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Managing Cloud Security - C838 - Final Review Questions and Verified Answers

When is the MOST optimal time to determine if data is classified as secure?

The Creation phase is the most optimal time to classify data as secure. When data is created during the create phase, the sensitivity of the data is known.

Discretionary Access Control (DAC)

DAC is when the owner of the document is responsible for defining the limits on a per-document basis.

PII - Direct Identifiers & Indirect Identifiers

Indirect Identifiers - General information, requires more research to id person

Direct Identifiers - Specific. Directly id a person

Block Storage Characteristics

> Files are stored as sectors on a drive

> Format of virtual machine disks

> VMs and servers use this type of storage

> Database will store files on this type of storage

> Storage is in a hierarchical structure

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WGU Managing Cloud Security (JY02) Sample Questions (Q91-Q96):

NEW QUESTION # 91

Which countermeasure should be taken during the containment, eradication, and recovery phase of the incident response lifecycle?

- A. Build timeline of attack
- **B. Take systems offline**
- C. Identify training
- D. Validate alerts

Answer: B

Explanation:

During the containment, eradication, and recovery phase of the incident response lifecycle, immediate action is taken to limit damage, remove the threat, and restore normal operations. Managing Cloud guidance explains that isolating affected systems is a key containment activity.

Taking systems offline prevents attackers from continuing malicious activity, stops further data loss, and allows remediation to occur safely. Once contained, systems can be cleaned, patched, restored from backups, and securely returned to service.

Validating alerts occurs during detection and analysis, identifying training needs belongs to lessons learned, and building a timeline of attack supports forensic analysis. Therefore, taking systems offline is the correct countermeasure in this phase.

NEW QUESTION # 92

Which risk is assumed by an enterprise that chooses to use vendor-provided cloud resources?

- **A. Multitenant deployments**
- B. Lack of skilled technical personnel
- C. Incompatible infrastructure
- D. Loss of certification

Answer: A

Explanation:

By choosing vendor-provided cloud resources, an enterprise inherently assumes the risk associated with multitenant deployments. Managing Cloud principles explain that public and some community cloud environments are built on shared infrastructure where multiple customers' workloads coexist on the same physical hardware.

Although strong logical isolation mechanisms are implemented by cloud providers, multitenancy introduces risks such as data leakage, side-channel attacks, and resource contention. These risks do not exist to the same degree in dedicated on-premises environments. Enterprises must therefore rely on the provider's ability to enforce isolation, access control, and monitoring.

The other options are not intrinsic cloud risks. Incompatible infrastructure can be addressed through architecture design, lack of skilled personnel is an internal organizational issue, and loss of certification relates to compliance management. Therefore, multitenant deployments represent the risk assumed when using vendor-provided cloud resources.

NEW QUESTION # 93

Which cloud model allows an on-premises data center to use cloud bursting?

- A. Public
- B. Private
- C. Community
- **D. Hybrid**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The Hybrid cloud model allows an on-premises data center to use cloud bursting. Managing Cloud principles explain that cloud bursting enables organizations to handle spikes in workload demand by temporarily using public cloud resources while maintaining

normal operations on private, on-premises infrastructure.

In a hybrid model, private and public cloud environments are integrated, allowing workloads to move seamlessly between them.

When on-premises capacity is exceeded, additional processing power or storage is obtained from the public cloud and released once demand returns to normal. This approach provides flexibility, scalability, and cost efficiency without requiring permanent over-provisioning of on-premises resources.

Public, private, and community clouds do not independently support cloud bursting from on-premises environments without hybrid integration. Therefore, the hybrid cloud model is the correct answer.

NEW QUESTION # 94

An organization's security architects determined that all authentication and authorization requests need to be validated before any employee can access corporate resources. Because of this, the organization needs to implement a system that stores and manages the employees' credential information and then validates any requests sent. Which system would allow the organization to meet the architects' requirements?

- A. Hardware security module (HSM)
- B. Bastion host
- C. Zero trust
- D. Identity provider (IdP)

Answer: D

Explanation:

An Identity Provider (IdP) is a system that stores and manages identity information and validates authentication and authorization requests. IdPs are critical in cloud and hybrid environments, supporting protocols such as SAML, OAuth, and OpenID Connect for federated access.

An HSM manages encryption keys, not identities. Zero Trust is a security philosophy requiring continuous verification, but the system that enforces authentication is the IdP. A bastion host provides secure administrative access but does not manage identity. By using an IdP, organizations centralize credential management, enforce multifactor authentication, and integrate with Single Sign-On (SSO). This reduces password fatigue, increases security, and ensures consistent access control policies across applications and services.

NEW QUESTION # 95

What is the definition of transportable as it relates to cloud contract design requirements?

- A. Available to be accessed by mobile devices
- B. Able to be moved to another vendor
- C. Able to be archived quickly
- D. Available in a proprietary format

Answer: B

Explanation:

In cloud contract design, transportable means that data, applications, or services are able to be moved to another vendor. Managing Cloud principles explain that transportability supports exit strategies, reduces vendor lock-in risk, and enables business continuity.

Transportable solutions rely on standardized data formats, documented APIs, and interoperable architectures.

Contracts often include provisions ensuring customers can retrieve data in usable formats and migrate workloads if needed.

Access by mobile devices, proprietary formats, or rapid archiving do not address vendor independence.

Therefore, the correct definition of transportable is the ability to move to another vendor.

NEW QUESTION # 96

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