

CIPP-E Certification Materials - CIPP-E Associate Level Exam

CIPP/E Certification from IAPP Questions and Answers 100% Correct

Adoption year of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights - ANSWER-1948

Who ratified the Universal Declaration of Human Rights - ANSWER-General Assembly of United Nations

What is Art. 12 of Universal Declaration of Human Rights about - ANSWER-Privacy of family, home & correspondence
Protection of law against inferences to privacy

What is Art. 19 of Universal Declaration of Human Rights about - ANSWER-Freedom of opinion & expression
Any media, regardless of frontiers

Which Art. of Universal Declaration of Human Rights solves conflicts between Art. 12 & Art. 19 - And how. - ANSWER-Art. 29(2) - Individual rights are NOT absolute, such as to protect freedom of others, morality, public order, etc.

Adoption year of the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) - ANSWER-Signed in Rome in 1950, in force in 1953

Who ratified the European Convention on Human Rights - ANSWER-Council of Europe (CoE)

How many member states in the Council of Europe - ANSWER-47 member states, mostly in Europe, open to non European states

Why is the European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) such a powerful instrument - ANSWER-Because of the large scope of fundamental rights and freedom it protects

What is Art. 8 of European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) about - ANSWER-Right to respect private and family life and correspondence

What is Art. 10 of European Convention on Human Rights (ECHR) about - ANSWER-Freedom of expression

What is the judicial body enforcing the European Convention on Human Rights - ANSWER-The European Court of Human Rights

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The CIPP-E certification program covers the EU's General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and other relevant privacy laws and regulations in the region. CIPP-E exam is designed for privacy professionals who work in both the public and private sectors, including legal, compliance, and information security professionals. Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) certification program is designed to help professionals gain a deeper understanding of the EU's privacy laws and regulations, including data protection principles, compliance requirements, and enforcement mechanisms. Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) certification program is an excellent opportunity for professionals to demonstrate their knowledge and expertise in the field of privacy and data protection in the EU.

The CIPP-E Certification is an excellent way for privacy professionals to advance their careers and increase their earning potential. In addition to the knowledge and skills gained from the certification, CIPP-E holders are also part of a global community of privacy professionals who have access to the latest industry developments, networking opportunities, and job openings. The CIPP-E certification is recognized by numerous organizations and regulatory bodies, including the European Data Protection Board (EDPB),

which further enhances its value and credibility.

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IAPP Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) Sample Questions (Q34-Q39):

NEW QUESTION # 34

To provide evidence of GDPR compliance, a company performs an internal audit. As a result, it finds a data base, password-protected, listing all the social network followers of the client.

Regarding the domain of the controller-processor relationships, how is this situation considered?

- A. Not applicable, because the data base is password protected, and therefore is not at risk of identifying any data subject.
- B. Compliant with the security principle, because the data base is password-protected.
- C. Compliant with the storage limitation principle, so long as the internal auditor permanently deletes the data base.
- **D. Non-compliant, because the storage of the data exceeds the tasks contractually authorized by the controller.**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 35

The European Parliament jointly exercises legislative and budgetary functions with which of the following?

- **A. The Council of the European Union.**
- B. The Article 29 Working Party.
- C. The European Data Protection Board.
- D. The European Commission.

Answer: A

Explanation:

According to the Treaty on European Union (TEU), the European Parliament shall, jointly with the Council, exercise legislative and budgetary functions. It shall also exercise functions of political control and consultation as laid down in the Treaties¹. The Council of the European Union, also known as the Council, is the institution that represents the governments of the Member States. Together with the European Parliament, it adopts European legislation and coordinates the policies of the Member States². The other options are not correct because: (A) The European Commission is the institution that proposes and implements EU policies, ensures the application of EU law, and represents the Union in international affairs³; (B) The Article 29 Working Party was an advisory body composed of representatives of the national data protection authorities, the European Data Protection Supervisor and the European Commission. It was replaced by the European Data Protection Board in 2018⁴; (D) The European Data Protection Board is an independent body that ensures the consistent application of the General Data Protection Regulation and promotes cooperation among the national data protection authorities⁵. Reference: 1: Article 14(1) of the TEU; 2: The Council of the European Union; 3: The European Commission; 4: Article 29 Working Party; 5: [European Data Protection Board].

NEW QUESTION # 36

An unforeseen power outage results in company Z's lack of access to customer data for six hours. According to article 32 of the GDPR, this is considered a breach. Based on the WP 29's February, 2018 guidance, company Z should do which of the following?

- A. Conduct a thorough audit of all security systems
- B. Notify the supervisory authority about the loss of availability
- **C. Document the loss of availability to demonstrate accountability**

- D. Notify affected individuals that their data was unavailable for a period of time.

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to Article 32 of the GDPR, the controller and the processor must implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risk of the processing, including the ability to restore the availability and access to personal data in a timely manner in the event of a physical or technical incident¹. A personal data breach is defined as a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed². Therefore, a power outage that results in the loss of availability of customer data for six hours is considered a personal data breach under the GDPR.

Based on the WP 29's February, 2018 guidance, which was endorsed by the European Data Protection Board, company Z should document the loss of availability to demonstrate accountability³. The guidance states that controllers must document any personal data breaches, comprising the facts relating to the personal data breach, its effects and the remedial action taken, regardless of whether the breach needs to be notified to the supervisory authority or the data subjects. This documentation must enable the supervisory authority to verify compliance with the GDPR and must be made available to the supervisory authority on request⁴. The other options (A, C, and D) are not required by the GDPR or the guidance, although they may be advisable or beneficial depending on the circumstances. Option A is not mandatory, as the GDPR only requires the controller to communicate the personal data breach to the data subject when the breach is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons⁵. A temporary loss of availability may not pose such a high risk, unless it affects the data subject's essential services or activities. Option C is also not obligatory, as the GDPR only requires the controller to notify the supervisory authority of the personal data breach within 72 hours unless the breach is unlikely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons⁶. A short-term loss of availability may not entail such a risk, unless it affects a large number of data subjects or sensitive data. Option D is not specified by the GDPR or the guidance, although it may be a good practice to conduct a thorough audit of all security systems after a personal data breach to identify and address any vulnerabilities or weaknesses that may have contributed to the incident or may lead to future incidents. References:

* 1: Article 32 of the GDPR

* 2: Article 4 (12) of the GDPR

* 3: Endorsed WP29 Guidelines

* 4: Article 33 (5) of the GDPR

* 5: Article 34 (1) of the GDPR

* 6: Article 33 (1) of the GDPR

* 7: Guidelines on Personal data breach notification under Regulation 2016/679, WP250 rev.01

* 8: Regulation (EU) 2016/679 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 27 April 2016 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data and on the free movement of such data, and repealing Directive 95/46/EC (General Data Protection Regulation)

* 9: <https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/EN/TXT/?uri=CELEX%3A32016R0679> Reference: https://www.google.com/url?sa=t&rc=j&q=&esrc=s&source=web&cd=&ved=2ahUKewihmsidxtTqAhXvQUEAHXRaAdYQFjABegQIARurl=https%3A%2F%2Fec.europa.eu%2Fnewsroom%2Farticle29%2Fdocument.cfinf%3Fdoc_id%3D49827&usq=AOvVaw2uhYsKyRzJ6lwhQyiMURJF (5)

NEW QUESTION # 37

Which of the following demonstrates compliance with the accountability principle found in Article 5, Section 2 of the GDPR?

- A. Anonymizing special categories of data.
- **B. Conducting regular audits of the data protection program.**
- C. Encrypting data in transit and at rest using strong encryption algorithms.
- D. Getting consent from the data subject for a cross border data transfer.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 38

SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next question:

Dynaroux Fashion ('Dynaroux') is a successful international online clothing retailer that employs approximately 650 people at its headquarters based in Dublin, Ireland. Ronan is their recently appointed data protection officer, who oversees the company's compliance with the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR) and other privacy legislation.

The company offers both male and female clothing lines across all age demographics, including children. In doing so, the company

processes large amounts of information about such customers, including preferences and sensitive financial information such as credit card and bank account numbers.

In an aggressive bid to build revenue growth, Jonas, the CEO, tells Ronan that the company is launching a new mobile app and loyalty scheme that puts significant emphasis on profiling the company's customers by analyzing their purchases. Ronan tells the CEO that: (a) the potential risks of such activities means that Dynaroux needs to carry out a data protection impact assessment to assess this new venture and its privacy implications; and (b) where the results of this assessment indicate a high risk in the absence of appropriate protection measures, Dynaroux may have to undertake a prior consultation with the Irish Data Protection Commissioner before implementing the app and loyalty scheme.

Jonas tells Ronan that he is not happy about the prospect of having to directly engage with a supervisory authority and having to disclose details of Dynaroux's business plan and associated processing activities.

Which of the following facts about Dynaroux would trigger a data protection impact assessment under the GDPR?

- A. The company will be undertaking processing activities involving sensitive data categories such as financial and children's data.
- B. The company employs approximately 650 people and will therefore be carrying out extensive processing activities.
- C. The company intends to shift their business model to rely more heavily on online shopping.
- **D. The company plans to undertake profiling of its customers through analysis of their purchasing patterns.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

According to the Free CIPP/E Study Guide, page 14, "the GDPR requires controllers to carry out a data protection impact assessment (DPIA) prior to processing where a type of processing, in particular using new technologies, and taking into account the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing, is likely to result in a high risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons." The GDPR also provides a list of examples of processing operations that require a DPIA, such as "a systematic and extensive evaluation of personal aspects relating to natural persons which is based on automated processing, including profiling, and on which decisions are based that produce legal effects concerning the natural person or similarly significantly affect the natural person" (Article 35(3)(a)). Therefore, the fact that Dynaroux plans to undertake profiling of its customers through analysis of their purchasing patterns would trigger a DPIA under the GDPR, as it involves a systematic and extensive evaluation of personal aspects based on automated processing that may significantly affect the customers. The other options are not necessarily cases where a DPIA is required, although they may involve other obligations under the GDPR, such as obtaining a valid legal basis, providing adequate safeguards, or informing the data subjects. References:

* Free CIPP/E Study Guide, page 14

* GDPR, Article 35

NEW QUESTION # 39

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