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**Exam : CWSP-208**

**Title : Certified Wireless Security Professional (CWSP)**

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## **CWNP CWSP-208 Exam Syllabus Topics:**

Topic	Details

Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Vulnerabilities, Threats, and Attacks: This section of the exam evaluates a Network Infrastructure Engineer in identifying and mitigating vulnerabilities and threats within WLAN systems. Candidates are expected to use reliable information sources like CVE databases to assess risks, apply remediations, and implement quarantine protocols. The domain also focuses on detecting and responding to attacks such as eavesdropping and phishing. It includes penetration testing, log analysis, and using monitoring tools like SIEM systems or WIPS</li> <li>WIDS. Additionally, it covers risk analysis procedures, including asset management, risk ratings, and loss calculations to support the development of informed risk management plans.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Security Lifecycle Management: This section of the exam assesses the performance of a Network Infrastructure Engineer in overseeing the full security lifecycle—from identifying new technologies to ongoing monitoring and auditing. It examines the ability to assess risks associated with new WLAN implementations, apply suitable protections, and perform compliance checks using tools like SIEM. Candidates must also demonstrate effective change management, maintenance strategies, and the use of audit tools to detect vulnerabilities and generate insightful security reports. The evaluation includes tasks such as conducting user interviews, reviewing access controls, performing scans, and reporting findings in alignment with organizational objectives.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>WLAN Security Design and Architecture: This part of the exam focuses on the abilities of a Wireless Security Analyst in selecting and deploying appropriate WLAN security solutions in line with established policies. It includes implementing authentication mechanisms like WPA2, WPA3, 802.1X</li> <li>EAP, and guest access strategies, as well as choosing the right encryption methods, such as AES or VPNs. The section further assesses knowledge of wireless monitoring systems, understanding of AKM processes, and the ability to set up wired security systems like VLANs, firewalls, and ACLs to support wireless infrastructures. Candidates are also tested on their ability to manage secure client onboarding, configure NAC, and implement roaming technologies such as 802.11r. The domain finishes by evaluating practices for protecting public networks, avoiding common configuration errors, and mitigating risks tied to weak security protocols.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Security Policy: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Wireless Security Analyst and covers how WLAN security requirements are defined and aligned with organizational needs. It emphasizes evaluating regulatory and technical policies, involving stakeholders, and reviewing infrastructure and client devices. It also assesses how well high-level security policies are written, approved, and maintained throughout their lifecycle, including training initiatives to ensure ongoing stakeholder awareness and compliance.</li> </ul>

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## CWNP Certified Wireless Security Professional (CWSP) Sample Questions (Q65-Q70):

### NEW QUESTION # 65

You must support a TSN as you have older wireless equipment that will not support the required processing of AES encryption. Which one of the following technologies will you use on the network so that a TSN can be implemented that would not be required in a network compliant with 802.11-2012 non-deprecated technologies?

- A. RC4
- B. WPA2
- C. WEP
- D. CCMP

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

A Transitional Security Network (TSN) allows legacy stations to interoperate by using older encryption methods. If AES (CCMP) is unsupported by older equipment, the network can fall back to TKIP, which uses RC4 as its encryption algorithm. TKIP enables AES encryption on newer devices while accommodating legacy clients.

Options A, C, D are current or deprecated standards with AES; only RC4 matches the transitional need.

References:

CWSP#207 Study Guide, Chapter 3 (TSN, TKIP, AES-CCMP)

**NEW QUESTION # 66**

What 802.11 WLAN security problem is directly addressed by mutual authentication?

- A. Weak Initialization Vectors
- B. **Wireless hijacking attacks**
- C. Offline dictionary attacks
- D. Disassociation attacks
- E. Weak password policies
- F. MAC spoofing

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Mutual authentication involves both the client and the authentication server verifying each other's identity before network access is granted. This prevents attackers from spoofing an access point (AP) and luring clients to connect to rogue APs (often used in wireless hijacking or evil twin attacks). When mutual authentication (typically via 802.1X with EAP-TLS) is used, clients will not connect unless they can verify the server certificate, which thwarts hijacking attempts.

References:

CWSP-208 Study Guide, Chapter 4 (Authentication and Access Control)

CWNP E-Learning: 802.1X and EAP Authentication Framework

IEEE 802.1X and WPA2-Enterprise concepts

**NEW QUESTION # 67**

You are implementing a wireless LAN that will be used by point-of-sale (PoS) systems in a retail environment. Thirteen PoS computers will be installed. To what industry requirement should you ensure you adhere?

- A. Directive 8500.01
- B. **PCI-DSS**
- C. HIPAA
- D. ISA99

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

PCI-DSS (Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard) applies to all entities that process, store, or transmit credit card data. Since Point-of-Sale (PoS) systems handle such transactions in retail environments, the wireless network supporting them must comply with PCI-DSS. This includes encrypting wireless transmissions, segmenting network traffic, and implementing WIPS for rogue detection and logging.

References:

CWSP-208 Study Guide, Chapter 3 - WLAN Policy & Regulatory Compliance

CWNP CWSP-208 Objectives: "Industry Standards & Compliance (e.g., PCI-DSS, HIPAA)"

**NEW QUESTION # 68**

When using a tunneled EAP type, such as PEAP, what component is protected inside the TLS tunnel so that it is not sent in clear text across the wireless medium?

- A. Server credentials
- B. X.509 certificates

- C. RADIUS shared secret
- D. User credentials

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

In tunneled EAP types (e.g., PEAP, EAP-TTLS):

A secure TLS tunnel is first established using the server's certificate.

Then, user credentials (e.g., username/password) are sent through the encrypted tunnel to ensure confidentiality.

Incorrect:

- A). Certificates are exchanged during tunnel establishment, not protected within it.
- C). Server credentials are used to establish the tunnel, not protected inside it.
- D). The RADIUS shared secret secures communication between AP/controller and RADIUS server-not sent via the tunnel.

References:

CWSP-208 Study Guide, Chapter 4 (Tunneled EAP Methods)

IEEE 802.1X and EAP Specifications

**NEW QUESTION # 69**

In the IEEE 802.11-2012 standard, what is the purpose of the 802.1X Uncontrolled Port?

- A. To allow only authentication frames to flow between the Supplicant and Authentication Server
- B. To block unencrypted user traffic after a 4-Way Handshake completes
- C. To pass general data traffic after the completion of 802.11 authentication and key management
- D. To block authentication traffic until the 4-Way Handshake completes

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The 802.1X Uncontrolled Port exists before a client is fully authenticated. It:

Permits only EAP/EAPoL frames to pass between the Supplicant and the Authenticator (AP or switch).

Blocks general data traffic until authentication completes.

After authentication, the Controlled Port is opened, allowing normal data flow.

Incorrect:

- B). Authentication must complete before the 4-Way Handshake, not the other way around.
- C). General data traffic uses the Controlled Port, not the Uncontrolled Port.
- D). The Uncontrolled Port doesn't specifically deal with encrypted or decrypted user traffic.

References:

CWSP-208 Study Guide, Chapter 4 (802.1X Port Behavior)

IEEE 802.1X Overview

**NEW QUESTION # 70**

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