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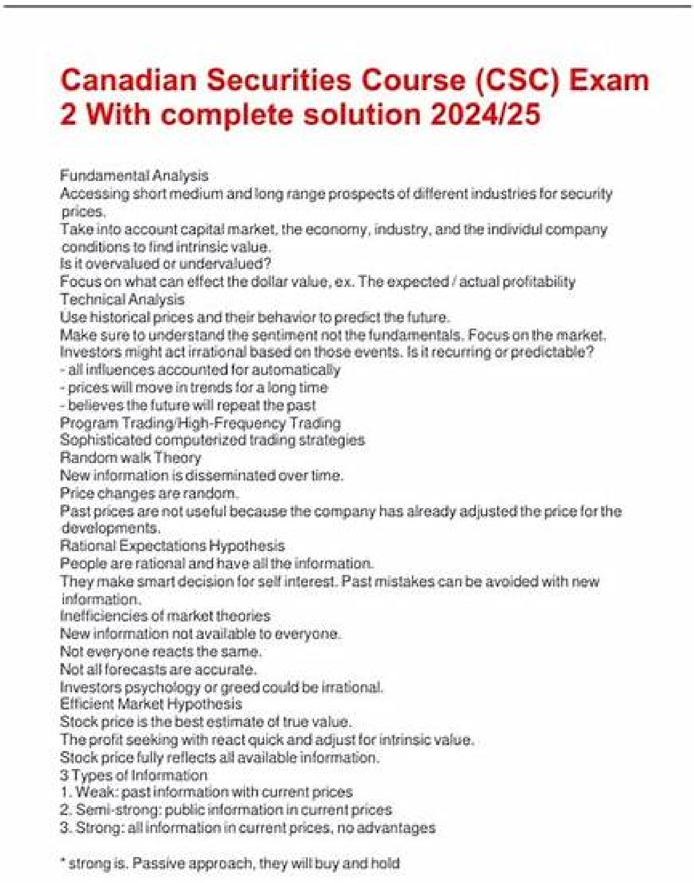

Canadian Securities Course (CSC) Exam 2 With complete solution 2024/25

Fundamental Analysis
Accessing short medium and long range prospects of different industries for security prices.
Take into account capital market, the economy, industry, and the individul company conditions to find intrinsic value.
Is it overvalued or undervalued?
Focus on what can effect the dollar value, ex. The expected / actual profitability
Technical Analysis
Use historical prices and their behavior to predict the future.
Make sure to understand the sentiment not the fundamentals. Focus on the market.
Investors might act irrational based on those events. Is it recurring or predictable?
- all influences accounted for automatically
- prices will move in trends for a long time
- believes the future will repeat the past
Program Trading/High-Frequency Trading
Sophisticated computerized trading strategies
Random walk Theory
New information is disseminated over time.
Price changes are random.
Past prices are not useful because the company has already adjusted the price for the developments.
Rational Expectations Hypothesis
People are rational and have all the information.
They make smart decision for self interest. Past mistakes can be avoided with new information.
Inefficiencies of market theories
New information not available to everyone.
Not everyone reacts the same.
Not all forecasts are accurate.
Investors psychology or greed could be irrational.
Efficient Market Hypothesis
Stock price is the best estimate of true value.
The profit seeking with react quick and adjust for intrinsic value.
Stock price fully reflects all available information.
3 Types of Information
1. Weak: past information with current prices
2. Semi-strong: public information in current prices
3. Strong: all information in current prices, no advantages

* strong is. Passive approach, they will buy and hold

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CSI CSC2 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	• Portfolio Analysis: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Portfolio Manager and covers portfolio management approaches including risk and return measurement, portfolio optimization strategies, management styles, and the complete portfolio management process from objective setting to performance evaluation and rebalancing.
Topic 2	• Investment Products: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Investment Products Analyst and covers fixed-income securities features, pricing, and trading; equity securities including common and preferred shares; derivatives including options, forwards, futures, rights and warrants; and the characteristics and uses of all these investment instruments in Canadian markets.
Topic 3	• Additional Topics: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Wealth Management Professional and covers Canadian taxation systems, tax-advantaged accounts, fee-based account structures, retail client financial planning and estate planning, institutional client management, and ethical standards for financial advisors serving both individual and institutional clients.
Topic 4	• The Corporation: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Corporate Finance Analyst and covers corporate structures, financial statements, disclosure requirements, investor rights, financing methods, capital raising processes, prospectus requirements, securities distribution, and exchange listing procedures for corporations.

CSI Canadian Securities Course Exam2 Sample Questions (Q141-Q146):

NEW QUESTION # 141
The consumer price index was 125.9 in December of last year and 123.0 in December of the year before What was the inflation rate last year?

- A. 1.02%
- B. 0.98%
- C. 2.30%
- D. 2.36%

Answer: D

Explanation:
The inflation rate is calculated using the formula:
Inflation Rate=CPIcurrent#CPIpreviousCPIprevious×100\text{Inflation Rate} = \frac{\text{CPI}_{\text{current}} - \text{CPI}_{\text{previous}}}{\text{CPI}_{\text{previous}}} \times 100Inflation Rate=CPIpreviousCPIcurrent#CPIprevious×100
Substitute the given values:
Inflation Rate=125.9#123.0123.0×100=2.9123.0×100#2.36%\text{Inflation Rate} = \frac{125.9 - 123.0}{123.0} \times 100 = \frac{2.9}{123.0} \times 100 \approx 2.36\%Inflation Rate=123.0125.9#123.0×100=123.02.9×100#2.36%
* B. 2.30%: This is close but results from rounding errors or miscalculation.
* C. 0.98% and D. 1.02%: These values are far below the correct inflation rate calculated using the formula.
Reference:CSC Volume 1, Chapter 4, "Measuring Inflation - Consumer Price Index" explains how to calculate inflation using CPI values.

NEW QUESTION # 142

What is name of the procedure used to calculate the income deemed to have been earned by segregated fund contract holders?

- A. Redemption.
- B. Allocation.
- C. Distribution.
- D. Payout.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 143
What is the main benefit of investing in preferred shares?

- A. Higher potential for capital appreciation than common shares.
- B. Priority to receive fixed dividends ahead of common shareholders.
- C. Guaranteed dividend payment.
- D. Priority to claim assets ahead of debt holders.

Answer: B

Explanation:
Preferred shares provide investors withpriority to receive fixed dividends ahead of common shareholders.
This fixed income feature makes preferred shares similar to debt instruments but with characteristics of equity. While preferred shareholders have no guaranteed dividend payment (subject to the company's discretion and profitability), they are entitled to receive dividends before any distribution to common shareholders.
Preferred shares do not have a higher potential for capital appreciation compared to common shares, as they are typically designed for income rather than growth. Additionally, preferred shareholders have a lower claim on assets compared to debt holders.

NEW QUESTION # 144
Franco purchased an ETF in his non-registered account, and his total adjusted cost base in year 1 was
$30,000. The ETF distributes income each year. And this reinvested distribution total was $1,750. The ETF also distributes a return of capital of $850. What would Franco's total capital gain be if the sold the ETF for
$39,000?

- A. $8,100
- B. $9,000
- C. $6,400
- D. $,250

Answer: A

Explanation:
To calculate Franco's total capital gain, we adjust the adjusted cost base (ACB) for reinvested distributions and return of capital (ROC).
* Initial ACB: $30,000.
* Add Reinvested Distributions: Reinvested distributions increase the ACB.30,000+1,750=31,75030,000
+ 1,750 = 31,75030,000+1,750=31,750
* Subtract Return of Capital: ROC reduces the ACB.31,750#850=30,90031,750 - 850 = 30,90031,750
#850=30,900
* Calculate the Capital Gain: Subtract the adjusted ACB from the sale price.39,000#30,900=8,10039,000
- 30,900 = 8,10039,000#30,900=8,100
* A. $1,250: Incorrect, likely a miscalculation of adjusted ACB.
* B. $8,100: Correct, based on accurate ACB adjustments and sale price.
* C. $6,400: Incorrect, ignores reinvested distributions.
* D. $9,000: Incorrect, ignores the impact of ROC adjustments on ACB.
:
CSC Volume 2, Chapter 19: Adjusted Cost Base Calculations, which explains the impact of reinvested distributions and ROC on capital gains.

NEW QUESTION # 145
What responsibility falls on the buy-side portfolio manager?

- A. To maintain constant contact with the investment dealer counterparties.
- B. To inform the trade about the market conditions and risks.
- C. To busy securities in the market on demand to maintain liquidity in a security.
- D. To provide pertinent market information to the department heads of various asset classes.

Answer: B

Explanation:
The buy-side portfolio manager is responsible for managing investments on behalf of institutional or retail clients. A critical responsibility is to provide the buy-side trader with pertinent market information and analysis of risks to ensure that trades are executed effectively and aligned with the investment strategy.
* Explanation of Options:
* A. Maintain Liquidity: Incorrect. This is more relevant to market makers or sell-side dealers who provide liquidity in the market.
* B. Contact with Dealers: Incorrect. While buy-side managers interact with dealers, their primary role is to strategize, not to maintain constant contact.
* C. Informing Traders: Correct. Buy-side managers analyze risks and market conditions and pass this information to traders for execution.
* D. Provide Information to Department Heads: Incorrect. This is not a core responsibility of buy- side portfolio managers.
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CSC Volume 2, Chapter 27: Responsibilities of buy-side portfolio managers and their interactions with traders.

NEW QUESTION # 146
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