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SAP Certified Associate - Back-End Developer - ABAP Cloud Sample Questions (Q45-Q50):

NEW QUESTION # 45

While debugging an ABAP program, you want the program to stop whenever the value of a variable changes. Which of the following do you use?

- A. Conditional breakpoint
- **B. Watchpoint**
- C. Exception breakpoint

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 46

Class super has subclass sub. Which rules are valid for the sub constructor? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. Import parameters can only be evaluated after calling the constructor of super.
- **B. The constructor of super must be called before using any components of your own instance.**
- **C. The method signature can be changed.**
- D. Events of your own instance cannot be raised before the registration of a handler in super.

Answer: B,C

Explanation:

The sub constructor is the instance constructor of the subclass sub that inherits from the superclass super. The sub constructor has some rules that it must follow when it is defined and implemented¹². Some of the valid rules are:

The method signature can be changed: This is true. The sub constructor can have a different method signature than the super constructor, which means that it can have different input parameters, output parameters, or exceptions. However, the sub constructor must still call the super constructor with appropriate actual parameters that match its interface¹².

The constructor of super must be called before using any components of your own instance: This is true. The sub constructor must ensure that the super constructor is called explicitly using super->constructor before accessing any instance components of its own class, such as attributes or methods. This is because the super constructor initializes the inherited components of the subclass and sets the self-reference me-> to the current instance¹².

You cannot do any of the following:

Import parameters can only be evaluated after calling the constructor of super: This is false. The sub constructor can evaluate its own import parameters before calling the constructor of super, as long as it does not access any instance components of its own class.

For example, the sub constructor can use its import parameters to calculate some values or check some conditions that are needed for calling the super constructor¹².

Events of your own instance cannot be raised before the registration of a handler in super: This is false. The sub constructor can raise events of its own instance before calling the constructor of super, as long as it does not access any instance components of its own class. For example, the sub constructor can raise an event to notify the consumers of the subclass about some status or error that occurred during the initialization of the subclass¹².

NEW QUESTION # 47

When you join two database tables, which of the following rules applies to the database fields you use in the join?

- A. They must have the same name, e.g. coll = coll.
- B. They must always have an alias name.
- **C. They must be compared with an ON condition.**
- D. They must be the same position in their table, for example left_table-coll = right_table-coll.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 48

When you create an exception class, what does SAP recommend you do? Note: There are 3 correct answers to this question.

- A. Inherit from cx_no_check, if you want to reuse messages from a system exception class.
- **B. Define corresponding public attributes, if you want to pass context-specific values to placeholders of a message.**
- C. Inherit from cx_static_check, if you want a warning at design time that the exception can never be raised.
- **D. Implement interface if_t100_message, if you want to reuse messages from a message class.**
- **E. Inherit from cx_static_check, if you want a warning at design time that the exception will not be caught.**

Answer: B,D,E

NEW QUESTION # 49

Which of the following is a generic internal table type?

- A. STANDARD TABLE
- B. HASHED TABLE
- **C. INDEX TABLE**
- D. SORTED TABLE

Answer: C

Explanation:

A generic internal table type is a table type that does not define all the attributes of an internal table in the ABAP Dictionary; it leaves some of these attributes undefined. A table type is generic in the following cases1:

You have selected Index Table or Not Specified as the access type.

You have not specified a table key or specified an incomplete table key.

You have specified a generic secondary table key.

A generic table type can be used only for typing formal parameters or field symbols. A generic table type cannot be used for defining data objects or constants2.

Therefore, the correct answer is B. INDEX TABLE, which is a generic table type that does not specify the access type or the table key. The other options are not generic table types, because:

A . SORTED TABLE is a table type that specifies the access type as sorted and the table key as a unique or non-unique primary key3.

C . STANDARD TABLE is a table type that specifies the access type as standard and the table key as a non-unique standard key that consists of all the fields of the table row in the order in which they are defined4.

D . HASHED TABLE is a table type that specifies the access type as hashed and the table key as a unique primary key5.

NEW QUESTION # 50

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