

# NCP-MCI-7.5専門知識、NCP-MCI-7.5勉強の資料



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>> NCP-MCI-7.5専門知識 <<

## NCP-MCI-7.5勉強の資料 & NCP-MCI-7.5日本語的中対策

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**Nutanix Certified Professional - Multicloud Infrastructure (NCP-MCI) 7.5 認定 NCP-MCI-7.5 試験問題 (Q74-Q79):**

#### 質問 # 74

An administrator attempts to provision a VM using remote storage, but the target container does not appear in the dropdown list. What is the most likely explanation?

- A. The storage container does not have a reservation.
- **B. The Storage Container Type is not set as Shared.**
- C. The Container Name Length is 70 characters.
- D. The Container Name contains a hyphen(-).

正解: B

解説:

In Nutanix Elastic VM Storage and shared-storage workflows, the container used across clusters must be created as a Shared storage container. Nutanix documentation for storage container management and container creation in Prism Central explicitly references Creating a Shared Storage Container and Creating a VM with Shared Storage from another HCI Cluster. If the container is not defined as Shared, it will not be eligible for the remote-storage VM placement workflow, so it will not appear as a valid target in the dropdown. ( Nutanix Portal ) The distractors are there to pull attention toward naming and capacity details, but those are not the gating requirement for remote shared-storage presentation. A reservation setting affects capacity planning, not whether the container is exposed as a remote shared-storage option. Hyphens in names and the specific length shown are not the documented reason the container would be absent from this workflow. Nutanix treats shared cross-cluster storage as a specific container type and workflow. Therefore, if the remote container is missing during provisioning, the most likely explanation is that the container type was not configured as Shared. ( Nutanix Portal )

#### 質問 # 75

The administrator noticed, in the past hour, a VM is showing:

CPU ready time > 5%

Memory swap rate > 0 Kbps

Host I/O Stargate CPU usage > 85%

What type of VM displays these characteristics?

- A. Inactive VM
- B. Over-provisioned VM
- **C. Constrained VM**
- D. Bully VM

正解: C

解説:

Nutanix Intelligent Operations documentation for behavioral learning and VM right-sizing identifies several thresholds used to detect resource pressure, including CPU ready time > 5% and memory swap rate > 0 Kbps.

Those are direct indicators that the VM is experiencing contention rather than simply being oversized or idle.

A VM in that state is not comfortably provisioned; it is operating under resource pressure. Nutanix uses the term constrained VM for workloads that are lacking sufficient resources and therefore show signs of stress such as CPU wait, memory swapping, or storage-path pressure. That makes C the correct answer.

The high Host I/O Stargate CPU usage strengthens the case that this is an under-served or stressed workload rather than an inactive or over-provisioned one. An inactive VM would not show these pressure signals. An over-provisioned VM typically wastes allocated resources but does not struggle for them. A bully VM consumes disproportionate resources and affects others, but the threshold clues given in Nutanix right-sizing guidance map more directly to a VM that is constrained. Therefore the most accurate category for these observed characteristics is C. Constrained VM.

#### 質問 # 76

An administrator is tasked with configuring a remote site for Data Protection. At the source site, the VMs are in a storage container named Marketing, but they need the data to be replicated to a storage container named Backups at the destination site.

What must be configured in order to accomplish this goal?

- A. Network mapping
- **B. vStore mapping**
- C. vStore PD
- D. Network Compression

正解: B

解説:

In Nutanix PD-based disaster recovery, when the source storage container name and the destination storage container name are different, the administrator must explicitly configure a vStore mapping. Nutanix documentation says that each vStores entry maps a local source storage container to a remote target storage container. Nutanix also documents that if you want replication from a local vStore to a remote vStore with different names, you provide the mapping between the local and target containers. That is exactly what this question is asking: source container Marketing, destination container Backups, and replication must know how those two names correspond. ( Nutanix Portal ) The other choices do not control storage-container placement for replicated data. Network mapping is about network connectivity for failover or recovery testing, not where the storage data lands. Network compression is unrelated to container targeting. vStore PD is not the Nutanix feature name that solves this requirement. Nutanix's own remote-container best-practice guidance recommends establishing vStore mappings so the target container is deterministic and properly aligned to the protection design. Therefore, the correct and authentic Nutanix answer is C. vStore mapping. ( Nutanix Portal )

質問 # 77

An administrator is running Nutanix Cluster Check (NCC) in the Prism Element web console. The administrator is not able to collect the logs.  
What could be causing this?

- A. Nutanix cannot collect the logs while running NCC.
- B. Nutanix cannot collect logs within Prism Element.
- C. Log collection can only be done from the command line.
- D. Logs can only be collected via a Syslog collector.

正解: A

解説:

Nutanix documentation confirms that Prism Element supports both NCC execution and log collection from the web console, so options A and B are incorrect. However, Nutanix also distinguishes running checks from collecting logs as separate actions. Operationally, if the administrator is actively running NCC at that moment, log collection is not available until that task is no longer in progress. That is why the most likely explanation is that logs cannot be collected while NCC is running. ( Nutanix ) This is a classic UI workflow question. Nutanix does allow log bundle collection from the web console, and newer NCC/Logbay capabilities even extend collection options further. But that does not mean every action is available concurrently. The supported mental model is: run checks, review output, then collect logs as needed. Since the question specifically says the administrator is running NCC and is not able to collect logs, the best explanation is the conflict between those two operations at the same time. Therefore, D is the correct answer. ( Nutanix )

質問 # 78

As part of a resource planning exercise, an administrator observes that a significant number of guest VMs are consistently using less than half of their allocated resources. Which VM profile in Prism Central best categorizes these VMs?

- A. Constrained
- B. Bully
- C. Inactive
- D. Over-provisioned

正解: D

解説:

In Prism Central behavioral learning and VM efficiency views, Nutanix defines an over-provisioned VM as one that is oversized and wasting resources that are not actually needed. If a VM is consistently using less than half of what has been allocated, it is a classic over-provisioning signal: the VM has more CPU and/or memory assigned than its real workload profile requires. ( Nutanix Portal ) The wrong options each represent a different operational pattern. An inactive VM is largely idle. A constrained VM lacks sufficient resources and typically shows signs of pressure, contention, or poor performance. A bully VM consumes disproportionate resources and can negatively affect neighbors. None of those fit the scenario of consistently low utilization relative to allocated sizing. Nutanix includes these VM efficiency categories so administrators can right-size workloads and reclaim capacity before buying more infrastructure. In a resource planning exercise, identifying over-provisioned VMs is especially important because right-sizing them

can delay expansion and improve overall efficiency. That is why D is the correct classification. ( Nutanix Portal )

## 質問 #79

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**NCP-MCI-7.5勉強の資料:** <https://www.tech4exam.com/NCP-MCI-7.5-pass-shiken.html>

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