

# AZ-500日本語版問題解説 & AZ-500試験問題解説集

```
PS C:\> (Get-AzStorageAccount -ResourceGroupName RG1 -Name contoso1901).NetworkRuleSet
ByPass      : Logging, Metrics
DefaultAction : Deny
IpRules     : [193.77.0.0/16,...]
VirtualNetworkRules : [/subscriptions/a90c8c8f-d8bc-4112-abfb-dac4906573dd/resourceGroups/RG1/providers/Microsoft.Network/virtualNetworks/VNET1/subnets/Subnet1,...]

PS C:\> (Get-AzStorageAccount -ResourceGroupName RG1 -Name contoso1901).NetworkRuleSet.
                                             IpRules
Action IPAddressOrRange
-----
Allow  193.77.0.0/16

PS C:\> (Get-AzStorageAccount -ResourceGroupName RG1 -Name contoso1901).NetworkRules
Action VirtualResourceId
-----
Allow  /subscriptions/a90c8c8f-d8bc-4112-abfb-dac4906573dd/resourceGroups/RG1/providers/Microsoft.Network/virtualNetworks/VNET1/subnets/Subnet1 Succeeded

PS C:\> _
```

BONUS!!! It-Passports AZ-500ダンプの一部を無料でダウンロード: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1FJidjL7GfomNOLiYP8nOcSfMNH86hpJs>

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>> AZ-500日本語版問題解説 <<

## 認定するAZ-500日本語版問題解説 & 合格スムーズAZ-500試験問題解説集 | 有難いAZ-500練習問題集

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## Microsoft Azure Security Technologies 認定 AZ-500 試験問題 (Q43-Q48):

質問 # 43

You have an Azure subscription that contains the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group	Status
VM1	RG1	Stopped (Deallocated)
VM2	RG2	Stopped (Deallocated)

You create the Azure policies shown in the following table.

Policy definition	Resource type	Scope
Not allowed resource types	virtualMachines	RG1
Allowed resource types	virtualMachines	RG2

You create the resource locks shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Created on
Lock1	Read-only	VM1
Lock2	Read-only	RG2

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.  
NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area		
Statements	Yes	No
You can start VM1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can start VM2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can create a virtual machine in RG2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

正解:

解説:

Answer Area		
Statements	Yes	No
You can start VM1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
You can start VM2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can create a virtual machine in RG2.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Explanation:

Answer Area		
Statements	Yes	No
You can start VM1.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can start VM2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
You can create a virtual machine in RG2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

References:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/governance/blueprints/concepts/resource-locking>

#### 質問 # 44

You are evaluating the security of the network communication between the virtual machines in Sub2.

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Answer Area

Statements	Yes	No
From VM1, you can successfully ping the public IP address of VM2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
From VM1, you can successfully ping the private IP address of VM3.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
From VM1, you can successfully ping the private IP address of VM5.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

正解:

解説:

Statements	Yes	No
From VM1, you can successfully ping the public IP address of VM2.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
From VM1, you can successfully ping the private IP address of VM3.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
From VM1, you can successfully ping the private IP address of VM5.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Explanation:

Q1: No { and it should not be allowed as only TCP 80 is allowed from the "Internet" service tag } Q2: Yes {as it should be for VMs in the same local subnet pinging each other on private IP and no NSG configured} Q3: Yes {VM5 is in subnet where 1st rule of NSG allows any traffic from any source to the destination}

#### 質問 # 45

You have an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com that contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	Member of	Mobile phone	Multi-factor authentication (MFA) status
User1	Group1	123 555 7890	Disabled
User2	Group1, Group2	None	Enabled
User3	Group1	123 555 7891	Required

You create and enforce an Azure AD Identity Protection user risk policy that has the following settings:

- \* Assignment: Include Group1, Exclude Group2
- \* Conditions: Sign-in risk of Medium and above
- \* Access: Allow access, Require password change

For each of the following statements, select Yes if the statement is true. Otherwise, select No.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Statements	Yes	No
If User1 signs in from an unfamiliar location, he must change his password.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User2 signs in from an anonymous IP address, she must change her password.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User3 signs in from a computer containing malware that is communicating with known bot servers, he must change his password.	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

正解:

解説:

Statements	Yes	No
If User1 signs in from an unfamiliar location, he must change his password.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User2 signs in from an anonymous IP address, she must change her password.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User3 signs in from a computer containing malware that is communicating with known bot servers, he must change his password.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

Explanation

Answer Area	Yes	No
If User1 signs in from an unfamiliar location, he must change his password.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User2 signs in from an anonymous IP address, she must change her password.	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
If User3 signs in from a computer containing malware that is communicating with known bot servers, he must change his password.	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>

Box 1: Yes

User1 is member of Group1. Sign in from unfamiliar location is risk level Medium.

Box 2: Yes

User2 is member of Group1. Sign in from anonymous IP address is risk level Medium.

Box 3: No

Sign-ins from IP addresses with suspicious activity is low.

Note:

Sign-in Activity	Risk Level
Users with leaked credentials	High
Sign-ins from anonymous IP addresses	Medium
Impossible travel to atypical locations	Medium
Sign-ins from infected devices	Medium
Sign-ins from IP addresses with suspicious activity	Low
Sign-ins from unfamiliar locations	Medium

Azure AD Identity protection can detect six types of suspicious sign-in activities:

- \* Users with leaked credentials
- \* Sign-ins from anonymous IP addresses
- \* Impossible travel to atypical locations
- \* Sign-ins from infected devices
- \* Sign-ins from IP addresses with suspicious activity
- \* Sign-ins from unfamiliar locations

These six types of events are categorized in to 3 levels of risks - High, Medium & Low:

References:

<http://www.rebeladmin.com/2018/09/step-step-guide-configure-risk-based-azure-conditional-access-policies/>

#### 質問 # 46

You plan to implement an Azure function named Function1 that will create new storage accounts for containerized application instances.

You need to grant Function1 the minimum required privileges to create the storage accounts. The solution must minimize administrative effort.

What should you do? To answer, select the appropriate options in the answer area.

NOTE: Each correct selection is worth one point.

Assign role to:

▼

A group account

A system-assigned managed identity

A user account

A user-assigned managed identity

Role assignment to create:



▼

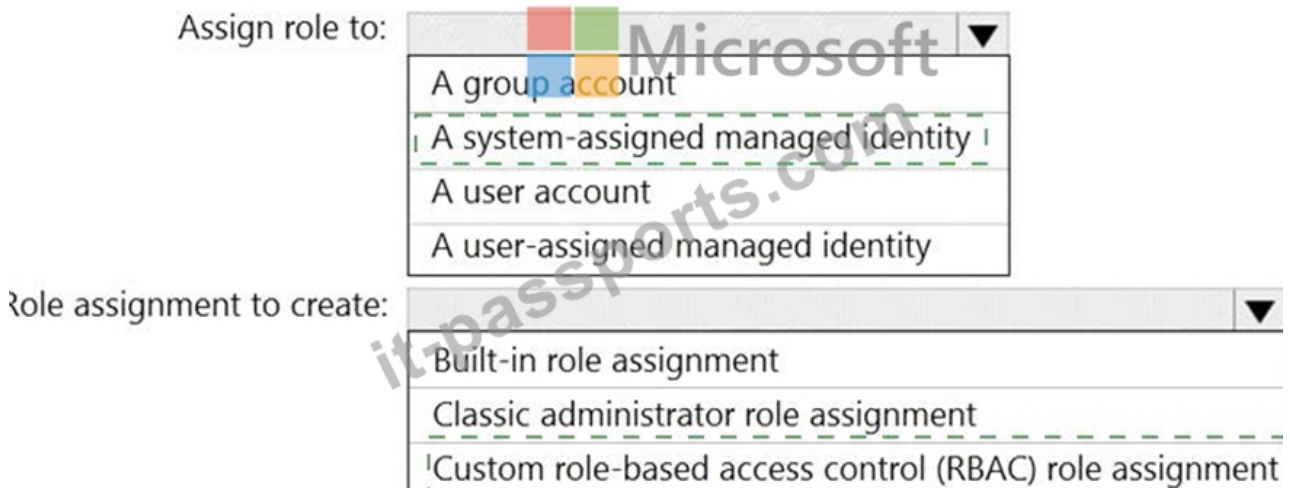
Built-in role assignment

Classic administrator role assignment

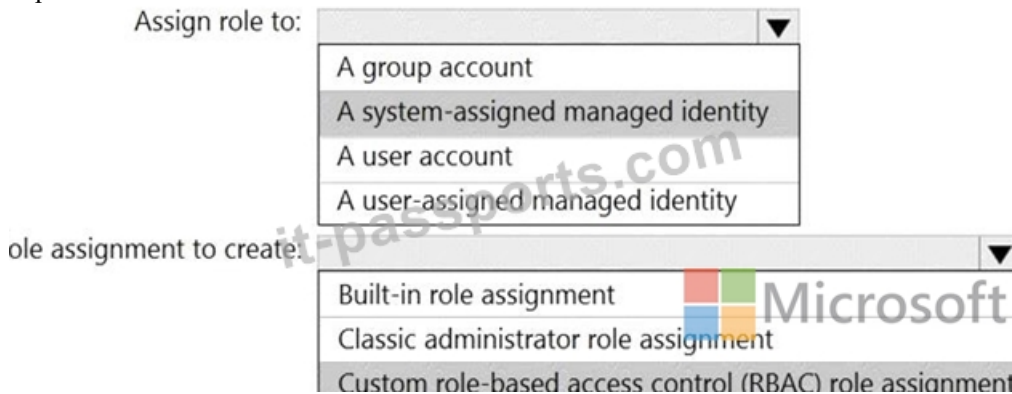
Custom role-based access control (RBAC) role assignment

正解:

解説:



Explanation:



Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/overview>

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/active-directory/managed-identities-azure-resources/howto-assign-access>

#### 質問 # 47

You have Azure Resource Manager templates that you use to deploy Azure virtual machines.

You need to disable unused Windows features automatically as instances of the virtual machines are provisioned.

What should you use?

- A. device configuration policies in Microsoft Intune
- B. security policies in Azure Security Center
- C. device compliance policies in Microsoft Intune
- **D. Azure Automation State Configuration**

正解: D

解説:

Explanation

Explanation:

You can use Azure Automation State Configuration to manage Azure VMs (both Classic and Resource Manager), on-premises VMs, Linux machines, AWS VMs, and on-premises physical machines.

Note: Azure Automation State Configuration provides a DSC pull server similar to the Windows Feature DSC- Service so that target nodes automatically receive configurations, conform to the desired state, and report back on their compliance. The built-in pull server in Azure Automation eliminates the need to set up and maintain your own pull server. Azure Automation can target virtual or physical Windows or Linux machines, in the cloud or on-premises.

Reference:

<https://docs.microsoft.com/en-us/azure/automation/automation-dsc-getting-started> Manage security operations Testlet 1 Case Study

This is a case study. Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case. However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

To answer the questions included in a case study, you will need to reference information that is provided in the case study. Case

studies might contain exhibits and other resources that provide more information about the scenario that is described in the case study. Each question is independent of the other question on this case study.

At the end of this case study, a review screen will appear. This screen allows you to review your answers and to make changes before you move to the next sections of the exam. After you begin a new section, you cannot return to this section.

To start the case study

To display the first question on this case study, click the Next button. Use the buttons in the left pane to explore the content of the case study before you answer the questions. Clicking these buttons displays information such as business requirements, existing environment, and problem statements. If the case study has an All Information tab, note that the information displayed is identical to the information displayed on the subsequent tabs. When you are ready to answer a question, click the Question button to return to the question.

Overview

Contoso, Ltd. is a consulting company that has a main office in Montreal and two branch offices in Seattle and New York.

The company hosts its entire server infrastructure in Azure.

Contoso has two Azure subscriptions named Sub1 and Sub2. Both subscriptions are associated to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named contoso.com.

Existing Environment

Azure AD

Contoso.com contains the users shown in the following table.

Name	City	Role
User1	Montreal	Global administrator
User2	MONTREAL	Security administrator
User3	London	Privileged role administrator
User4	Ontario	Application administrator
User5	Seattle	Cloud application administrator
User6	Seattle	User administrator
User7	Sydney	Reports reader
User8	Sydney	None
User9	Sydney	Owner

Contoso.com contains the security groups shown in the following table.

Name	Membership type	Dynamic membership rule
Group1	Dynamic user	user.city -contains "ON"
Group2	Dynamic user	user.city -match "*on"

Sub1

Sub1 contains six resource groups named RG1, RG2, RG3, RG4, RG5, and RG6.

User9 creates the virtual networks shown in the following table.

Name	Resource group
VNET1	RG1
VNET2	RG2
VNET3	RG3
VNET4	RG4

Sub1 contains the locks shown in the following table.

Name	Set on	Lock type
Lock1	RG1	Delete
Lock2	RG2	Read-only
Lock3	RG3	Delete
Lock4	RG3	Read-only

Sub1 contains the Azure policies shown in the following table.

Policy definition	Resource type	Scope
Allowed resource types	networkSecurityGroups	RG4
Not allowed resource types	virtualNetworks/subnets	RG5
Not allowed resource types	networkSecurityGroups	RG5
Not allowed resource types	virtualNetworks/virtualNetworkPeerings	RG6

Sub2

Sub2 contains the virtual networks shown in the following table.

Name	Subnet
VNetwork1	Subnet11, Subnet12, and Subnet13
VNetwork2	Subnet21

Sub2 contains the virtual machines shown in the following table.

Name	Network interface	Application security group	Connected to
VM1	NIC1	ASG1	Subnet11
VM2	NIC2	ASG2	Subnet11
VM3	NIC3	None	Subnet12
VM4	NIC4	ASG1	Subnet13
VM5	NIC5	None	Subnet21

All virtual machines have public IP addresses and the Web Server (IIS) role installed. The firewalls for each virtual machine allow ping requests and web requests.

Sub2 contains the network security groups (NSGs) shown in the following table.

Name	Associated to
NSG1	NIC2
NSG2	Subnet11
NSG3	Subnet13
NSG4	Subnet21

NSG1 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG2 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
100	80	TCP	Internet	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG3 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
100	Any	TCP	ASG1	ASG1	Allow
150	Any	Any	ASG2	VirtualNetwork	Allow
200	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG4 has the inbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
100	Any	Any	Any	Any	Allow
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	AzureLoadBalancer	Any	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

NSG1, NSG2, NSG3, and NSG4 have the outbound security rules shown in the following table.

Priority	Port	Protocol	Source	Destination	Action
65000	Any	Any	VirtualNetwork	VirtualNetwork	Allow
65001	Any	Any	Any	Internet	Allow
65500	Any	Any	Any	Any	Deny

## Technical requirements

Contoso identifies the following technical requirements:

- \* Deploy Azure Firewall to VNetwork1 in Sub2.
- \* Register an application named App2 in contoso.com.
- \* Whenever possible, use the principle of least privilege.
- \* Enable Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) for contoso.com.

Manage security operations

### Testlet 2

This is a case study. Case studies are not timed separately. You can use as much exam time as you would like to complete each case. However, there may be additional case studies and sections on this exam. You must manage your time to ensure that you are able to complete all questions included on this exam in the time provided.

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### Overview


Litware, Inc. is a digital media company that has 500 employees in the Chicago area and 20 employees in the San Francisco area.

### Existing Environment

Litware has an Azure subscription named Sub1 that has a subscription ID of 43894a43-17c2-4a39-8cfc-3540c2653ef4.

Sub1 is associated to an Azure Active Directory (Azure AD) tenant named litwareinc.com. The tenant contains the user objects and the device objects of all the Litware employees and their devices. Each user is assigned an Azure AD Premium P2 license. Azure AD Privileged Identity Management (PIM) is activated.

The tenant contains the groups shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Description
 Group1	Security group	A group that has the Dynamic User membership type, contains all the San Francisco users, and provides access to many Azure AD applications and Azure resources.
Group2	Security group	A group that has the Dynamic User membership type and contains the Chicago IT team

The Azure subscription contains the objects shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Description
VNet1	Virtual network	VNet1 is a virtual network that contains security-sensitive IT resources. VNet1 contains three subnets named Subnet0, Subnet1, and AzureFirewallSubnet.
VM0	Virtual machine	VM0 is an Azure virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2016, connects to Subnet0, and has just in time (JIT) VM access configured.
VM1	Virtual machine	VM1 is an Azure virtual machine that runs Windows Server 2016 and connects to Subnet0.
SQLDB1	Azure SQL Database	SQLDB1 is an Azure SQL database on a SQL Database server named LitwareSQLServer1.
WebApp1	Web app	WebApp1 is an Azure web app that is accessible by using https://litwareinc.com and http://www.litwareinc.com.
Resource Group1	Resource group	Resource Group1 is a resource group that contains VNet1, VM0, and VM1.
Resource Group2	Resource group	Resource Group2 is a resource group that contains shared IT resources.

Azure Security Center is set to the Free tier.

Planned changes

Litware plans to deploy the Azure resources shown in the following table.

Name	Type	Description
Firewall1	Azure Firewall	An Azure firewall on VNet1.
RT1	Route table	A route table that will contain a route pointing to Firewall1 as the default gateway and will be assigned to Subnet0.
AKS1	Azure Kubernetes Service (AKS)	A managed AKS cluster

#### Identity and Access Requirements

Litware identifies the following identity and access requirements:

- \* All San Francisco users and their devices must be members of Group1.
- \* The members of Group2 must be assigned the Contributor role to Resource Group2 by using a permanent eligible assignment.
- \* Users must be prevented from registering applications in Azure AD and from consenting to applications that access company information on the users' behalf.

#### Platform Protection Requirements

Litware identifies the following platform protection requirements:

- \* Microsoft Antimalware must be installed on the virtual machines in Resource Group1.
- \* The members of Group2 must be assigned the Azure Kubernetes Service Cluster Admin Role.
- \* Azure AD users must be able to authenticate to AKS1 by using their Azure AD credentials.
- \* Following the implementation of the planned changes, the IT team must be able to connect to VM0 by using JIT VM access.
- \* A new custom RBAC role named Role1 must be used to delegate the administration of the managed disks in Resource Group1. Role1 must be available only for Resource Group1.

#### Security Operations Requirements

Litware must be able to customize the operating system security configurations in Azure Security Center.

#### Data and Application Requirements

Litware identifies the following data and applications requirements:

- \* The users in Group2 must be able to authenticate to SQLDB1 by using their Azure AD credentials.
- \* WebApp1 must enforce mutual authentication.

#### General Requirements

Litware identifies the following general requirements:

- \* Whenever possible, administrative effort must be minimized.
- \* Whenever possible, use of automation must be minimized.

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AZ-500試験問題解説集: <https://www.it-passports.com/AZ-500.html>

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