

GInI CInP Zertifizierung, CInP Deutsche Prüfungsfragen



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>> GInI CInP Zertifizierung <<

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GInI Certified Innovation Professional (CInP) CInP Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q130-Q135):

130. Frage

The fifth step for projects in the Front End is for teams to work toward defining an optimal solution to the problem at hand, using different Innovation Methods. Their job is to consider and test many different solution concepts, and ultimately select the concept

with the highest probability of being the optimal and ideal solution for the situation.
Select one correct answer from the list:

- **A. The concept with the highest probability of being the optimal and ideal solution for the situation**
- B. The concept with the greatest financial return to the business
- C. The concept with the highest likelihood of being popular among customers
- D. The concept with the least amount of risk associated with it

Antwort: A

Begründung:

GInI'sCInP Handbook details the Front End's fifth step as synthesizing and selecting an "optimal solution" using Innovation Methods (e.g., prototyping, testing). Teams evaluate multiple concepts to choose the one with the "highest probability of being the optimal and ideal solution"-balancing customer fit, feasibility, and value, not just popularity (A), profit (B), or risk (D). This reflects GInI's focus on holistic optimality in the Front End, before Mid Zone financials dominate. Option C matches GInI's wording, aligning with the original answer, embodying a rigorous, solution-centric approach-a GInI strategy for maximizing impact over narrow metrics. Reference:GInICInP Handbook, Section on Front End Step 5: Solution Definition.

131. Frage

For projects in the Mid Zone that pass the final decision gate, they will pass from the Mid Zone to the Back End, where they will enter into a completely different set of activities.

Select one correct answer from the list:

- **A. Pass the final decision gate**
- B. A highly detailed project plan with several layers of approvals
- C. A project post-mortem
- D. An accurate Gantt Chart

Antwort: A

Begründung:

GInI'sCInP Handbook describes the Mid Zone as culminating in a "final decision gate"-the go/no-go point where a project's business case is evaluated. Passing this gate transitions the project from Mid Zone (validation, business casing) to Back End (development, commercialization), shifting from planning to execution activities (e.g., production, launch). Option A, "Gantt Chart," is a tool, not a condition. Option B, "post-mortem," occurs after failure or completion, not transition. Option D, "detailed project plan," might support the gate but isn't the passing criterion. Option C directly states the condition-passing the gate- matching GInI's phased model and the original answer (though D was incorrectly listed; context suggests C intent). This gate is a pivotal risk filter, ensuring only validated projects consume Back End resources, a cornerstone of GInI's disciplined innovation management. Reference:GInICInP Handbook, Section on Mid Zone to Back End Transition.

132. Frage

Developing a concept further following its selection by an Evaluation Group often involves the creation of a preliminary business plan/business case for the concept.

Select one correct answer from the list:

- **A. A preliminary business plan/business case for the concept**
- B. New hypotheses behind its problem
- C. A detailed design of the concept
- D. A fully-detailed financial forecast for the concept, showing its return on investment with 95% confidence limits

Antwort: A

Begründung:

GInI'sCInP Handbook explains that post-selection in InMS Stage 3, concepts move to Stage 4, where development includes creating a "preliminary business plan/business case." This document outlines the concept's value proposition, market potential, and initial financials-enough to justify further investment without full detail. It's a Mid Zone activity, bridging evaluation to execution. "New hypotheses" (A) is Front End, pre-selection. "Detailed design" (B) is Back End, post-business case. "Fully-detailed forecast" (D) is overly precise for this stage-GInI seeks preliminary viability, not 95% confidence yet. Option C aligns with GInI's process, matching

the original answer (despite typo), reflecting a pragmatic step to validate concepts strategically-a GInI method for staged commitment.

Reference:GInICInP Handbook, Section on InMS Stage 4 Concept Development.

133. Frage

After having a number of teams conduct further validation and scoping on their respective projects in the Front End, a business is then able to ask of each one "Is it a problem worth solving?" Select one correct answer from the list:

- A. Customer they care about
- **B. Problem worth solving**
- C. Problem behind a problem
- D. Once-in-a-lifetime opportunity

Antwort: B

Begründung:

GInI'sCInP Handbooknotes that post-Front End validation and scoping, businesses assess projects by asking "Is it a problem worth solving?"-evaluating if the issue merits resources based on impact, scale, and alignment. This gatekeeping question ensures focus on significant challenges. "Once-in-a-lifetime opportunity" (A) is hyperbolic. "Customer they care about" (B) shifts to audience, not problem. "Problem behind a problem" (D) is a reframing tactic, not the decision point. Option C matches GInI's exact phrasing, aligning with the original answer, reflecting a pragmatic, value-driven filter-a GInI principle for prioritizing innovation efforts.

Reference:GInICInP Handbook, Section on Front End Project Assessment.

134. Frage

Innovation Management is largely about two activities, namely driving engagement for bottom-up participatory innovation, and then collecting, evaluating, and selecting the ideas and opportunities that result from this.

Select one correct answer from the list:

- A. Fun activities / fun ideas
- B. The business innovation program / improvement ideas
- **C. Engagement / ideas and opportunities**
- D. Mandatory participation / new suggestions

Antwort: C

Begründung:

GInI'sCInP Handbookframes Innovation Management as a dual process: "driving engagement" to foster "bottom-up participatory innovation" (e.g. via mechanisms like Innovation Tournaments) and "collecting, evaluating, and selecting the ideas and opportunities" that emerge. This reflects GInI's Innovation Management System (InMS), where broad participation generates a pipeline of concepts, filtered for viability.

"Fun activities / fun ideas" (B) trivializes the process. "The business innovation program / improvement ideas" (C) is vague and narrow (improvements vs. opportunities). "Mandatory participation / new suggestions" (D) misaligns-GInI favors voluntary engagement. Option A aligns with GInI's exact terminology, matching the original answer, showcasing a systematic, inclusive approach to harnessing creativity-a strategic GInI pillar for organizational innovation.

Reference:GInICInP Handbook, Section on Innovation Management Core Activities.

135. Frage

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