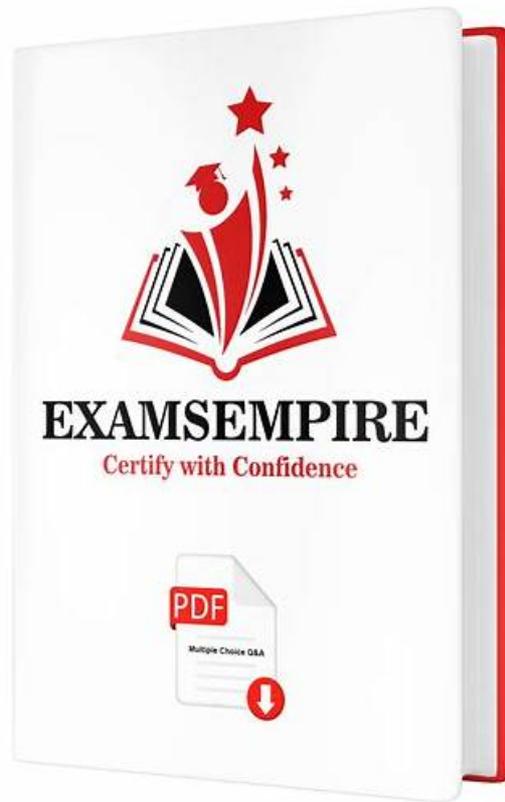


Cloud-Deployment-and-Operations Test Vce - Cloud-Deployment-and-Operations Study Dumps



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WGU Cloud-Deployment-and-Operations Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Ensuring Scalability, Elasticity, and Backup Readiness: This section of the exam measures skills of Cloud Operations Specialists and covers implementing AWS features that support scalability, elasticity, and backup readiness. It focuses on enabling cloud systems to handle fluctuating workloads while maintaining continuity and ensuring critical data remains recoverable.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Monitoring, Logging, and Issue Remediation: This section of the exam measures skills of Cloud Engineers and covers responding to issues identified through AWS monitoring and logging tools. Candidates must show they can interpret system outputs, identify problems, and take corrective actions to maintain smooth cloud operations.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Implementing Cloud Security and Compliance: This section of the exam measures skills of Cloud Engineers and covers the use of AWS security tools to protect data and infrastructure. Candidates must demonstrate awareness of compliance needs and the ability to apply protective controls that align with industry and organizational standards.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Configuring Cloud Network Connectivity: This section of the exam measures skills of Cloud Engineers and covers network connectivity within AWS environments, including setup, troubleshooting, and corrective actions. Candidates must show they can manage cloud networking in a way that ensures reliable communication between systems and services.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cloud Service Deployment and Management: This section of the exam measures skills of Cloud Engineers and covers the technical knowledge required to deploy, manage, and operate cloud services. It focuses on understanding stability, scalability, backup processes, recovery methods, and general deployment practices. Candidates are expected to show they can handle provisioning, monitoring, and connectivity tasks needed to support cloud environments.

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The WGU Cloud-Deployment-and-Operations certification is on trending nowadays, and many WGU aspirants are trying to get it. Success in the WGU Cloud Deployment and Operations (Cloud-Deployment-and-Operations) test helps you land well-paying jobs. Additionally, the WGU Cloud-Deployment-and-Operations certification exam is also beneficial to get promotions in your current company. But the main problem that every applicant faces while preparing for the Cloud-Deployment-and-Operations Certification test is not finding updated WGU Cloud-Deployment-and-Operations practice questions.

WGU Cloud Deployment and Operations Sample Questions (Q61-Q66):

NEW QUESTION # 61

(A company that uses five Elastic IP addresses does not want to request more from AWS. Which solution should be used to route requests to a healthy endpoint?)

- A. Edit the route table for the VPC
- **B. Register a DNS name to an auto-assigned public IP address**
- C. Use Systems Manager to update endpoints
- D. Adjust the TTL of the IP packets

Answer: B

Explanation:

To route requests to a healthy endpoint without requesting additional Elastic IP addresses, the company should register a DNS name to an auto-assigned public IP address using a service like Route 53. This leverages dynamic DNS to distribute traffic, reducing reliance on fixed EIPs. The WGU Cloud Deployment and Operations Study Guide (Section 3.1, Route 53) states, "Registering a DNS name with an auto-assigned public IP in Route 53 allows traffic routing to healthy instances, avoiding the need for additional Elastic IP addresses." TTL adjustment, route table edits, and Systems Manager are not relevant solutions.

NEW QUESTION # 62

(Which solution should be used to host content to be processed for Amazon Made?)

- **A. S3**
- B. DynamoDB
- C. EC2
- D. DocumentDB

Answer: A

Explanation:

Amazon S3 (Simple Storage Service) should be used to host content to be processed for Amazon Made, as it provides scalable object storage ideal for storing and retrieving large amounts of data, such as media files or documents, for processing workflows. The WGU Cloud Deployment and Operations Study Guide (Section 2.1, Amazon S3) states, "S3 is the preferred solution for hosting content to be processed by services like Amazon Made, offering durable and highly available storage with support for lifecycle policies and integration with other AWS services." DocumentDB, DynamoDB, and EC2 are not designed for this content hosting purpose.

NEW QUESTION # 63

(An administrator sees the following VPC flow log: 2 123456739010 eni-123bfecad12529 192.168.20.1 203.0.113.66 2066 22 20 7782 1645859356 1645859356 ACCEPT OK. What does the log indicate about the traffic flow?)

- A. Traffic from 203.0.113.66 to 192.168.20.1 with a source port of 22 has been permitted.
- B. Traffic from 203.0.113.66 to 192.168.20.1 with a destination port of 2066 has been permitted.
- C. Traffic from 192.168.20.1 to 203.0.113.66 with a source port of 2066 has been permitted.
- **D. Traffic from 192.168.20.1 to 203.0.113.66 with a destination port of 2066 has been permitted.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

The VPC flow log fields indicate the following: the source IP is 192.168.20.1, the destination IP is 203.0.113.66, the source port is 2066, the destination port is 22, and the action is "ACCEPT OK," meaning the traffic was permitted. This shows outbound traffic from the internal network (192.168.20.1) to an external IP (203.0.113.66) with destination port 2066. The WGU Cloud Deployment and Operations Study Guide (Section 3.2, VPC Flow Logs) states, "In a flow log, the format includes source IP, destination IP, source port, destination port, and action; for example, 192.168.20.1 to 203.0.113.66 with source port 2066 and destination port 22 indicates permitted outbound traffic." Only option C correctly interprets this flow.

NEW QUESTION # 64

(An AWS SysOps administrator needs to configure Amazon Route 53 to load balance customer requests across multiple identically configured websites. The load balancing method must ensure that the customer requests are directed to the website that offers the shortest round-trip time. Which routing policy should be used?)

- A. Weighted
- B. Geoproximity
- **C. Latency**
- D. Geolocation

Answer: C

Explanation:

The latency routing policy in Amazon Route 53 should be used to direct customer requests to the website with the shortest round-trip time (RTT). This policy routes traffic to the AWS region with the lowest latency based on the user's location, optimizing performance. The WGU Cloud Deployment and Operations Study Guide (Section 3.1, Route 53 Routing Policies) states, "The latency-based routing policy in Route 53 measures RTT to direct users to the region with the lowest latency, improving user experience across multiple websites." Geolocation, geoproximity, and weighted policies do not prioritize RTT in this manner.

NEW QUESTION # 65

(What can AWS Config directly invoke to cause remediation of findings?)

- A. CloudWatch alarm
- B. Systems Manager document
- **C. Lambda function**
- D. Control Tower guardrail

Answer: C

Explanation:

