

# SOL-C01 クラムメディア、SOL-C01 復習資料



ちなみに、Xhs1991 SOL-C01の一部をクラウドストレージからダウンロードできます：  
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1K-neyxWMPio2-KSpXOGD2h7IE9kJPo0a>

あなたはSOL-C01試験資料をよく勉強する限り、きっと短い時間で有難いSOL-C01認定試験資格証明書を取得できます。その後、あなたの生活もきっと大きく変わります。そして、いい友達ができ、いい生活を送ります。躊躇しないで、未来は本当に美しいです！SOL-C01試験資料有効であるかどうか分からない場合、Snowflakeウェブサイトでは、SOL-C01試験資料のデモを無料でダウンロードしてください。

## Snowflake SOL-C01 認定試験の出題範囲：

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Identity and Data Access Management: This domain focuses on Role-Based Access Control (RBAC) including role hierarchies and privileges, along with basic database administration tasks like creating objects, transferring ownership, and executing fundamental SQL commands.</li></ul>
トピック 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Data Loading and Virtual Warehouses: This domain covers loading structured, semi-structured, and unstructured data using stages and various methods, virtual warehouse configurations and scaling strategies, and Snowflake Cortex LLM functions for AI-powered operations.</li></ul>
トピック 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Data Protection and Data Sharing: This domain addresses continuous data protection through Time Travel and cloning, plus data collaboration capabilities via Snowflake Marketplace and private Data Exchange sharing.</li></ul>
トピック 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Interacting with Snowflake and the Architecture: This domain covers Snowflake's elastic architecture, key user interfaces like Snowsight and Notebooks, and the object hierarchy including databases, schemas, tables, and views with practical navigation and code execution skills.</li></ul>

>> SOL-C01 クラムメディア <<

## SOL-C01 復習資料 & SOL-C01 テスト サンプル 問題

SOL-C01 テストガイドのサービスは非常に優れています。開発プロセスにおける顧客のニーズを常に考慮します。SOL-C01 学習質問には、PDF、PC、および APP の 3 つのバージョンがあります。必要に応じて選択できます。もちろん、事前に SOL-C01 試験トレーニングの試用版を使用できます。それを使用した後、あなたはより深い経験を持つことになります。あなたの気持ちに応じて、お気に入りの SOL-C01 学習教材バージョンを選択できます。SOL-C01 学習質問など、優れたサービス製品を選択する傾向があると思います。

## Snowflake Certified SnowPro Associate - Platform Certification 認定 SOL-

## C01 試験問題 (Q172-Q177):

### 質問 # 172

A junior data analyst accidentally deleted a critical table using Snowsight. After restoring the table from Time Travel, they want to prevent this from happening again. What is the MOST appropriate preventative measure they should take using Snowsight, considering they still need access to query other tables?

- A. Configure multi-factor authentication for the analyst's Snowflake account.
- **B. Revoke the DELETE privilege ONLY on the specific critical table.**
- C. Grant the analyst the MONITOR privilege on the database.
- D. Revoke the ACCOUNTADMIN role from the analyst.
- E. Revoke the DELETE privilege on all tables for the analyst.

正解: B

解説:

Revoking the DELETE privilege ONLY on the specific critical table prevents accidental deletion of that table while still allowing the analyst to delete data from other tables where they have the appropriate permissions. Revoking DELETE on all tables or removing ACCOUNTADMIN is too restrictive, as the analyst needs to query and potentially modify other tables. Multi-factor authentication enhances security but doesn't directly prevent accidental deletions. MONITOR privilege is for observing, not preventing actions.

### 質問 # 173

What is the name of Snowflake's default web-based interface?

- A. Snowflake CLI
- B. SnowSQL
- C. Snowpark
- **D. Snowsight**

正解: D

解説:

Snowsight is the default web-based interface for Snowflake. It provides a graphical, browser-based environment to write and run SQL and Python, manage and explore database objects, create visualizations and dashboards, monitor query and warehouse activity, and collaborate via worksheets. It has replaced the Classic Console as the default UI for new Snowflake accounts. SnowSQL is a command-line client used to connect to Snowflake from a terminal and execute SQL statements. Snowpark is a developer framework that supports writing data applications in languages like Python, Java, and Scala, but it is not a UI. "Snowflake CLI" refers to command-line tooling and automation utilities, again not a graphical web interface.

### 質問 # 174

A data scientist wants to use the COMPLETE function in Snowflake Cortex to perform sentiment analysis on social media posts. They have a table named 'SOCIAL MEDIA POSTS' with a column 'POST TEXT' containing the post content. They want to classify each post as either 'Positive', 'Negative', or 'Neutral'. Which of the following SQL statements is the MOST appropriate for this task?

- A. Option A
- B. Option B
- C. Option C
- D. Option D
- **E. Option E**

正解: E

解説:

Option E is the most appropriate. It explicitly instructs the COMPLETE function to classify the sentiment and provides the possible classifications ('Positive', 'Negative', or 'Neutral'). Combining text with II and using smaller snowflake model to minimize compute cost.

### 質問 # 175

A Snowflake administrator wants to ensure that all newly created schemas in a specific database automatically inherit certain grants (e.g., 'SELECT' privilege on all tables in the schema to a reporting role). Which of the following approaches is the MOST suitable to accomplish this?

- A. Implement a custom event listener that triggers upon schema creation and executes the necessary GRANT statements.
- B. Create a stored procedure that is automatically executed after each 'CREATE SCHEMA' statement using a Snowflake Task.
- C. Schedule a periodic Snowflake Task to search for recently created schemas and grant needed permissions.
- D. Manually execute GRANT FUTURE GRANTS' statements after each schema creation to grant the desired privileges.
- E. Use the 'DEFAULT\_PRIVILEGES' parameter at the database level to automatically grant the desired privileges on future schemas and their objects.

正解: E

解説:

'DEFAULT PRIVILEGES' is the intended and most efficient mechanism for automatically granting privileges on future objects within schemas. Options A, C, D, and E are more complex and less efficient. Option D requires manual execution each time. Option A requires more overhead.

Option C is not available in Snowflake. Option E has a delay before new permissions are granted and can be a performance overhead.

### 質問 # 176

What information is available when previewing a table in Snowsight?

- A. The Entity Relationship (ER) diagram for the table
- B. The name of the virtual warehouse where the table is stored
- C. The table definition
- D. The first 100 rows of the table

正解: D

解説:

When you preview a table in Snowsight, Snowflake returns up to the first 100 rows of the table's data. This preview is designed for quick inspection of the table's contents and structure without requiring the user to manually write a SELECT query. The preview interface allows basic exploration such as scrolling, simple sorting, and viewing column metadata.

Tables are not "stored" in a specific virtual warehouse; warehouses provide compute only. The table definition (DDL) can be viewed in the Table Details section but is not the main output of the Preview action.

Snowsight does not natively generate an Entity Relationship (ER) diagram for the table as part of the preview.

### 質問 # 177

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Xhs1991は、試験に最適な試験SOL-C01試験ガイドを提供します。SOL-C01練習トレントの有効性と信頼性は、専門家によって確認されています。多くのお客様が当社のヘルプでSOL-C01試験に合格しています。SOL-C01テスト資料はホームページで更新され、SOL-C01認定試験に関連する情報をタイムリーに更新します。最も有効で費用対効果の高いSOL-C01準備資料を入手できるように、pdf塾でプロモーションを行います。そのため、SOL-C01トレーニングガイドを安心してお選びいただけます。

SOL-C01復習資料: <https://www.xhs1991.com/SOL-C01.html>

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