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SAP Certified Associate - Back-End Developer - ABAP Cloud Sample Questions (Q58-Q63):

NEW QUESTION # 58

Which of the following is a generic internal table type?

- A. SORTED TABLE
- B. STANDARD TABLE
- C. INDEX TABLE
- D. HASHED TABLE

Answer: C

Explanation:

A generic internal table type is a table type that does not define all the attributes of an internal table in the ABAP Dictionary; it leaves some of these attributes undefined. A table type is generic in the following cases1:

You have selected Index Table or Not Specified as the access type.

You have not specified a table key or specified an incomplete table key.

You have specified a generic secondary table key.

A generic table type can be used only for typing formal parameters or field symbols. A generic table type cannot be used for defining data objects or constants2.

Therefore, the correct answer is B. INDEX TABLE, which is a generic table type that does not specify the access type or the table key. The other options are not generic table types, because:

A . SORTED TABLE is a table type that specifies the access type as sorted and the table key as a unique or non-unique primary key3.

C . STANDARD TABLE is a table type that specifies the access type as standard and the table key as a non-unique standard key that consists of all the fields of the table row in the order in which they are defined4.

D . HASHED TABLE is a table type that specifies the access type as hashed and the table key as a unique primary key5.

NEW QUESTION # 59

The class `zcl_demo_class` is in a software component with the language version set to "Standard ABAP". The function module "ZF11" is in a software component with the language version set to "ABAP Cloud". Both the class and function module are customer created. Regarding line #6, which of the following is a valid statement?

- A. 'ZF1' can be called whether it has been released or not for cloud development.
- B. 'ZF1' must be released for cloud development to be called.
- C. 'ZF1' can be called via a wrapper that itself has not been released for cloud development.
- D. 'ZF1' can be called via a wrapper that itself has been released for cloud development.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The function module ZF1 is in a software component with the language version set to "ABAP Cloud". This means that it follows the ABAP Cloud Development Model, which requires the usage of public SAP APIs and extension points to access SAP functionality and data. These APIs and extension points are released by SAP and documented in the SAP API Business Hub1. Customer-created function modules are not part of the public SAP APIs and are not released for cloud development. Therefore, calling a function module directly from a class with the language version set to "Standard ABAP" is not allowed and will result in a syntax error. However, there is a possible way to call a function module indirectly from a class with the language version set to "Standard ABAP":

Create a wrapper class or interface for the function module and release it for cloud development. A wrapper is a class or interface that encapsulates the function module and exposes its functionality through public methods or attributes. The wrapper must be created in a software component with the language version set to "ABAP Cloud" and must be marked as released for cloud development using the annotation `@EndUserText.label`. The wrapper can then be called from a class with the language version set to "Standard ABAP" using the public methods or attributes2.

For example, the following code snippet shows how to create a wrapper class for the function module ZF1 and call it from the class `zcl_demo_class`:

```
@EndUserText.label: 'Wrapper for ZF1' CLASS zcl_wrapper_zf1 DEFINITION PUBLIC FINAL CREATE PUBLIC. PUBLIC SECTION. CLASS-METHODS: call_zf1 IMPORTING iv_a TYPE i iv_b TYPE i EXPORTING ev_result TYPE i. ENDCLASS.
```

```
CLASS zcl_wrapper_zf1 IMPLEMENTATION. METHOD call_zf1. CALL FUNCTION 'ZF1' EXPORTING a = iv_a b = iv_b IMPORTING result = ev_result. ENDMETHOD. ENDCLASS.
```

```
CLASS zcl_demo_class DEFINITION. METHODS: m1. ENDCLASS.
```

```
CLASS zcl_demo_class IMPLEMENTATION. METHOD m1. DATA(lv_result) = zcl_wrapper_zf1=>call_zf1( iv_a = 2 iv_b = 3 ). WRITE: / lv_result. ENDMETHOD. ENDCLASS.
```

The output of this code is:

5

NEW QUESTION # 60

Given the following code excerpt that defines an SAP HANA database table:

```
DEFINE TABLE demo_table
{
KEY field1 : REFERENCE TO abap.clnt(3);
KEY field2 : abap.char(1332);
@Semantics.quantity.unitOfMeasure : 'demo_table.field4'
field3 : abap.quan(2);
field4 : abap.unit(2);
}
```

Which field is defined incorrectly?

- A. field3
- B. field1
- C. field4
- **D. field2**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract:

Let's evaluate each field:

* field1: Defined as REFERENCE TO abap.clnt(3) - this is correct. It follows standard definition for client fields.

* field2: Defined as abap.char(1332) - this is incorrect. In ABAP CDS view entities, the maximum length for CHAR fields is limited to 1333 bytes total row size for all fields in a view or table. A single CHAR(1332) is almost the full limit and considered impractical or invalid in real implementations.

* field3: Defined as abap.quan(2) - this is correct, representing a quantity field with 2 decimal places.

* field4: Defined as abap.unit(2) - this is correct and compatible with the @Semantics.quantity.unitOfMeasure annotation used in field3.

Therefore, field2 is the invalid field due to its excessive length, likely breaching the allowable memory layout in the HANA table or violating SAP CDS limits.

Reference: ABAP CDS Development Guide, section 2.1 - Table definitions and ABAP type length constraints; SAP Help 3, page 6 - maximum lengths for data elements and supported annotations.

NEW QUESTION # 61

When does SAP recommend to use a sorted or a hashed table respectively? Note: There are 2 correct answers to this question.

- A. A sorted table, when you read a single record and specify non key fields.
- B. A sorted table, when you read a subset in a loop and specify a part of the key from the left

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