

# OGEA-103 Guide Torrent | 100% Free Authoritative Downloadable TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam PDF



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The Open Group OGEA-103 (TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2) Certification Exam is a comprehensive exam that tests the knowledge and skills of enterprise architects. TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam certification is highly regarded in the industry and is recognized globally as a standard for enterprise architecture. OGEA-103 exam covers both Part 1 and Part 2 of the TOGAF 9.2 standard, allowing candidates to demonstrate their understanding of the entire framework.

The OGEA-103 Exam covers a range of topics, including the TOGAF Architecture Development Method (ADM), architecture content framework, enterprise continuum, architecture capability framework, stakeholder management, and architecture governance. OGEA-103 exam requires a deep understanding of these topics and the ability to apply them in real-world scenarios.

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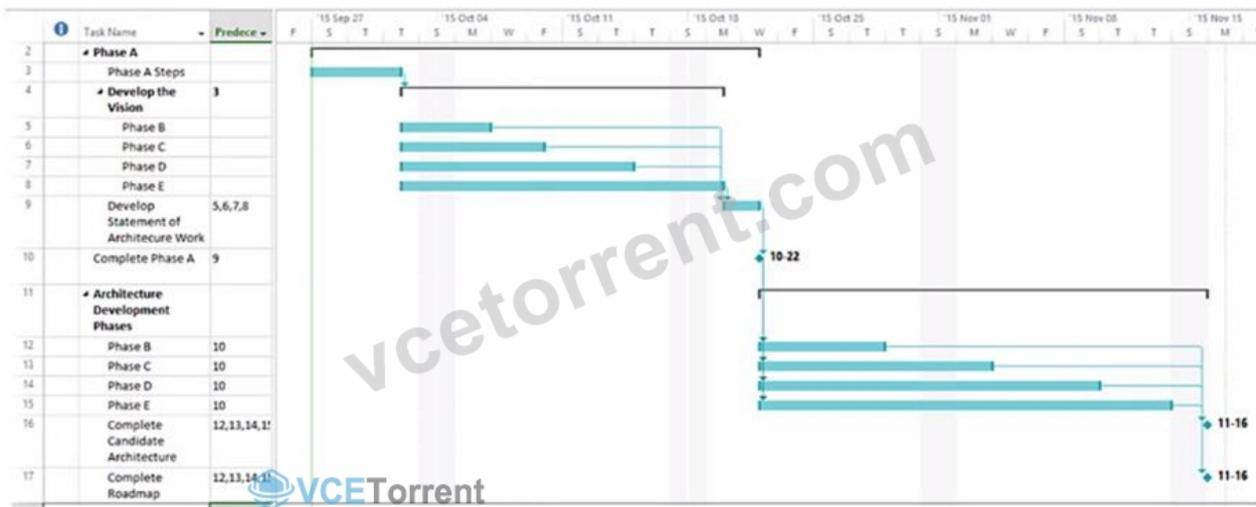
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## The Open Group TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Combined Part 1 and Part 2 Exam Sample Questions (Q31-Q36):

### NEW QUESTION # 31

Consider the following chart:



Which important concept for Enterprise Architecture Practitioners does it illustrate?

- A. Enterprise Architects must use Gantt charts to communicate with Stakeholders.
- B. ADM phases must be run simultaneously until the relevant information has been produced.
- C. ADM phases must be run in a sequenced approach to produce the Architecture.
- D. An Enterprise Architecture must be developed in phases with a limited fixed duration.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The chart shown is a Gantt chart, which is commonly used for project management to illustrate a project schedule. In the context of TOGAF (The Open Group Architecture Framework), which is a framework for enterprise architecture, this Gantt chart is demonstrating the sequenced approach to the Architecture Development Method (ADM). The ADM is the core process of TOGAF which provides a tested and repeatable process for developing architectures. The ADM is described as being iterative, over the whole process, between phases, and within phases. For each iteration of the ADM, a fresh decision must be taken about each of the parameters (scope, granularity, time period, and architecture assets).

The ADM consists of a number of phases that have to be followed in sequence:

Preliminary Phase: Framework and principles

Phase A: Architecture Vision

Phase B: Business Architecture

Phase C: Information Systems Architectures, including Data and Application Architectures

Phase D: Technology Architecture

Phase E: Opportunities and Solutions

Phase F: Migration Planning

Phase G: Implementation Governance

Phase H: Architecture Change Management

Requirements Management

Each phase is dependent on the outputs of the previous phase and the Requirements Management phase runs throughout. The Gantt chart clearly shows the dependency and sequence in which these phases occur, implying that a structured approach is followed to produce the enterprise architecture.

Reference:

The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, a standard of The Open Group

The TOGAF documentation available at <https://publications.opengroup.org/standards/architecture> and

<https://publications.opengroup.org/guides/architecture>

### NEW QUESTION # 32

Consider the following statement.

According to the TOGAF standard, a governed approach of a particular deliverable will ensure adherence to the principles, standards, and requirements of the existing or developing architectures.

Which deliverable does this refer to?

- A. The Architecture Definition Document
- B. An Architecture Contract
- C. The Architecture Vision
- D. The Statement of Architecture Work

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

According to the TOGAF Standard, 10th Edition, an architecture contract is "a formal agreement between a service provider and a service consumer that defines the mutual commitments and expectations for the delivery of an architecture" 1. An architecture contract is a governed approach of a particular deliverable that will ensure adherence to the principles, standards, and requirements of the existing or developing architectures, as it specifies the roles, responsibilities, deliverables, quality criteria, and acceptance criteria for the architecture work 1. The other options are not correct, as they are not governed approaches of a particular deliverable, but rather different types of deliverables within the architecture development process. An architecture vision is "a high-level, aspirational view of the target architecture" 1. A statement of architecture work is "a document that defines the scope and approach that will be used to complete an architecture project" 1. An architecture definition document is "a document that describes the baseline and target architectures for one or more domains" 1.

### NEW QUESTION # 33

Complete the sentence. The key purpose of Gap Analysis is to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. validate nonfunctional requirements
- B. identify commercial building blocks to be purchased
- C. establish quality parameters for the architecture
- **D. identify potential missing or overlapping functions**
- E. determine the required service levels for the architecture

**Answer: D**

### NEW QUESTION # 34

Which of the following are interests important to the stakeholders in a system?

- A. Architecture views
- B. Principles
- **C. Concerns**
- D. Requirements

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Concerns are interests important to the stakeholders in a system. They are used to identify and classify the system's stakeholders and to guide the selection of viewpoints for the architecture description. Reference: The TOGAF® Standard | The Open Group Website, Section 3.2.1 Architecture Viewpoints

### NEW QUESTION # 35

Complete the sentence. The key purpose of Gap Analysis is to \_\_\_\_\_

- A. validate nonfunctional requirements
- B. identify commercial building blocks to be purchased
- C. establish quality parameters for the architecture
- **D. identify potential missing or overlapping functions**
- E. determine the required service levels for the architecture

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Gap Analysis is a technique that compares the Baseline Architecture and the Target Architecture to identify the differences and gaps between them. The purpose of this technique is to determine the changes and additions that are required to achieve the desired future state of the architecture. One of the main aspects of Gap Analysis is to identify the functions that are missing or overlapping in the current and future architectures, and to plan how to address them. This helps to ensure that the architecture is complete, consistent, and aligned with the business objectives and requirements<sup>3</sup>

### NEW QUESTION # 36

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