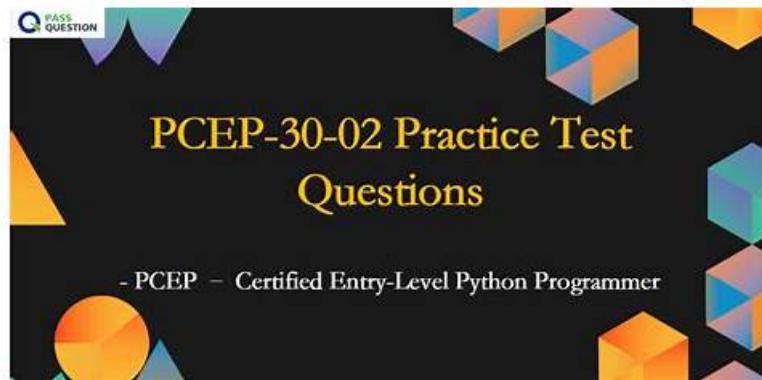


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Python Institute PCEP-30-02 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
|---------|---|
| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">parameters, arguments, and scopes. It also covers Recursion, Exception hierarchy, Exception handling, etc. |
| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Functions and Exceptions: This part of the exam covers the definition of function and invocation |
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Control Flow: This section covers conditional statements such as if, if-else, if-elif, if-elif-else |
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Computer Programming Fundamentals: This section of the exam covers fundamental concepts such as interpreters, compilers, syntax, and semantics. It covers Python basics: keywords, instructions, indentation, comments in addition to Booleans, integers, floats, strings, and Variables, and naming conventions. Finally, it covers arithmetic, string, assignment, bitwise, Boolean, relational, and Inputoutput operations. |
| Topic 5 | <ul style="list-style-type: none">Loops: while, for, range(), loops control, and nesting of loops. |

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Python Institute PCEP - Certified Entry-Level Python Programmer Sample Questions (Q24-Q29):

NEW QUESTION # 24

What is the expected output of the following code?

□

- A. 0
- B. ('Ampere*'. '2021', 'False')
- C. The code raises an unhandled exception.
- D. 1

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 25

How many hashes (+) does the code output to the screen?

□

- A. zero (the code outputs nothing)
- B. one
- C. **five**
- D. three

Answer: C

Explanation:

The code snippet that you have sent is a loop that checks if a variable "floor" is less than or equal to 0 and prints a string accordingly. The code is as follows:

```
floor = 5 while floor > 0: print( "+") floor = floor - 1
```

The code starts with assigning the value 5 to the variable "floor". Then, it enters a while loop that repeats as long as the condition "floor > 0" is true. Inside the loop, the code prints a "+" symbol to the screen, and then subtracts 1 from the value of "floor". The loop ends when "floor" becomes 0 or negative, and the code exits.

The code outputs five "+" symbols to the screen, one for each iteration of the loop. Therefore, the correct answer is C. five.

Reference: [Python Institute - Entry-Level Python Programmer Certification]

NEW QUESTION # 26

What is the expected result of running the following code?

□

- A. The code prints 0
- **B. The code raises an unhandled exception.**
- C. The code prints 1 .
- D. The code prints 2

Answer: B

Explanation:

Explanation

The code snippet that you have sent is trying to use the index method to find the position of a value in a list.

The code is as follows:

```
the_list = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5] print(the_list.index(6))
```

The code starts with creating a list called "the_list" that contains the numbers 1, 2, 3, 4, and 5. Then, it tries to print the result of calling the index method on the list with the argument 6. The index method is used to return the first occurrence of a value in a list. For example, the_list.index(1) returns 0, because 1 is the first value in the list.

However, the code has a problem. The problem is that the value 6 is not present in the list, so the index method cannot find it. This will cause a ValueError exception, which is an error that occurs when a function or operation receives an argument that has the right type but an inappropriate value. The code does not handle the exception, and therefore it will terminate with an error message.

The expected result of the code is an unhandled exception, because the code tries to find a value that does not exist in the list. Therefore, the correct answer is C. The code raises an unhandled exception.

NEW QUESTION # 27

How many hashes (+) does the code output to the screen?

- A. zero (the code outputs nothing)
- B. one
- C. five
- D. three

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation

The code snippet that you have sent is a loop that checks if a variable "floor" is less than or equal to 0 and prints a string accordingly.

The code is as follows:

```
floor = 5 while floor > 0: print("+) floor = floor - 1
```

The code starts with assigning the value 5 to the variable "floor". Then, it enters a while loop that repeats as long as the condition "floor > 0" is true. Inside the loop, the code prints a "+" symbol to the screen, and then subtracts 1 from the value of "floor". The loop ends when "floor" becomes 0 or negative, and the code exits.

The code outputs five "+" symbols to the screen, one for each iteration of the loop. Therefore, the correct answer is C. five.

NEW QUESTION # 28

What is the expected output of the following code?

- A. False
- B. 0
- C. ('Fermi', '2021', 'False')
- D. The code raises an unhandled exception.

Answer: C

Explanation:

The code snippet that you have sent is defining and calling a function in Python. The code is as follows:

```
def runner(brand, model, year): return (brand, model, year)
print(runner("Fermi"))
```

The code starts with defining a function called "runner" with three parameters: "brand", "model", and "year".

The function returns a tuple with the values of the parameters. A tuple is a data type in Python that can store multiple values in an ordered and immutable way. A tuple is created by using parentheses and separating the values with commas. For example, (1, 2, 3) is a tuple with three values.

Then, the code calls the function "runner" with the value "Fermi" for the "brand" parameter and prints the result. However, the function expects three arguments, but only one is given. This will cause a `TypeError` exception, which is an error that occurs when a function or operation receives an argument that has the wrong type or number. The code does not handle the exception, and therefore it will terminate with an error message.

However, if the code had handled the exception, or if the function had used default values for the missing parameters, the expected output of the code would be ('Fermi', '2021', 'False'). This is because the function returns a tuple with the values of the parameters, and the `print` function displays the tuple to the screen.

Therefore, the correct answer is D. ('Fermi', '2021', 'False').

Reference: Python Functions - W3SchoolsPython Tuples - W3SchoolsPython Exceptions: An Introduction - Real Python

NEW QUESTION # 29

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