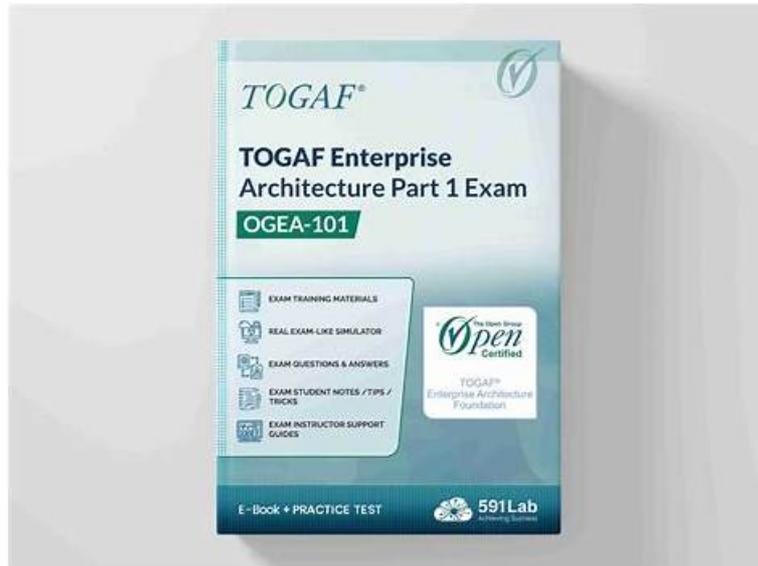


# Top Features of TestsDumps OGEA-101 TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Part 1 Exam PDF Questions File and Practice Test Software



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## The Open Group OGEA-101 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Business Architecture:</b> This topic of The Open Group OGEA-101 exam emphasizes the development of business architecture, including baseline and target architectures. It measures the understanding of TOGAF practitioners about business capabilities and processes.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Introduction to the Architecture Development Method (ADM):</b> The ADM is central to TOGAF, outlining a structured approach to developing and managing enterprise architecture. This section assesses comprehension of TOGAF practitioners about the ADM phases and their application, ensuring they grasp the method's iterative nature, which is vital for the OGEA-101 exam.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Implementation Governance:</b> This topic of The Open Group OGEA-101 exam emphasizes the governance framework for architecture implementation, including compliance processes. It measures the understanding of TOGAF practitioners about governance principles, a key competency for the OGEA-101 exam.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>ADM Phase Requirements:</b> This topic of the TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Part 1 exam focuses on the specific requirements for each ADM phase, including stakeholder identification and architecture scope definition. It measures the ability of aspiring TOGAF Practitioner to apply these requirements in real-world scenarios.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Architecture Content Framework:</b> Candidates learn about the TOGAF content metamodel and architecture artifacts. This topic of the OGEA-101 Exam measures their understanding of content organization and documentation.</li> </ul>

Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Architecture Governance:</b> This topic of The Open Group OGEA-101 exam covers the governance framework and responsibilities of architecture boards. It evaluates the skills of TOGAF practitioners in establishing governance structures.</li> </ul>
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Architecture Change Management:</b> Focusing on managing architecture changes, this topic of the TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Part 1 exam assesses skills of practitioners in handling change requests and maintaining architecture repositories.</li> </ul>

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## The Open Group OGEA-101 Exam Questions - Easy Way To Prepare [2026]

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### The Open Group TOGAF Enterprise Architecture Part 1 Exam Sample Questions (Q63-Q68):

#### NEW QUESTION # 63

Complete the following sentence. In the ADM documents which are under development and have not undergone any formal review and approval process are \_\_\_\_\_.

- A. In between phases
- **B. Called "draft"**
- C. Known as "Version 0.1"
- D. Invalid

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

In the ADM documents which are under development and have not undergone any formal review and approval process are called "draft". This indicates that they are subject to change and refinement as the architecture development progresses. Reference: The TOGAF Standard | The Open Group Website, Section 4.2.5 Architecture Deliverables.

#### NEW QUESTION # 64

Which one of the following classes of information within the Architecture Repository would typically contain a list of the applications in use within the enterprise?

- A. Governance Log
- B. Architecture Metamodel
- C. Reference Library
- **D. Architecture Landscape**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

The Architecture Landscape is a class of information within the Architecture Repository that shows an architectural view of the building blocks that are in use within the organization today (the Baseline Architecture), as well as those that are planned for the future (the Target Architecture). The Architecture Landscape typically contains a list of the applications in use within the enterprise, along with their relationships and dependencies, as well as other relevant architectural information. The Architecture Landscape helps to identify opportunities for re-use, consolidation, or retirement of existing applications, as well as gaps or overlaps in the current or future architecture.

Reference: : The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Part IV: Architecture Content Framework, Chapter 34: Architecture Landscape : The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Part VI: Architecture Capability Framework, Chapter 47: Architecture Repository

**NEW QUESTION # 65**

Complete the sentence The Enterprise Continuum provides methods for classifying architecture artifacts as they evolve from\_\_\_\_\_.

- A. Solutions Architectures to Solution Building Blocks
- B. Foundation Architectures to re-usable architecture assets
- C. generic architectures to Organization-Specific Architectures
- D. generic architectures to reusable Solution Building Blocks

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

The Enterprise Continuum provides methods for classifying architecture artifacts as they evolve from generic architectures to Organization-Specific Architectures. Generic architectures are architectures that have been developed for use across a wide range of enterprises with similar characteristics. They provide common models, functions, and services that can be reused and adapted for specific purposes. Organization-Specific Architectures are architectures that have been tailored to meet the needs and requirements of a particular enterprise or a major organizational unit within an enterprise. They reflect the unique vision, goals, culture, structure, processes, systems, and technologies of that enterprise or unit. Reference: The TOGAF Standard | The Open Group Website, Section 2.3 Enterprise Continuum.

**NEW QUESTION # 66**

Consider the following ADM phases objectives.

	Objective  TestsDumps
1	Develop the Target Data Architecture that enables the Business Architecture and the Architecture Vision
2	Develop the Target Business Architecture that describes how the enterprise needs to operate to achieve the business goals
3	Develop a high-level aspirational vision of the capabilities and business value to be delivered as a result of the proposed Enterprise Architecture
4	Develop the Target Application Architecture that enables the Business Architecture and the Architecture Vision, in a way that addresses the Statement of Architecture Work and stakeholder concerns

Which phase does each objective match?

- A. 1A-2B-3C-4D
- B. 1C-2B-3A-4C
- C. 1B-2D-3A-4C
- D. 1C-2D-3B-4A

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

\* The objectives listed in the question correspond to the objectives of different phases of the TOGAF ADM (Architecture Development Method), which is a method for developing and managing an enterprise architecture1.

\* The ADM consists of nine phases, each with a specific purpose and output. The phases are1:

oPreliminary Phase: To prepare and initiate the architecture development cycle, including defining the architecture framework, principles, and governance.

oPhase A: Architecture Vision: To define the scope, vision, and stakeholders of the architecture initiative, and to obtain approval to proceed.

oPhase B: Business Architecture: To describe the baseline and target business architecture, and to identify the gaps between them.

oPhase C: Information Systems Architectures: To describe the baseline and target data and application architectures, and to identify the gaps between them.

- oPhase D: Technology Architecture: To describe the baseline and target technology architecture, and to identify the gaps between them.
  - oPhase E: Opportunities and Solutions: To identify and evaluate the opportunities and solutions for implementing the target architecture, and to define the work packages and transition architectures.
  - oPhase F: Migration Planning: To finalize the implementation and migration plan, and to ensure alignment with the enterprise portfolio and project management.
  - oPhase G: Implementation Governance: To provide architecture oversight and guidance for the implementation projects, and to manage any architecture change requests.
  - oPhase H: Architecture Change Management: To monitor the changes in the business and technology environment, and to assess the impact and performance of the architecture.
- \* Based on the above definitions, we can match each objective with the corresponding phase as follows:
- oObjective 1: Develop the Target Data Architecture that enables the Business Architecture and the Architecture Vision. This objective is achieved in Phase C: Information Systems Architectures, where the data architecture is defined as a subset of the information systems architecture<sup>2</sup>.
  - oObjective 2: Develop the Target Business Architecture that describes how the enterprise needs to operate to achieve the business goals. This objective is achieved in Phase B: Business Architecture, where the business architecture is defined as a subset of the enterprise architecture<sup>3</sup>.
  - oObjective 3: Develop a high-level aspirational vision of the capabilities and business value to be delivered as a result of the proposed Enterprise Architecture. This objective is achieved in Phase A: Architecture Vision, where the architecture vision is defined as a high-level description of the target architecture and its benefits<sup>4</sup>.
  - oObjective 4: Develop the Target Application Architecture that enables the Business Architecture and the Architecture Vision, in a way that addresses the Statement of Architecture Work and stakeholder concerns. This objective is achieved in Phase C: Information Systems Architectures, where the application architecture is defined as a subset of the information systems architecture<sup>2</sup>.
- Reference:
- \* 1: The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Chapter 5: Architecture Development Method (ADM)
  - \* 2: The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Chapter 9: Phase C: Information Systems Architectures
  - \* 3: The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Chapter 8: Phase B: Business Architecture
  - \* 4: The TOGAF Standard, Version 9.2, Chapter 7: Phase A: Architecture Vision

**NEW QUESTION # 67**

Refer to the table below:

Phase	Output & Outcome	Essential Knowledge
?	A set of work packages that address the set of gaps, with an indication of value produced and effort required, and dependencies between the work packages to reach the adjusted target.	Dependency between the set of changes. (Work Package & Gap dependency) Value, effort, and risk associated with each change and work package. How stakeholder priority and preference adjust in response to value, effort, and risk of change.

Which ADM Phase(s) does this describe?

- A. Phase B, C and D
- **B. Phase F**
- C. Phase A
- D. Phase E

**Answer: B**

**NEW QUESTION # 68**

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