

H12-725_V4.0최신시험예상문제모음, H12-725_V4.0자격증참고서

Pass Huawei H12-725_V4.0 Exam with Real Questions

Huawei H12-725_V4.0 Exam

HCIP-Security V4.0

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Pass4Test H12-725_V4.0 최신 PDF 버전 시험 문제집을 무료로 Google Drive에서 다운로드하세요:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1tarXH27cu61wCNzIoamoV6MCbgeLFnPt>

Pass4Test에서 출시한 Huawei 인증 H12-725_V4.0시험덤프는Pass4Test의 엘리트한 IT전문가들이 IT인증실제시험문제를 연구하여 제작한 최신버전 덤프입니다. 덤프는 실제시험의 모든 범위를 커버하고 있어 시험통과율이 거의 100%에 달합니다. 제일 빠른 시간내에 덤프에 있는 문제만 잘 이해하고 기억하신다면 시험패스는 문제없습니다.

Pass4Test의 Huawei H12-725_V4.0 덤프로 시험을 준비하면Huawei H12-725_V4.0시험패스를 예약한것과 같습니다. 가장 최근 출제된Huawei H12-725_V4.0시험문제를 바탕으로 만들어진 적응을 최고인 덤프로서 간단한 시험패스는 더는 꿈이 아닙니다. 덤프는 pdf파일과 온라인서비스로 되어있는데 pdf버전은 출력가능하고 온라인버전은 휴대폰에서도 작동가능합니다.

>> H12-725_V4.0최신 시험 예상문제모음 <<

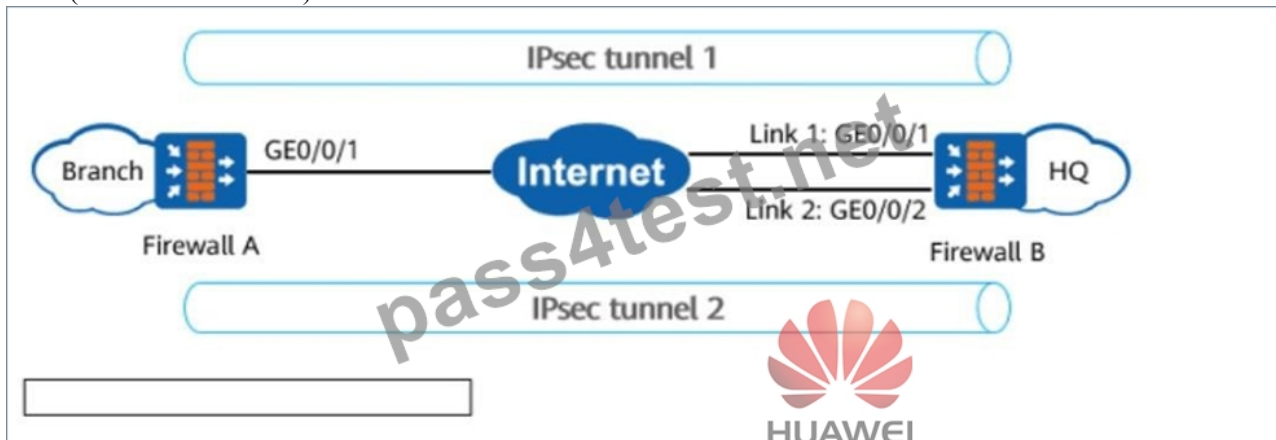
H12-725_V4.0최신 시험 예상문제모음 시험 예상문제모음

퍼펙트한Huawei H12-725_V4.0시험대비덤프자료는 Pass4Test가 전문입니다. Huawei H12-725_V4.0덤프를 다운받아 가장 쉬운 시험준비를 하여 한방에 패스가 되는것입니다. 다같이 Huawei H12-725_V4.0덤프로 시험패스에 주문걸어 보아요. 마술처럼Huawei H12-725_V4.0시험합격이 실현될것입니다.

최신 HCIP-Security H12-725_V4.0 무료샘플문제 (Q11-Q16):

질문 # 11

In the figure, FW_A connects to FW_B through two links working in active/standby mode. When the active link of FW_A is faulty, the old IPsec tunnel 1 needs to be torn down, and IPsec tunnel 2 needs to be established with FW_B through the standby link to route traffic. In this case, configuring the IKE _____ detection mechanism on FW_A helps detect link faults and tear down the IPsec tunnel.(Enter lowercase letters.)



정답:

설명:

dpd

Explanation:

- * What is IKE DPD (Dead Peer Detection)?
- * IKE DPD (Dead Peer Detection) is a mechanism used in IPsec VPNs to check if a remote VPN peer is still reachable.
- * It allows the firewall to detect link failures and automatically tear down and re-establish IPsec tunnels when necessary.
- * Why is DPD required in this scenario?
- * The network uses an active/standby link setup:
- * IPsec Tunnel 1 (Active) # Uses Link 1 (GE0/0/1).
- * IPsec Tunnel 2 (Standby) # Uses Link 2 (GE0/0/2).
- * If Link 1 fails, the firewall must detect the failure and tear down IPsec Tunnel 1 before establishing IPsec Tunnel 2 over Link 2.
- * DPD detects unreachable peers and triggers a failover.
- * How does IKE DPD work?
- * DPD periodically sends probes (HELLO messages) to the remote VPN peer.
- * If no response is received within a timeout period, the firewall assumes the peer is down.
- * The firewall deletes the IPsec tunnel and switches to the backup link.
- * Why is the answer "dpd" (lowercase)?
- * The question explicitly asks for lowercase letters.
- * "dpd" (Dead Peer Detection) is the correct technical term in Huawei firewalls and networking standards.

HCIP-Security References:

- * Huawei HCIP-Security Guide# IPsec VPN High Availability & DPD
- * Huawei USG Series Firewall Configuration Guide# IKE Dead Peer Detection (DPD)

질문 # 12

Multiple links can be deployed at the egress of an enterprise network to improve network reliability.

- A. FALSE
- B. TRUE

정답: B

설명:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

- * Deploying multiple egress links ensures:
- * Redundancy# If one link fails, another remains active.
- * Load balancing# Traffic can be distributed across multiple links.

- * High availability# Reduces downtime.
 - * Why is this statement true?
 - * Enterprise networksbenefit from multiple egress links.
- HCIP-Security References:
- * Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # Network Redundancy and High Availability

질문 # 13

Match the description about virtual systems and VPN instances.

Virtual system		Services and routes can be isolated.
VPN instance		Only route isolation can be implemented.
		VPN instances are automatically generated.
		An instance needs to be manually created.


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정답:

설명:

Virtual system	Virtual system	Services and routes can be isolated.
VPN instance	VPN instance	Only route isolation can be implemented.
	VPN instance	VPN instances are automatically generated.
	Virtual system	An instance needs to be manually created.


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Explanation:

1. Virtual System # Services and routes can be isolated.
 - * A virtual system (VS) in Huawei firewalls is a fully isolated security instance within a single physical firewall.
 - * Each virtual system has separate services, routing tables, policies, and security rules, ensuring full isolation between different users or tenants.
2. VPN Instance # Only route isolation can be implemented.
 - * A VPN instance (VRF - Virtual Routing and Forwarding) provides route isolation for different customer networks but does not isolate services or security policies.
 - * This is typically used in MPLS VPN deployments where different customers share the same physical device but need isolated routing tables.
3. VPN Instance # VPN instances are automatically generated.
 - * In some MPLS VPN or SDN-managed networks, VPN instances can be automatically created when customer configurations are pushed via controllers.
 - * Dynamic routing protocols (e.g., BGP/MPLS VPN) can automatically generate VRF instances based on network policies.
4. Virtual System # An instance needs to be manually created.
 - * Unlike VPN instances, virtual systems must be manually created by an administrator on the firewall.
 - * Each virtual system functions as a completely independent firewall, requiring manual configuration of interfaces, policies, and routing settings.

질문 # 14

Predefined URL categories on Huawei firewalls reside in the URL category database delivered with the device and do not need to be manually loaded.

- A. FALSE
- B. TRUE

정답: B

설명:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation:

* Huawei firewalls come with a built-in URL filtering database, which includes predefined categories such as:

* Malicious websites

* Phishing sites

* Social media

* Business services

* The URL category database is periodically updated by Huawei, ensuring that new threats are detected automatically.

* Why is this statement true?

* Administrators do not need to manually load URL categories; they are delivered with the firewall and updated regularly.

HCIP-Security References:

* Huawei HCIP-Security Guide # URL Filtering & Web Security

질문 # 15

Arrange the steps of the bandwidth management process on firewalls in the correct sequence.

Limited by the ingress and egress bandwidths, if the traffic exceeds the interface bandwidth, queue scheduling is performed on the traffic according to the preset forwarding priority to ensure that high-priority packets are sent first.		1
The firewall performs operations on traffic based on the actions set for traffic in the channel, including discarding traffic that exceeds the predefined maximum bandwidth and limiting the number of service connections.		2
The firewall implements bandwidth policies to match and classify traffic for multiple bandwidth profiles.		3

정답:

설명:

Limited by the ingress and egress bandwidths, if the traffic exceeds the interface bandwidth, queue scheduling is performed on the traffic according to the preset forwarding priority to ensure that high-priority packets are sent first.	The firewall implements bandwidth policies to match and classify traffic for multiple bandwidth profiles.	1
The firewall performs operations on traffic based on the actions set for traffic in the channel, including discarding traffic that exceeds the predefined maximum bandwidth and limiting the number of service connections.	The firewall performs operations on traffic based on the actions set for traffic in the channel, including discarding traffic that exceeds the predefined maximum bandwidth and limiting the number of service connections.	2
The firewall implements bandwidth policies to match and classify traffic for multiple bandwidth profiles.	Limited by the ingress and egress bandwidths, if the traffic exceeds the interface bandwidth, queue scheduling is performed on the traffic according to the preset forwarding priority to ensure that high-priority packets are sent first.	3

Explanation:

A screenshot of a computer screen AI-generated content may be incorrect.

Correct Order	Bandwidth Management Step
1st Step	The firewall implements bandwidth policies to match and classify traffic for multiple bandwidth profiles.
2nd Step	The firewall performs operations on traffic based on the actions set for traffic in the channel, including discarding traffic that exceeds the predefined maximum bandwidth and limiting the number of service connections.
3rd Step	Limited by the ingress and egress bandwidths, if the traffic exceeds the interface bandwidth, queue scheduling is performed on the traffic according to the preset forwarding priority to ensure that high-priority packets are sent first.

HCIP-Security References:

- * Huawei HCIP-Security Guide# Bandwidth Management & Traffic Control Policies
- * Huawei QoS Configuration Guide# Traffic Classification, Policing, and Queue Scheduling
- 1##Step 1: Traffic Classification and Bandwidth Policy Matching
 - * The firewall first classifies traffic using predefined bandwidth policies.
 - * These policies match traffic based on criteria such as source/destination IP, application type, and protocol.
 - * This step ensures that each type of traffic is categorized correctly before applying bandwidth restrictions.
- 2##Step 2: Traffic Processing Based on Bandwidth Policies
 - * Once traffic is classified, the firewall enforces bandwidth limits and security actions:
 - * Traffic exceeding the assigned bandwidth is discarded or throttled.
 - * Service connection limits are enforced to prevent excessive connections per user or application.
- 3##Step 3: Queue Scheduling and Priority Handling
 - * If traffic exceeds the available bandwidth, the firewall prioritizes high-priority traffic using queue scheduling mechanisms.
 - * Techniques like Weighted Fair Queuing (WFQ) and Priority Queuing (PQ) ensure that critical traffic (e.g., VoIP, business applications) is prioritized over less important traffic (e.g., downloads, streaming).

질문 # 16

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Pass4Test의 Huawei H12-725_V4.0덤프는 IT업계에 오랜 시간동안 종사한 전문가들의 끊임없는 노력과 지금까지의 노하우로 만들어낸 Huawei H12-725_V4.0시험대비 알맞춤 자료입니다. Pass4Test의 Huawei H12-725_V4.0덤프만 공부하시면 여러분은 충분히 안전하게 Huawei H12-725_V4.0시험을 패스하실 수 있습니다. Pass4Test Huawei H12-725_V4.0덤프의 도움으로 여러분은 IT업계에서 또 한층 업그레이드 될것입니다

H12-725_V4.0자격증참고서: https://www.pass4test.net/H12-725_V4.0.html

Pass4Test Huawei H12-725_V4.0덤프를 결제하면 바로 사이트에서 Huawei H12-725_V4.0덤프를 다운받을 수 있고 구매한 Huawei H12-725_V4.0시험이 종료되고 다른 코드로 변경되면 변경된 코드로 된 덤프가 출시되면 비용추가없이 새로운 덤프를 제공해드립니다, Pass4Test에서는 H12-725_V4.0관련 자료도 제공함으로 여러분처럼 IT 인증 시험에

그리고 Pass4Test H12-725_V4.0 시험 문제집의 전체 버전을 클라우드 저장소에서 다운로드할 수 있습니다:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1tarXH27cu61wCNzIoamoV6MCbgcLFnPt>