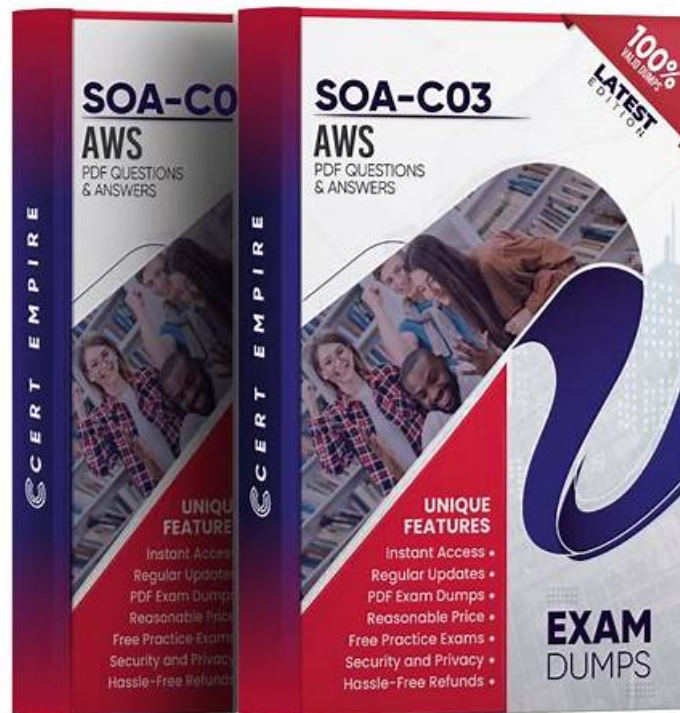# SOA-C03 Relevant Answers, Reliable SOA-C03 Dumps Free



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## Amazon SOA-C03 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
|---|---|
| Topic 1 | • Networking and Content Delivery: This section measures skills of Cloud Network Engineers and focuses on VPC configuration, subnets, routing, network ACLs, and gateways. It includes optimizing network cost and performance, configuring DNS with Route 53, using CloudFront and Global Accelerator for content delivery, and troubleshooting network and hybrid connectivity using logs and monitoring tools. |
| Topic 2 | • Monitoring, Logging, Analysis, Remediation, and Performance Optimization: This section of the exam measures skills of CloudOps Engineers and covers implementing AWS monitoring tools such as CloudWatch, CloudTrail, and Prometheus. It evaluates configuring alarms, dashboards, and notifications, analyzing performance metrics, troubleshooting issues using EventBridge and Systems Manager, and applying strategies to optimize compute, storage, and database performance. |
| Topic 3 | • Security and Compliance: This section measures skills of Security Engineers and includes implementing IAM policies, roles, MFA, and access controls. It focuses on troubleshooting access issues, enforcing compliance, securing data at rest and in transit using AWS KMS and ACM, protecting secrets, and applying findings from Security Hub, GuardDuty, and Inspector. |
|  |  |

| Topic 4 | • Deployment, Provisioning, and Automation: This section measures the skills of Cloud Engineers and covers provisioning and maintaining cloud resources using AWS CloudFormation, CDK, and third-party tools. It evaluates automation of deployments, remediation of resource issues, and managing infrastructure using Systems Manager and event-driven processes like Lambda or S3 notifications. |
|---------|---|
| Topic 5 | • Reliability and Business Continuity: This section measures the skills of System Administrators and focuses on maintaining scalability, elasticity, and fault tolerance. It includes configuring load balancing, auto scaling, Multi-AZ deployments, implementing backup and restore strategies with AWS Backup and versioning, and ensuring disaster recovery to meet RTO and RPO goals. |

>> SOA-C03 Relevant Answers <<

# New SOA-C03 Relevant Answers | Pass-Sure Reliable SOA-C03 Dumps Free: AWS Certified CloudOps Engineer - Associate

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## Amazon AWS Certified CloudOps Engineer - Associate Sample Questions (Q43-Q48):

**NEW QUESTION # 43**
A company is storing backups in an Amazon S3 bucket. These backups must not be deleted for at least 3 months after creation.
What should the CloudOps engineer do?

- A. Enable S3 Object Lock on a new S3 bucket in compliance mode. Place all backups in the new S3 bucket with a retention period of 3 months.
- B. Enable S3 Versioning on the existing S3 bucket. Configure S3 Lifecycle rules to protect the backups.
- C. Enable S3 Object Lock on a new S3 bucket in governance mode. Place all backups in the new S3 bucket with a retention period of 3 months.
- D. Configure an IAM policy that denies the s3:DeleteObject action for all users. Three months after an object is written, remove the policy.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:
Per the AWS Cloud Operations and Data Protection documentation, S3 Object Lock enforces write-once-read- many (WORM) protection on objects for a defined retention period.
There are two modes:
Compliance mode: Even the root user cannot delete or modify objects during the retention period.
Governance mode: Privileged users with special permissions can override lock settings.
For regulatory or audit requirements that prohibit deletion, Compliance mode is the correct choice. When configured with a 3-month retention period, all backup objects are protected from deletion until expiration, ensuring compliance with data retention mandates.
Versioning (Option C) alone does not prevent deletion. IAM-based restrictions (Option A) lack time-based enforcement and require manual intervention. Governance mode (Option D) is less strict and unsuitable for regulatory retention.
Thus, Option B is the correct CloudOps solution for immutable S3 backups.
Reference: AWS Cloud Operations & Storage Governance Guide - Implementing Retention with Amazon S3 Object Lock in Compliance Mode

**NEW QUESTION # 44**
A company is running an application on premises and wants to use AWS for data backup. All of the data must be available locally. The backup application can write only to block-based storage that is compatible with the Portable Operating System Interface

(POSIX).
Which backup solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Configure the backup software to use Amazon S3 Glacier Flexible Retrieval as the target for the data backups.
- B. Configure the backup software to use Amazon S3 as the target for the data backups.
- C. Use AWS Storage Gateway, and configure it to use gateway-stored volumes.
- D. Use AWS Storage Gateway, and configure it to use gateway-cached volumes.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:
The Storage Gateway service enables hybrid cloud backup by presenting local block storage that synchronizes with AWS cloud storage. For scenarios where all data must remain available locally while still backed up to AWS, the correct mode is gateway-stored volumes.
"Use stored volumes if you want to keep all your data locally while asynchronously backing up point-in-time snapshots to Amazon S3 for durable storage." These volumes expose an iSCSI interface compatible with POSIX file systems, allowing direct use by on-premises backup software.
Gateway-cached volumes (Option C) store primary data in AWS with limited local cache, violating the "all data must be available locally" requirement. Options A and B are object-based storage solutions, not compatible with POSIX or block-based backup applications.
Therefore, Option D fully satisfies CloudOps reliability and continuity best practices by ensuring local availability, cloud durability, and POSIX compatibility for backups.

**NEW QUESTION # 45**
A company has a VPC that contains a public subnet and a private subnet. The company deploys an Amazon EC2 instance that uses an Amazon Linux Amazon Machine Image (AMI) and has the AWS Systems Manager Agent (SSM Agent) installed in the private subnet. The EC2 instance is in a security group that allows only outbound traffic.
A CloudOps engineer needs to give a group of privileged administrators the ability to connect to the instance through SSH without exposing the instance to the internet.
Which solution will meet this requirement?

- A. Create an EC2 Instance Connect endpoint in the private subnet. Update the security group to allow inbound SSH traffic. Create an IAM group for privileged administrators. Assign the PowerUserAccess managed policy to the IAM group.
- B. Create a Systems Manager endpoint in the private subnet. Update the security group to allow SSH traffic from the private network where the Systems Manager endpoint is connected. Create an IAM group for privileged administrators. Assign the PowerUserAccess managed policy to the IAM group.
- C. Create an EC2 Instance Connect endpoint in the public subnet. Update the security group to allow SSH traffic from the private network. Create an IAM group for privileged administrators. Assign the PowerUserAccess managed policy to the IAM group.
- D. Create a Systems Manager endpoint in the public subnet. Create an IAM role that has the AmazonSSMManagedInstanceCore permission for the EC2 instance. Create an IAM group for privileged administrators. Assign the AmazonEC2ReadOnlyAccess IAM policy to the IAM group.

**Answer: A**

**NEW QUESTION # 46**
A company uses AWS Organizations to create and manage many AWS accounts. The company wants to deploy new IAM roles in each account.
Which action should the SysOps administrator take to deploy the new roles in each of the organization's accounts?

- A. Use AWS Config to create an organization rule to add the new IAM roles to each account.
- B. Use AWS CloudFormation StackSets to deploy a template to each account to create the new IAM roles.
- C. Create a service control policy (SCP) in the organization to add the new IAM roles to each account.
- D. Deploy an AWS CloudFormation change set to the organization with a template to create the new IAM roles.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:
StackSets enables you to create, update, or delete CloudFormation stacks across multiple AWS accounts and regions from a single

administrator account, which is ideal for applying identical IAM role configurations across all accounts in an organization. This approach minimizes manual effort, ensures consistency, and scales with the number of accounts. It is the recommended pattern for cross-account resource provisioning within AWS Organizations.

## NEW QUESTION # 47

A company is running an application on premises and wants to use AWS for data backup. All of the data must be available locally. The backup application can write only to block-based storage that is compatible with the Portable Operating System Interface (POSIX).

Which backup solution will meet these requirements?

- A. Configure the backup software to use Amazon S3 Glacier Flexible Retrieval as the target for the data backups.
- B. Configure the backup software to use Amazon S3 as the target for the data backups.
- C. Use AWS Storage Gateway, and configure it to use gateway-stored volumes.
- D. Use AWS Storage Gateway, and configure it to use gateway-cached volumes.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:
The Storage Gateway service enables hybrid cloud backup by presenting local block storage that synchronizes with AWS cloud storage. For scenarios where all data must remain available locally while still backed up to AWS, the correct mode is gateway-stored volumes.
AWS documentation defines:
"Use stored volumes if you want to keep all your data locally while asynchronously backing up point-in-time snapshots to Amazon S3 for durable storage." These volumes expose an iSCSI interface compatible with POSIX file systems, allowing direct use by on-premises backup software.
Gateway-cached volumes (Option C) store primary data in AWS with limited local cache, violating the "all data must be available locally" requirement. Options A and B are object-based storage solutions, not compatible with POSIX or block-based backup applications.
Therefore, Option D fully satisfies CloudOps reliability and continuity best practices by ensuring local availability, cloud durability, and POSIX compatibility for backups.
References:* AWS Certified CloudOps Engineer - Associate (SOA-C03) Exam Guide - Domain 2:
Reliability and Business Continuity* AWS Storage Gateway User Guide - Stored Volumes Overview* AWS Well-Architected Framework - Reliability Pillar* AWS Hybrid Cloud Storage Best Practices

## NEW QUESTION # 48

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