

完璧-便利なC_IBP_2502過去問無料試験-試験の準備方法C_IBP_2502資料勉強



P.S.JpshikenがGoogle Driveで共有している無料の2025 SAP C_IBP_2502ダンプ: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Go4pqlg6gd778Nadq2xRNqGYuFASaaqb>

IT技術人員にとって、両親にあなたの仕事などの問題を危ぶんでいきませんか？高い月給がある仕事に従事したいですか？美しい未来を有したいですか？だから、我々JpshikenのC_IBP_2502問題集をご覧になってください。ここでは、あなたは一番質の高い資料と行き届いたサービスを楽しんでいます。あなたはJpshikenのSAP C_IBP_2502問題集を手に入れる前に、問題集の試用版を無料で使用できます。

SAP C_IBP_2502 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">General Configuration of a Planning Area: This section is aimed at SAP solution consultants and covers the configuration of a planning area. It includes defining key planning parameters, setting up structures, and ensuring the system is configured to meet business needs. Candidates will be tested on their ability to customize planning areas for optimal performance.
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">User Interface: This section assesses the knowledge of business users in navigating and utilizing the SAP interface effectively. It covers how to interact with different features, customize views, and leverage UI functionalities for efficient planning and reporting. Candidates are expected to demonstrate proficiency in accessing and interpreting data within the system.
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Demand Planning: This section measures the skills of demand planners and focuses on the core concepts of demand planning. It includes understanding forecasting techniques, demand sensing, and demand propagation. Candidates are tested on their ability to manage demand signals and align planning with business objectives.
トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Model Sales & Operations Processes: This section targets operations managers and evaluates knowledge of sales and operations planning. It covers the alignment of supply and demand, scenario planning, and decision-making processes to optimize operational efficiency. Candidates will be assessed on their ability to configure models that support strategic business goals.
トピック 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Master Data: This section is relevant to master data specialists and focuses on managing essential data for planning activities. It includes an understanding of product, location, and resource master data within SAP. Candidates will be tested on how to maintain accurate and consistent data to support planning functions.
トピック 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Solution Architecture & Data Integration: This exam section is aimed at solution architects who work with SAP data integration. It covers the fundamental concepts of integrating external data sources with SAP, ensuring seamless data flow between systems. Candidates need to understand how to maintain system architecture for optimized performance and reliability.

トピック 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Model Supply Processes: This section assesses the expertise of supply chain planners in designing and managing supply processes. It includes setting up sourcing, inventory management, and supply constraints. Candidates will be evaluated on their ability to model supply networks and optimize resource allocation.
トピック 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Analytics and Reporting: This section evaluates the expertise of reporting specialists in generating and interpreting reports within SAP. It covers key analytical tools and reporting functions that provide insights into planning performance. Candidates will be assessed on their ability to extract, analyze, and present data effectively to support business decisions.

>> C_IBP_2502過去問無料 <<

信頼できるC_IBP_2502過去問無料 | 素晴らしい合格率のC_IBP_2502 Exam | 権威のある C_IBP_2502: SAP Certified Associate - SAP IBP for Supply Chain

SAPのC_IBP_2502証明書は優れていますが、毎年正常に取得できる人はまれであり、C_IBP_2502試験の難しさと学習のプレッシャーにより、生徒は落胆します。しかし、私たちJpshikenにとって、これらはもはや問題ではありません。過去数年間、私たちのチームは何百もの業界の専門家を招き、昼夜を問わず数々の課題を経験し、最終的に完全な学習製品を形成しました。C_IBP_2502試験トレントは、SAP Certified Associate - SAP IBP for Supply Chain証明書。

SAP Certified Associate - SAP IBP for Supply Chain 認定 C_IBP_2502 試験問題 (Q74-Q79):

質問 # 74

Model configuration allows the attributes of a master data type to be assigned as key figures. Which feature is relevant for this type of object?

- A. This type of key figure has better performance than a time-independent key figure
- B. This object usually provides a single value for a unique planning combination
- C. This object contains user-defined criteria that monitor the running of business plans
- D. This type of key figure is not usually stored and it cannot be editable

正解: B

解説:

In SAP IBP, the "Attribute as Key Figure" feature allows master data attributes (e.g., Product Category) to be used as key figures, configured in the Planning Areas app, per SAP IBP's documentation.

* Option A: This type of key figure is not usually stored and it cannot be editable This is incorrect.

Attribute key figures are stored (sourced from master data) and can be editable if configured as such, not inherently non-editable.

* Option B: This type of key figure has better performance than a time-independent key figure This is incorrect. Performance depends on usage, not a guaranteed advantage over other time-independent key figures.

* Option C: This object usually provides a single value for a unique planning combination This is correct. An attribute key figure (e.g., Product Price) provides one static value per planning combination (e.g., PERPROD), a defining feature, per SAP IBP's configuration guides.

* Option D: This object contains user-defined criteria that monitor the running of business plans This is incorrect. This describes alerts or KPIs, not attribute key figures.

Thus, C is the relevant feature, per SAP IBP's official definition.

質問 # 75

What are some of the actions configurators can do when working with versions? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Copy key figure data from any version to any version
- B. Delete key figure data for a date range for all versions at once
- C. Copy master data from base version to other version

- D. Run an application job to purge obsolete versions

正解: A、C

解説:

Versions in SAP IBP (e.g., baseline, scenario) allow what-if-planning, with configurators managing data across them, per SAP IBP's version management documentation.

* Option A: Delete key figure data for a date range for all versions at once This is incorrect. Purge jobs delete data per version, not across all versions simultaneously in one action.

* Option B: Copy key figure data from any version to any version This is correct. The Copy Operator can transfer key figure data between any versions (e.g., baseline to scenario), a standard feature, per SAP IBP's documentation.

* Option C: Copy master data from base version to other version This is correct. Master data can be copied from the base version to other versions via the Manage Versions app or data integration, per SAP IBP's version setup.

* Option D: Run an application job to purge obsolete versions This is incorrect. Versions are managed manually or via expiration, but there's no specific job to "purge obsolete versions"; data purging is separate.

Thus, B and C are valid actions, per SAP IBP's official version capabilities.

質問 # 76

You need to define a new logic for a key figure to drive values from the PERPRODCUSTREGION level to the PERPRODCUST level. Which of the following configuration options are possible for this process? Note:

There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Splitting the values from aggregated to detailed level, based on the time profile attribute
- B. Splitting the values from aggregated to detailed level, based on a stored split-factor key figure
- C. Splitting the values from aggregated to detailed level using multiplication by the proportions
- D. Splitting the values from detailed to aggregated level by using a copy operator

正解: B、C

解説:

In SAP IBP, key figure calculations often involve disaggregation or aggregation across planning levels. Here, the task is to distribute (disaggregate) values from a higher aggregation level (PERPRODCUSTREGION, i.e., Product-Customer-Region) to a more detailed level (PERPRODCUST, i.e., Product-Customer). This is a common requirement in supply chain planning to allocate regional data to individual customer levels.

* Option A: Splitting the values from detailed to aggregated level by using a copy operator This is incorrect because the question specifies moving from PERPRODCUSTREGION (aggregated) to PERPRODCUST (detailed), not the reverse. A copy operator typically copies values without transformation, and aggregation moves data upward, not downward.

* Option B: Splitting the values from aggregated to detailed level using multiplication by the proportions This is correct. In SAP IBP, disaggregation can use proportional factors to split aggregated data. For example, if PERPRODCUSTREGION has a total value (e.g., 100 units), it can be distributed to PERPRODCUST based on predefined proportions (e.g., Customer A gets 60%, Customer B gets

40%). This is configured in the key figure's disaggregation settings using a proportional calculation, a standard feature in SAP IBP's time-series planning.

* Option C: Splitting the values from aggregated to detailed level, based on the time profile attribute This is incorrect. Time profile attributes (e.g., week, month) govern temporal granularity, not the structural disaggregation between planning levels like PERPRODCUSTREGION and PERPRODCUST. Disaggregation in SAP IBP is driven by key figure settings, not time profile attributes directly.

* Option D: Splitting the values from aggregated to detailed level, based on a stored split-factor key figure This is correct. SAP IBP supports disaggregation using a stored key figure as a split factor. For instance, a key figure like "Customer Distribution Ratio" (stored at PERPRODCUST) can define how the aggregated value (e.g., 100 units at PERPRODCUSTREGION) is split (e.g., 70 units to Customer A, 30 units to Customer B). This method is widely used in SAP IBP for precise, data-driven disaggregation, as documented in SAP's configuration guides.

Thus, B and D align with SAP IBP's disaggregation capabilities, leveraging proportions or stored split factors to move data from an aggregated to a detailed level.

質問 # 77

You have set up a planning area, and data is now available. You adjust the necessary time profile settings and run a consistency check. Which settings can you change and still run a successful consistency check? Note:

There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Change the description of an attribute in the time profile
- B. Change the past and future horizon of the level in the time profile
- C. Add a new time profile level to the time profile
- D. Change the numbering hierarchy of the period IDs in the time profile

正解: A、B

解説:

The consistency check in SAP IBP ensures the planning area's configuration (e.g., time profile, key figures) is valid. Changes to the time profile must maintain structural integrity, as per SAP IBP's configuration rules.

* Option A: Add a new time profile level to the time profile This is incorrect. Adding a new level (e.g., quarter) requires updating key figure planning levels and data, potentially breaking consistency until fully aligned.

* Option B: Change the numbering hierarchy of the period IDs in the time profile This is incorrect.

Altering period ID numbering (e.g., PERIODID0 to PERIODID1) disrupts existing data mappings, causing consistency check failures.

* Option C: Change the past and future horizon of the level in the time profile This is correct.

Adjusting the horizon (e.g., extending from 12 to 24 months) affects data visibility but not structural consistency, allowing a successful check, per SAP IBP's time profile documentation.

* Option D: Change the description of an attribute in the time profile This is correct. The description (e.g., "Week" to "Weekly") is metadata and doesn't impact data integrity, ensuring a successful consistency check, per SAP IBP's configuration flexibility.

Thus, C and D are safe changes, per SAP IBP's official consistency check behavior.

質問 # 78

What is taken as an input for the demand sensing process? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Consensus Demand
- B. Open Sales Orders
- C. Forecast Accuracy measures
- D. Results of time series analysis

正解: A、B

解説:

Demand Sensing in SAP IBP refines short-term forecasts using real-time data, per SAP IBP's demand sensing documentation.

* Option A: Results of time series analysis This is incorrect. Time series analysis (statistical forecast) is an input to demand planning, not sensing, which adjusts based on current signals.

* Option B: Forecast Accuracy measures This is incorrect. Accuracy measures evaluate forecasts, not serve as direct inputs to sensing.

* Option C: Open Sales Orders This is correct. Open sales orders provide real-time demand signals, a key input to demand sensing, per SAP IBP's documentation.

* Option D: Consensus Demand This is correct. The Consensus Demand Plan (from S&OP) is a baseline input, adjusted by sensing with short-term data, per SAP IBP's process.

Thus, C and D are inputs, per SAP IBP's official demand sensing scope.

質問 # 79

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C_IBP_2502練習資料は、C_IBP_2502試験に簡単に合格するのに役立ちます。C_IBP_2502の学習資料に雇われたJpshiken業界の専門家は、理解しにくいすべての専門用語を例、図などで説明しています。C_IBP_2502の実際のテストで使用されるすべての言語は非常にシンプルで理解しやすいものでした。C_IBP_2502学習教材を使用すると、プロの本の内容を理解していないことを心配する必要はありません。また、家庭教師のクラスに行くために高価な授業料を費やす必要はありません。SAP Certified Associate - SAP IBP for Supply ChainのC_IBP_2502テストエンジンは、研究のすべての問題を解決するのに役立ちます。

C_IBP_2502資料勉強: https://www.jpshiken.com/C_IBP_2502_shiken.html

- 試験の準備方法-ハイパスレートのC_IBP_2502過去問無料試験-効果的なC_IBP_2502資料勉強 □ 《
www.passtest.jp》 サイトにて □ C_IBP_2502 □ 問題集を無料で使おう C_IBP_2502試験問題集

- BONUS!!! Jpshiken C_IBP_2502ダンプの一部を無料でダウンロード: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Go4pq1g6gd778Nadq2xRNqGYuFASaaqb>