# Analytics-Admn-201높은통과율덤프공부문제100%합격보장가능한최신버전인증덤프


Itcertkr Analytics-Admn-201 최신 PDF 버전 시험 문제집을 무료로 Google Drive에서 다운로드하세요: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Eld98LllLarH-TwwSZ0xMQRPBvIBzIPf

우리Itcertkr에서는 끊임없는 업데이트로 항상 최신버전의Salesforce인증Analytics-Admn-201시험덤프를 제공하는 사이트입니다, 만약 덤프품질은 알아보고 싶다면 우리Itcertkr 에서 무료로 제공되는 덤프일부분의 문제와 답을 체험하시면 되겠습니다, Itcertkr 는 100%의 보장 도를 자랑하며Analytics-Admn-201시험은 한번에 패스할 수 있는 덤프입니다.

Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201인증시험은 현재IT인사들 중 아주 인기 잇는 인증시험입니다.Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201시험패스는 여러분의 하시는 일과 생활에서 많은 도움을 줄뿐만 아니라 중요한 건 여러분의IT업계에서의 자기만의 자리를 지키실 수 잇습니다.이렇게 좋은 시험이니 많은 분들이 응시하려고 합니다,하지만 패스 율은 아주 낮습니다.

**>> Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 <<**

## 시험패스에 유효한 Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 최신버전 문제

Itcertkr의Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201교육 자료는 고객들에게 높게 평가 되어 왔습니다. 그리고 이미 많은 분들이 구매하셨고Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201시험에서 패스하여 검증된 자료임을 확신 합니다. Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201시험을 패스하여 자격증을 취득하면IT 직종에 종사하고 계신 고객님의 성공을 위한 중요한 요소들 중의 하나가

될 것이라는 것을 잘 알고 있음으로 더욱 믿음직스러운 덤프로 거듭나기 위해 최선을 다해드리겠습니다.

## 최신 Salesforce Administrator Analytics-Admn-201 무료샘플문제 (Q54-Q59):

**질문 # 54**
What Tableau Server authentication method should you configure to use OpenID Connect?

- A. Local Authentication
- B. Active Directory
- C. SAML
- D. Kerberos

**정답：C**

**설명：**
Tableau Server supports multiple authentication methods, including Local Authentication, Active Directory, Kerberos, SAML, and OpenID Connect. OpenID Connect (OIDC) is an identity layer built on OAuth 2.0, commonly used for single sign-on (SSO). In Tableau Server, OIDC is implemented as a variant of SAML (Security Assertion Markup Language) authentication because both are SSO protocols managed through the same configuration workflow.
To use OpenID Connect:
* Configure Tableau Server for SAML/SSO.
* Provide an OIDC-compatible identity provider (IdP) configuration (e.g., Google, Okta).
* Set up the IdP metadata and certificates in TSM.
* Option D (SAML): Correct. Tableau Server treats OIDC as a subset of its SAML authentication framework, so you configure it under the SAML settings in TSM.
* Option A (Local Authentication): Incorrect. Local Authentication uses Tableau's internal user database, not an external SSO protocol like OIDC.
* Option B (Kerberos): Incorrect. Kerberos is a network authentication protocol for Windows environments, unrelated to OIDC.
* Option C (Active Directory): Incorrect. AD uses LDAP or Kerberos, not OIDC, for authentication.
Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Configure SAML and OpenID Connect" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/saml_config.htm).

**질문 # 55**
You are the server administrator of a single-node Tableau Server installation. The server hosts five schedules that each execute once a day: Weekday 3:00 PM Extract Refresh, Weekday 5:00 PM Subscription, Weekday
2:00 AM Extract Refresh, Weekday 7:00 AM Extract Refresh, and Weekday 8:00 AM Subscription. The schedules are scheduled to execute during periods when Tableau Server is least active. The busiest period for your server is immediately after the workday begins at 9:00 AM. The office of the CEO reports that every morning at 9:00 AM, they access the views in a particular workbook. The data for these views is refreshed by a task associated with the 7:00 AM schedule. The CEO reports that the data in the views is only being refreshed about 70% of the time. What should you do to attempt to resolve the CEO's problem?

- A. Set the priority of this task to 1
- B. Set the priority for all other tasks to 50
- C. Set the default priority of this schedule to 50
- D. Set the priority of this task to 100

**정답：A**

**설명：**
In Tableau Server, schedules manage tasks like extract refreshes and subscriptions. Each task within a schedule has a priority value (ranging from 1 to 100, where 1 is the highest priority and 100 is the lowest).
Tasks with higher priority (lower numbers) are executed before tasks with lower priority (higher numbers) when queued by the Backgrounder process. If the Backgrounder is overloaded or delayed, lower-priority tasks may not complete on time, leading to inconsistent refreshes.
In this scenario:
The 7:00 AM Extract Refresh task is critical for the CEO's workbook, but the data is only refreshed 70% of the time by 9:00 AM. The server has a single node, meaning a single Backgrounder process handles all tasks. With five schedules (some overlapping in the early morning), contention or delays could prevent the 7:00 AM task from completing reliably before 9:00 AM.
Option C (Set the priority of this task to 1): Correct. Setting the task priority to 1 ensures it has the highest priority among all queued

tasks. This increases the likelihood that the Backgrounder executes it promptly at 7:
00 AM, completing the refresh before the CEO accesses the workbook at 9:00 AM. You can adjust task priority in the Tableau Server web interface under Schedules > Tasks > Edit Priority.
Option A (Set the default priority of this schedule to 50): Incorrect. The default priority for schedules is already 50, and this option refers to the schedule's default, not the specific task. It wouldn't address the contention issue.
Option B (Set the priority for all other tasks to 50): Incorrect. This keeps all tasks at the default priority (50), leaving the 7:00 AM task without a relative advantage. It doesn't prioritize the CEO's task.
Option D (Set the priority of this task to 100): Incorrect. Priority 100 is the lowest, which would deprioritize the task, making the refresh even less reliable.
Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Manage Schedules and Tasks" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/schedule_manage.htm).

**질문 # 56**
What should you do to disable table recommendations for popular data sources and tables to users?

- A. Use the command: tsm configuration set -k recommendations.enabled -v false
- B. Disable the option using the server Settings page
- C. Publish data sources only to projects with permissions locked to the project
- D. Disable the option using the site Settings page

**정답：D**

**설명:**
Table recommendations in Tableau Server suggest popular tables and data sources to users when they create new content in the web authoring environment. This feature is enabled by default but can be disabled at the site level.
Option A (Disable the option using the site Settings page): Correct. A site administrator can disable table recommendations by navigating to the site's Settings > General page in the Tableau Server web interface and unchecking the option "Enable table recommendations." This prevents users on that site from seeing these suggestions, offering a straightforward UI-based solution.
Option B (Use the command: tsm configuration set -k recommendations.enabled -v false): Incorrect. There is no recommendations.enabled key in the TSM configuration settings. This feature is managed per site, not server-wide via TSM.
Option C (Publish data sources only to projects with permissions locked): Incorrect. Locking permissions restricts access but doesn't disable the recommendation feature itself. Users with access would still see recommendations.
Option D (Disable the option using the server Settings page): Incorrect. Table recommendations are a site- specific setting, not a server-wide setting. The server Settings page (via TSM) controls global configurations, not this feature.
Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Manage Site Settings" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/site_settings.htm).

**질문 # 57**
A user reports that a newly-published workbook runs slowly. What should you ask the user first to investigate the problem?

- A. How many times have you opened the workbook in Tableau Server?
- B. Does it run any faster in Tableau Desktop?
- C. Does the workbook always run slowly or does performance vary?
- D. Did you enable caching on the workbook?

**정답：B**

**설명:**
When a user reports slow performance for a newly-published workbook on Tableau Server, troubleshooting requires isolating the cause-e.g., data source issues, server load, workbook design, or caching. The first question should establish a baseline to narrow the scope. Let's analyze this step-by-step with depth:
* Performance Context:
* A workbook's speed depends on:
* Data Source: Query complexity, size, network latency (e.g., database vs. extract).
* Workbook Design: Filters, calculations, dashboard complexity.
* Server Resources: VizQL rendering, Backgrounder load, caching.
* "Newly-published" implies it's not yet optimized or cached on the server.
* Option A (Does it run any faster in Tableau Desktop?): Correct.
* Why First: Comparing Desktop vs. Server performance is the most foundational diagnostic step:

* Desktop Baseline: If it's slow in Desktop (local machine), the issue likely lies in the workbook (e.g., complex queries, large data) or data source (e.g., slow database)-not Server-specific.
* Server Difference: If it's fast in Desktop but slow on Server, the problem could be server- side (e.g., resource contention, network latency to the data source from Server).
* Practical Next Steps:
* Slow in Desktop: Optimize workbook (e.g., simplify calcs, use extracts).
* Fast in Desktop: Check Server (e.g., caching, VizQL load).
* Why Critical: Establishes whether the issue is inherent to the workbook/data or introduced by Server-guides all further investigation.
* Option B (Does the workbook always run slowly or does performance vary?): Useful but secondary.
* Why Not First: Variability (e.g., slow at peak times) points to server load, but without a Desktop baseline, you can't rule out workbook design. It's a follow-up question after A.
* Detail: Variability might suggest caching or concurrent user impact, but it assumes Server-side causation prematurely.
* Option C (How many times have you opened the workbook in Tableau Server?): Less relevant initially.
* Why Not First: Frequency of access might affect caching (first load is slower, subsequent loads faster), but it's too specific and doesn't isolate Desktop vs. Server. It's a niche follow-up.
* Option D (Did you enable caching on the workbook?): Misleading and incorrect.
* Why Not First: Caching is server-managed (e.g., VizQL cache settings via tsm data-access caching set), not a user-toggle per workbook. Users don't "enable" it-admins do. Plus, it's premature without a baseline.
Why This Matters: Starting with Desktop performance cuts through assumptions, pinpointing whether the root cause is client-side (workbook/data) or server-side-essential for efficient resolution in production.
Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Troubleshoot Performance" (https://help.tableau.com/current /server/en-us/troubleshoot_performance.htm).

**질문 # 58**
A user receives an error after attempting to run an extract refresh on the Tableau Server. What should you review to identify the cause of the problem?

- A. Whether the project permissions are set to Locked to the project
- B. The status of the Backgrounder process, as shown by the tsm status -v command
- C. The UNC path to the extract's data source
- D. The Background Tasks for Extracts administrative view on the site status page

**정답：D**

**설명:**
When an extract refresh fails on Tableau Server, troubleshooting requires identifying the root cause-e.g., connectivity issues, resource constraints, or configuration errors. The Backgrounder process handles extract refreshes, so it's a key focus, but the best diagnostic tool depends on granularity and context. Let's explore this thoroughly:
* Extract Refresh Process:
* An extract refresh pulls data from a source (e.g., database, file) into a .hyper file stored on Tableau Server.
* The Backgrounder executes these tasks based on schedules or manual triggers.
* Errors could stem from: database connectivity, credentials, file access, resource overload, or task misconfiguration.
* Option B (Background Tasks for Extracts administrative view): Correct. This is the most direct and detailed method:
* Location: In the Tableau Server web UI, go to Server > Status > Background Tasks for Extracts (or site-specific under Site > Status).
* Details Provided:
* Task name, schedule, and workbook/data source.
* Start/end times and status (e.g., Failed, Success).
* Error messages (e.g., "Cannot connect to database," "Permission denied").
* Why It's Best: It pinpoints the exact failure (e.g., "timeout," "invalid credentials") for the specific refresh, offering actionable insights without needing to dig through logs manually. Server or site administrators can access this view to diagnose issues quickly.
* Example: If the error is "Database login failed," you'd check credentials in the data source settings next.
* Option A (Status of the Backgrounder process via tsm status -v): Partially useful but insufficient:
* What It Shows: Running/stopped status of all processes (e.g., "Backgrounder: RUNNING").
* Limitation: It confirms if Backgrounder is operational but doesn't reveal why a specific task failed-no error details or task-level granularity.
* Use Case: If Backgrounder is stopped or crashed, this might indicate a broader issue, but the question implies a single refresh error, not a server-wide failure.
* Option C (The UNC path to the extract's data source): Relevant but secondary:

* Context: If the data source is a file (e.g., CSV on a network share), the UNC path (e.g., \\server\share\file.csv) must be accessible.
* Why Not First: The error could be unrelated (e.g., database issue, not file-based). The admin view (B) would reveal if it's a path issue first, guiding you to check the UNC path only if indicated (e.g., "File not found").
* Practical Note: Backgrounder needs share permissions and the Run As account must access it- checking this without context wastes time.
* Option D (Whether project permissions are set to Locked): Unlikely cause:
* Permissions Impact: Locked permissions restrict who can edit/view content, not whether an extract refresh runs-that's tied to the data source's connection settings and Backgrounder execution.
* Exception: If the refresh user lacks "Connect" permission to the data source, it might fail, but this is rare (owner/schedule typically has access). The admin view would flag this.
Why This Matters: The Background Tasks view is Tableau's purpose-built tool for extract diagnostics, saving time and reducing guesswork in production environments.
Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Administrative Views: Background Tasks for Extracts" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/adminview_background_tasks.htm).

**질문 # 59**
.....

최근 IT 업종에 종사하는 분들이 점점 늘어가는 추세하에 경쟁이 점점 치열해지고 있습니다. IT인증시험은 국제에서 인정받는 효력있는 자격증을 취득하는 과정으로서 널리 알려져 있습니다. Itcertkr의 Salesforce인증 Analytics-Admn-201덤프는IT인증시험의 한 과목인 Salesforce인증 Analytics-Admn-201시험에 대비하여 만들어진 시험전 공부자료인데 높은 시험적중율과 친근한 가격으로 많은 사랑을 받고 있습니다.

**Analytics-Admn-201시험합격**: https://www.itcertkr.com/Analytics-Admn-201_exam.html

Analytics-Admn-201 인증시험은 IT 인증중 가장 인기있는 인증입니다, Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 결코 꿈은 이루어질것입니다, Salesforce인증 Analytics-Admn-201시험이 아무리 어려워도Itcertkr의Salesforce인증 Analytics-Admn-201덤프가 동반해주면 시험이 쉬워지는 법은 많이 알려져 있습니다, Itcertkr에서는Analytics-Admn-201관련 자료도 제공함으로 여러분처럼 IT 인증시험에 관심이 많은 분들한테 아주 유용한 자료이자 학습가이드입니다, 여러분이 다른 사이트에서도 관련덤프자료를 보셨을경우 페이지 아래를 보면 자료출처는 당연히 Itcertkr Analytics-Admn-201시험합격 일 것입니다, Analytics-Admn-201 덤프는 100% 통과율을 자랑하고 있어 시험패스는 더는 어려운 일이 아닙니다.

같이 앉아 있겠나, 처음 느껴보는 감각이 머리부터 발끝까지 꿰뚫어 내렸다, Analytics-Admn-201 인증시험은 IT 인증중 가장 인기있는 인증입니다, 결코 꿈은 이루어질것입니다, Salesforce인증 Analytics-Admn-201시험이 아무리 어려워도Itcertkr의Salesforce인증 Analytics-Admn-201덤프가 동반해주면 시험이 쉬워지는 법은 많이 알려져 있습니다.

## Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 덤프는 Salesforce Certified Tableau Server Administrator 시험문제의 모든 범위가 포함

Itcertkr에서는Analytics-Admn-201관련 자료도 제공함으로 여러분처럼 IT 인증시험에 관심이 많은 분들한테 아주 유용한 자료이자 학습가이드입니다, 여러분이 다른 사이트에서도 관련덤프자료를 보셨을경우 페이지 아래를 보면 자료출처는 당연히 Itcertkr 일 것입니다.

- Analytics-Admn-201유효한 시험자료 □ Analytics-Admn-201최고덤프공부 □ Analytics-Admn-201인증 시험덤프 □ ☀ www.passtip.net □☀□웹사이트에서「 Analytics-Admn-201 」를 열고 검색하여 무료 다운로드 Analytics-Admn-201유효한 시험자료
- Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 최신 업데이트버전 덤프공부문제 □ 시험 자료를 무료로 다운로드하려면（ www.itdumpskr.com ）을 통해▸ Analytics-Admn-201 ◂를 검색하십시오Analytics-Admn-201완벽한 인증자료
- 퍼펙트한 Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 최신버전 덤프샘플문제 다운 □ 지금□ www.itdumpskr.com □을(를) 열고 무료 다운로드를 위해➡ Analytics-Admn-201 □□□를 검색하십시오Analytics-Admn-201최신버전 시험덤프자료
- Analytics-Admn-201최신 기출문제 □ Analytics-Admn-201시험패스 인증덤프자료 □ Analytics-Admn-201적중율 높은 인증덤프자료 □ （ www.itdumpskr.com ）웹사이트에서➽ Analytics-Admn-201 □를 열고 검색하여 무료 다운로드Analytics-Admn-201인기자격증 시험대비 공부자료
- Analytics-Admn-201유효한 시험자료 □ Analytics-Admn-201최신버전 시험덤프공부 □ Analytics-Admn-201최신버전 시험덤프공부 □ □ kr.fast2test.com □에서 검색만 하면☀ Analytics-Admn-201 □☀□를 무료로 다운로드할 수 있습니다Analytics-Admn-201최고덤프공부

- 최신 Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 인증시험 덤프문제 □ 오픈 웹 사이트☀ www.itdumpskr.com □☀□검색[ Analytics-Admn-201 ]무료 다운로드Analytics-Admn-201응시자료
- 인기자격증 Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 덤프공부자료 □ （ Analytics-Admn-201 ）를 무료로 다운로드하려면“ www.itdumpskr.com ”웹사이트를 입력하세요Analytics-Admn-201완벽한 인증시험덤프
- Analytics-Admn-201최신 기출문제 □ Analytics-Admn-201덤프 □ Analytics-Admn-201응시자료 ↙ 시험 자료를 무료로 다운로드하려면□ www.itdumpskr.com □을 통해➽ Analytics-Admn-201 □를 검색하십시오Analytics-Admn-201최신버전 시험덤프공부
- 인기자격증 Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 덤프공부자료 □ □ www.exampassdump.com □의 무료 다운로드【 Analytics-Admn-201 】페이지가 지금 열립니다Analytics-Admn-201완벽한 인증자료
- 적중율 높은 Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 시험덤프 □ ➠ www.itdumpskr.com □에서 검색만 하면「 Analytics-Admn-201 」를 무료로 다운로드할 수 있습니다Analytics-Admn-201최신 기출문제
- Analytics-Admn-201높은 통과율 덤프공부문제 100% 합격 보장 가능한 시험덤프자료 □ ➽ www.itdumpskr.com □을(를) 열고➡ Analytics-Admn-201 □□□를 검색하여 시험 자료를 무료로 다운로드하십시오Analytics-Admn-201최신 기출문제
- bookmarking1.com, jayrqzo886593.estate-blog.com, socialwebconsult.com, karimnoim898702.wikidirective.com, fraservzbb689684.activoblog.com, marleyejmn404359.activoblog.com, emilybkfj327818.theobloggers.com, rajanfmnp311255.blogdemls.com, joanbkyn513325.wikinstructions.com, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, Disposable vapes

참고: Itcertkr에서 Google Drive로 공유하는 무료 2026 Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 시험 문제집이 있습니다: https://drive.google.com/open?id=1Eld98LllLarH-TwwSZ0xMQRPBvIBzIPf