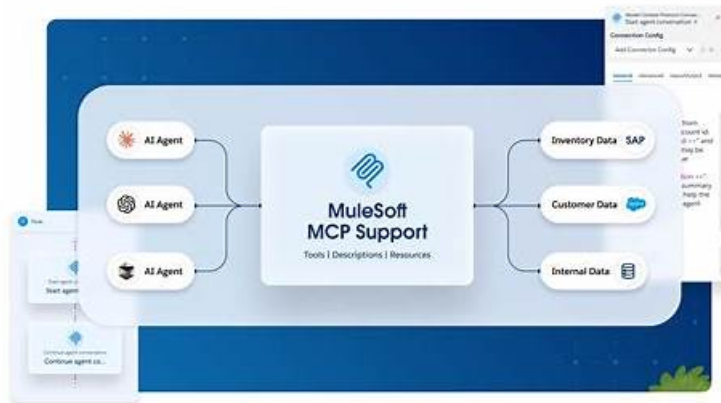


Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Reliable Study Plan - New APP Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Simulations



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There are other countless advantages of the Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer (Mule-Dev-201) Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I exam that you can avail of after passing the Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer (Mule-Dev-201) exam. But keep in mind to pass the Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer (Mule-Dev-201) Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I exam is a difficult job. You have to put in some extra effort, time, and investment then you will be confident to perform well in the final Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer (Mule-Dev-201) exam. In this journey, you can get help from Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer (Mule-Dev-201) Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Dumps that will assist you in Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer (Mule-Dev-201) exam preparation and prepare you to perform well in the final Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer (Mule-Dev-201) exam.

Salesforce Salesforce-MuleSoft-Developer-I Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Structuring Mule Applications: Structuring Mule applications covers parameterizing an application and defining and reusing global configurations. It includes breaking an application into multiple flows using private flows, subflows, and the Flow Reference component.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Using Connectors: It focuses on retrieving data from REST services using HTTP Request or REST Connector. Moreover, the topic covers using a Web Service Consumer connector for SOAP web services and the Transform Message component.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Transforming Data with DataWeave: It involves writing DataWeave scripts and using DataWeave functions. This topic also includes defining and using DataWeave variables, functions, and modules, and applying correct syntax.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Creating Application Networks: The topic of creating Application Networks encompasses understanding MuleSoft's proposal for closing the IT delivery gap and describing the role and characteristics of the modern API. It also includes the purpose and roles of a Center for Enablement (C4E), and the benefits of API-led.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Processing Records: Processing records includes methods for processing individual records in a collection and explaining how Mule events are processed by the For Each scope. It also involves using the Batch Job with Batch Steps and a Batch Aggregator.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Accessing and Modifying Mule Events: It describes the Mule event data structure. Moreover, the topic focuses on usage of transformers and enriching Mule events.

Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Building API Implementation Interfaces: This topic involves manually creating a RESTful interface for a Mule application and generating a REST Connector from a RAML specification. It also includes describing the features and benefits of APIkit.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Deploying and Managing APIs and Integrations: It includes packaging Mule applications for deployment and deploying them to CloudHub. This topic also involves using CloudHub properties, creating and deploying API proxies, connecting an API implementation to API Manager, and applying policies to secure an API.
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Designing APIs: Designing APIs involves describing the lifecycle of the modern API and using RAML to define various aspects of an API. It includes identifying when to use query parameters vs URI parameters, and defining API parameters.
Topic 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Debugging and Troubleshooting Mule Applications: Using breakpoints to inspect a Mule event during runtime, installing missing Maven dependencies, and reading and deciphering Mule log error messages are sub-topics of this topic.

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Salesforce Certified MuleSoft Developer (Mule-Dev-201) Sample Questions (Q110-Q115):

NEW QUESTION # 110

What is the output of Dataweave Mapoperator?

- A. Map
- B. String
- **C. Array**
- D. Object

Answer: C

Explanation:

Returns an array that is the result of applying a transformation function (lambda) to each of the elements.

MuleSoft Doc Ref : <https://docs.mulesoft.com/mule-runtime/4.3/dataweave-cookbook-map> Themap operator is a function in Dataweave which iterates over the items in an array and outputs them into a new array. It basically accepts input as a list of items in an array and manipulates the items in the array in order to form a new array as an output.

I have created below chart for your easier understanding:

Table Description automatically generated

NEW QUESTION # 111

What are the latest specification of RAML available?

- A. 0.8
- B. 1.2
- C. 0

- **D. 1**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The current version of the RAML specification is 1.0

You can check RAML version in RAML definition by referring to first comment. See highlighted part in below image.

Graphical user interface, text, application, email Description automatically generated

□

NEW QUESTION # 112

What is the difference between a subflow and a sync flow?

- **A. Subflow has no error handling of its own and sync flow does**
- B. Subflow is synchronous and sync flow is asynchronous
- C. No difference
- D. Sync flow has no error handling of its own and subflow does

Answer: A

Explanation:

Correct answer is Subflow has no error handling implementation where as sync flow has.

Subflow

A subflow processes messages synchronously (relative to the flow that triggered its execution) and always inherits both the processing strategy and exception strategy employed by the triggering flow. While a subflow is running, processing on the triggering flow pauses, then resumes only after the subflow completes its processing and hands the message back to the triggering flow.

Synchronous Flow

A synchronous flow, like a subflow, processes messages synchronously (relative to the flow that triggered its execution). While a synchronous flow is running, processing on the triggering flow pauses, then resumes only after the synchronous flow completes its processing and hands the message back to the triggering flow.

However, unlike a subflow, this type of flow does not inherit processing or exception strategies from the triggering flow.

This type of flow processes messages along a single thread, which is ideally suited to transactional processing

NEW QUESTION # 113

An app team is developing a mobile banking app. It took them two months to create their own APIs to access transaction information from a central database. The app team later found out that another team had already built an API that accesses the transaction information they need.

According to MuleSoft, what organization structure could have saved the app team two months of development time?

- A. MuleSoft Support Center
- B. Center of Excellence
- C. Central API Review Board
- **D. Center for Enablement**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Reference:

Center for Enablement is correct answer. It is a cross-functional team typically staffed with members from central IT, line-of-business departments, and digital innovation teams charged with productizing, publishing, and harvesting reusable assets and best practices. In this case, app team would have checked first with Center for Enablement before developing their own API's. Hence could have avoided re-work

NEW QUESTION # 114

Refer to the exhibits.

□

What payload and quantity are tagged at the end of the main flow?

- A. [order1order2order3order4, 14]

