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CompTIA XK0-005 (CompTIA Linux+ Certification) exam is designed to test the skills and knowledge of IT professionals who work with Linux operating systems. Linux has become an increasingly popular operating system for servers and other computing environments, and IT professionals who are proficient in Linux are in high demand. Earning the CompTIA Linux+ certification demonstrates that an IT professional has the necessary knowledge and skills to work with Linux and can add value to their organization.

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## CompTIA Linux+ Certification Exam Sample Questions (Q623-Q628):

### NEW QUESTION # 623

A systems administrator receives a report about performance issues in a Linux production system. Which of the following commands should the administrator use to help diagnose the performance issues?

- A. pkill
- B. top
- C. jobs
- D. renice

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

The top command provides a real-time, dynamic view of system performance, showing CPU, memory usage, and running processes - essential for identifying performance bottlenecks.

\* jobs shows background jobs in a shell session.

\* renice is used to change process priority but doesn't diagnose issues.

\* pkill terminates processes but doesn't monitor performance.

Reference: CompTIA Linux+ XK0-005 Study Guide, Domain 5.1 - Troubleshooting Tools  
"top is a critical tool for real-time system performance diagnostics and process monitoring."

### NEW QUESTION # 624

A Linux administrator has installed a web server, a database server, and a web application on a server. The web application should be active in order to render the web pages. After the administrator restarts the server, the website displays the following message in the browser: Error establishing a database connection. The Linux administrator reviews the following relevant output from the systemd init files:

The administrator needs to ensure that the database is available before the web application is started. Which of the following should the administrator add to the HTTP server .service file to accomplish this task?

- A. **REQUIRES=mariadb.service**
- B. **ONFAILURE=mariadb.service**
- C. **WANTEDBY=mariadb.service**
- D. **TRIGGERS=mariadb.service**

#### Answer: A

Explanation:

The administrator should add **REQUIRES=mariadb.service** to the HTTP server .service file to ensure that the database is available before the web application is started. This directive specifies that the HTTP server unit requires the MariaDB server unit to be started before it can run. If the MariaDB server unit fails to start or stops for any reason, the HTTP server unit will also fail or stop. This way, the dependency between the web application and the database is enforced by systemd.

The other options are not correct directives for accomplishing this task. **TRIGGERS=mariadb.service** is not a valid directive in systemd unit files. **ONFAILURE=mariadb.service** means that the HTTP server unit will start only if the MariaDB server unit fails, which is not what we want. **WANTEDBY=mariadb.service** means that the HTTP server unit will be started when the MariaDB server unit is enabled, but it does not imply a strong dependency or ordering relationship between them. Reference: CompTIA Linux+ (XK0-005) Certification Study Guide, Chapter 10: Managing Services with systemd; `systemd.unit(5)` - Linux manual page

### NEW QUESTION # 625

After installing some RPM packages, a systems administrator discovers the last package that was installed was not needed. Which of the following commands can be used to remove the package?

- A. **dnf remove packagename**
- B. **rpm -i packagename**
- C. **apt-get remove packagename**
- D. **apt remove packagename**

#### Answer: A

Explanation:

The command that can be used to remove an RPM package that was installed by mistake is **dnf remove packagename**. This command will use the DNF package manager to uninstall an RPM package and its dependencies from a Linux system that uses RPM-based distributions, such as Red Hat Enterprise Linux or CentOS. The DNF package manager handles dependency resolution and metadata searching for RPM packages.

The other options are not correct commands for removing an RPM package from a Linux system. The **apt-get remove packagename** and **apt remove packagename** commands are used to remove Debian packages from a Linux system that uses Debian-based distributions, such as Ubuntu or Debian. They are not compatible with RPM packages. The **rpm -i packagename** command is used to install an RPM package, not to remove it. Reference: CompTIA Linux+ (XK0-005) Certification Study Guide, Chapter 9: Managing Software Packages; How to install/remove/query/update RPM packages in Linux (Cheat Sheet ...)

### NEW QUESTION # 626

A Linux administrator needs to determine whether a hostname is in the DNS. Which of the following would supply the information that is needed?

- A. **host**
- B. **netstat**

- C. rsyn
- D. nslookup

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Explanation

The commands nslookup or host can be used to determine whether a hostname is in the DNS. The DNS is the domain name system, which is a service that translates domain names into IP addresses and vice versa.

The nslookup command is a tool for querying the DNS and obtaining information about a domain name or an IP address. The host command is a similar tool that performs DNS lookups. Both commands can be used to check if a hostname is in the DNS by providing the hostname as an argument and seeing if the command returns a valid IP address or an error message. For example, the command nslookup www.google.com or host www.google.com will return the IP address of the Google website, while the command nslookup www.nosuchdomain.com or host www.nosuchdomain.com will return an error message indicating that the hostname does not exist. These commands will supply the information that is needed to determine whether a hostname is in the DNS. These are the correct commands to use for this task. The other options are incorrect because they do not query the DNS or obtain information about a hostname (rsync or netstat). References: CompTIA Linux+ (XK0-005) Certification Study Guide, Chapter 12: Managing Network Connections, page 378.

**NEW QUESTION # 627**

A Linux administrator found many containers in an exited state. Which of the following commands will allow the administrator to clean up the containers in an exited state?

- A. docker rm \$(docker ps -aq)
- B. docker images prune \*
- C. docker rm --state exited
- D. docker rm --all

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

The command docker rm \$(docker ps -aq) will allow the administrator to clean up the containers in an exited state. The docker command is a tool for managing Docker containers on Linux systems. Docker containers are isolated and lightweight environments that can run applications and services without affecting the host system. Docker uses images to create containers, which are files that contain the code, libraries, dependencies, and configuration of the applications and services. The rm option removes one or more containers. The \$(docker ps -aq) is a command substitution that executes the command inside the parentheses and replaces it with the output.

The docker ps - aq command lists all the containers, including the ones in an exited state, and shows only their IDs. The docker rm \$(docker ps -aq) command will remove all the containers, including the ones in an exited state, by passing their IDs to the rm option. This will allow the administrator to clean up the containers in an exited state.

**NEW QUESTION # 628**

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