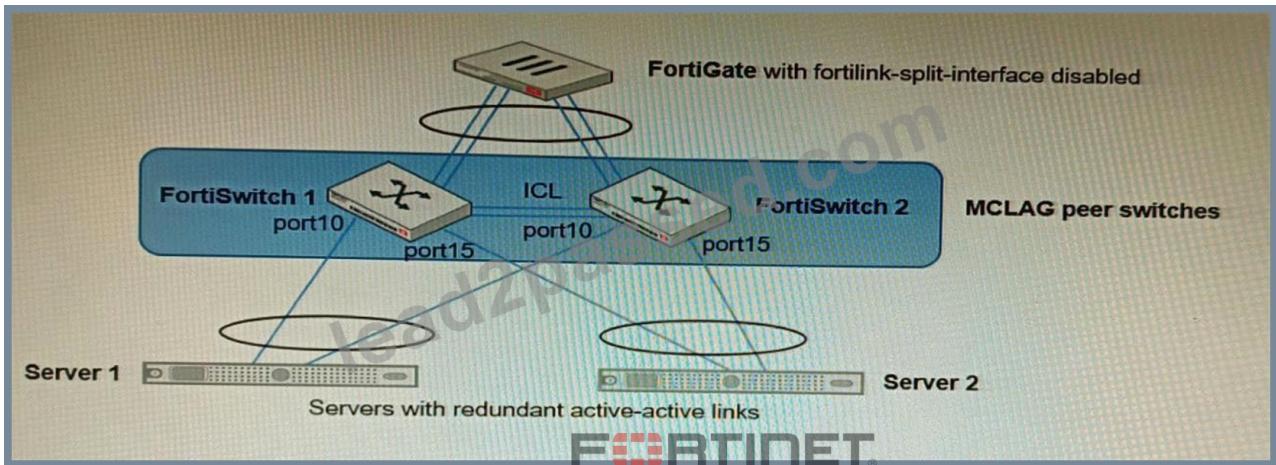
Interesting Facts that Help you Crack the Tough Fortinet NSE8_812 Exam

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Fortinet NSE 8 - Written Exam (NSE8_812) Sample Questions (Q103-Q108):

NEW QUESTION # 103

Refer to the exhibit.



You have been tasked with replacing the managed switch Forti Switch 2 shown in the topology.

Which two actions are correct regarding the replacement process? (Choose two.)

- A. CLAG-ICL needs to be manually reconfigured once the new switch is connected to the FortiGate
- B. After replacing the FortiSwitch unit, the automatically created trunk name changes.
- C. After replacing the FortiSwitch unit, the automatically created trunk name does not change
- D. MCLAG-ICL will be automatically reconfigured once the new switch is connected to the FortiGate.

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

* A is correct because the automatically created trunk name is based on the MAC address of the FortiSwitch unit. When the FortiSwitch unit is replaced, the MAC address will change, but the trunk name will not change.

* B is correct because CLAG-ICL is a manually configured link aggregation group. When the FortiSwitch unit is replaced, the CLAG-ICL configuration will need to be manually reconfigured on the new FortiSwitch unit.

The other options are incorrect. Option C is incorrect because the automatically created trunk name does not change when the FortiSwitch unit is replaced. Option D is incorrect because MCLAG-ICL is a manually configured link aggregation group and will not be automatically reconfigured when the FortiSwitch unit is replaced.

References:

* Configuring link aggregation on FortiSwitches | FortiSwitch / FortiOS 7.0.4 - Fortinet Document Library

* Managing FortiLink | FortiGate / FortiOS 7.0.4 - Fortinet Document Library

<https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortiswitch/7.0.8/devices-managed-by-fortios/173284/replacing-a-managed-fortiswitch-unit>

NEW QUESTION # 104

You are designing a setup where the FortiGate device is connected to two upstream ISPs using BGP. Part of the requirement is that you must be able to refresh the route advertisements manually without disconnecting the BGP neighborships.

Which feature must you enable on the BGP neighbors to accomplish this goal?

- A. Soft-reconfiguration
- B. Synchronization
- C. Deterministic-med
- D. Graceful-restart

Answer: A

Explanation:

The soft reconfigure is correct by elimination (FGTs all support BGP Refresh, so question is not worded correctly - to refresh routes in advertisements, there is no need to do manually anything, after the change is committed to config FGT will send BGP Refresh message to the peers to notify them of it. The same is true for Cisco and Juniper routers. The question should ask "when routing policy was changed" - then yes, reconfiguration is the way to notify BGP peers that BGP policy was changed.

NEW QUESTION # 105

Refer to the exhibits.

GUI Access

GUI Access

Site title: **FortiAuthenticator**

GUI idle timeout: 480 minutes (1-480 mins)

Maximum HTTP header length: 4 (4-16 KB)

HTTPS Certificate:

HTTP Strict Transport Security (HSTS) Expiry

Certificate authority type: Local CA Trusted CA

Default-Server-Certificate | CN=Default-Server-Certificate-7D895AD8

CA certificate that issued the server certificate: Fortinet_CA1_Root | emailAddress=support@fortinet.com

Allow all hosts/domain names

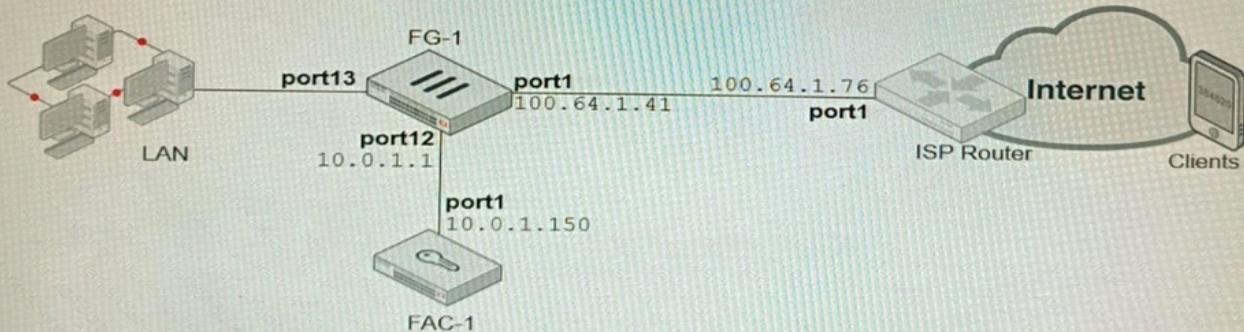
Public IP/FQDN for FortiToken Mobile: 100.64.1.76

Configuration

```
FG-1 # show system ftm-push
config system ftm-push
    set server-cert "self-sign"
    set server "10.0.1.150"
    set status enable
end

FG-1# show system interface port1
config system interface
    edit "port1"
        set vdom "root"
        set ip 100.64.1.41 255.255.255.0
        set allowaccess ping
        set type physical
        set alias "WAN"
        set role wan
        set snmp-index 1
    next
end
```

Topology



An administrator has configured a FortiGate and Forti Authenticator for two-factor authentication with FortiToken push notifications for their SSL VPN login. Upon initial review of the setup, the administrator has discovered that the customers can manually type in their two-factor code and authenticate but push notifications do not work. Based on the information given in the exhibits, what must be done to fix this?

- A. On FAC-1, the FortiToken public IP setting must point to 100.64.1.41
- B. On FG-1 CLI, the ftm-push server setting must point to 100.64.1.41.
- C. FAC-1 must have an internet routable IP address for push notifications.
- D. On FG-1 port1, the ftm access protocol must be enabled.

Answer: A

Explanation:

<https://community.fortinet.com/t5/FortiAuthenticator/Technical-Tip-FortiToken-Push-on-FortiAuthenticator-operation/ta-p/190810>

NEW QUESTION # 106

Refer to the exhibit.

Exhibit C

```
fgt200f_primary # config sys global
fgt200f_primary (global) # set private-data-encryption enable
fgt200f_primary (global) # end
Please type your private data encryption key (32 hexadecimal numbers):
Off8721fed9375142377744b562ac62
Please re-enter your private data encryption key (32 hexadecimal numbers) again:
Off8721fed9375142377744b562ac62
Your private data encryption key is accepted.
fgt200f_primary #
```

A customer has deployed a FortiGate 200F high-availability (HA) cluster that contains a TPM chip. The exhibit shows output from the FortiGate CLI session where the administrator enabled TPM.

Following these actions, the administrator immediately notices that both FortiGate high availability (HA) status and FortiManager status for the FortiGate are negatively impacted.

What are the two reasons for this behavior? (Choose two.)

- A. Configuration for TPM is not synchronized between FortiGate HA cluster members.
- B. The FortiGate has not finished the auto-update process to synchronize the new configuration to FortiManager yet.
- C. The private-data-encryption key entered on the primary did not match the value that the TPM expected.
- D. TPM functionality is not yet compatible with FortiGate HA.
- E. The administrator needs to manually enter the hex private data encryption key in FortiManager.

Answer: A,E

Explanation:

<https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortimanager/7.4.2/administration-guide/30332/verifying-devices-with-private-data-encryption-enabled>

NEW QUESTION # 107

What is the benefit of using FortiGate NAC LAN Segments?

- A. It allows for assignment of dynamic address objects matching NAC policy.
- B. It provides support for multiple DHCP servers within the same VLAN.
- C. It provides physical isolation without changing the IP address of hosts.
- D. It provides support for IGMP snooping between hosts within the same VLAN

Answer: C

Explanation:

FortiGate NAC LAN Segments are a feature that allows users to assign different VLANs to different LAN segments without changing the IP address of hosts or bouncing the switch port. This provides physical isolation while maintaining firewall sessions and avoiding DHCP issues. One benefit of using FortiGate NAC LAN Segments is that it allows for assignment of dynamic address objects matching NAC policy. This means that users can create firewall policies based on dynamic address objects that match the NAC policy criteria, such as device type, OS type, MAC address, etc. This simplifies firewall policy management and enhances security by applying different security profiles to different types of devices. References: <https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortigate/7.0.0/new-features/856212/nac-lan-segments-7-0-1>

<https://docs.fortinet.com/document/fortigate/7.0.0/new-features/856212/nac-lan-segments-7-0-1>

NEW QUESTION # 108

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