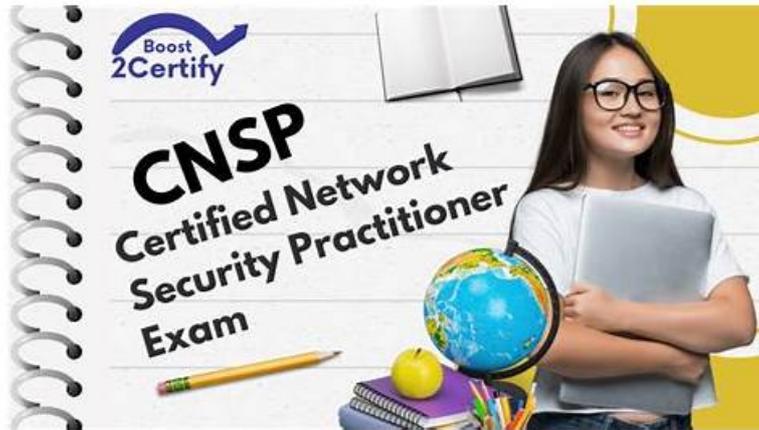


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The SecOps Group CNSP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Social Engineering attacks: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Analysts and addresses the human element of security breaches. It describes common tactics used to manipulate users, emphasizes awareness training, and highlights how social engineering can bypass technical safeguards.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TCP • IP (Protocols and Networking Basics): This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Analysts and covers the fundamental principles of TCP • IP, explaining how data moves through different layers of the network. It emphasizes the roles of protocols in enabling communication between devices and sets the foundation for understanding more advanced topics.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Network Architectures, Mapping, and Target Identification: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Engineers and reviews different network designs, illustrating how to diagram and identify potential targets in a security context. It stresses the importance of accurate network mapping for efficient troubleshooting and defense.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Engineers and explains how to verify the security and performance of various services running on a network. It focuses on identifying weaknesses in configurations and protocols that could lead to unauthorized access or data leaks.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Database Security Basics: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Engineers and covers how databases can be targeted for unauthorized access. It explains the importance of strong authentication, encryption, and regular auditing to ensure that sensitive data remains protected.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Testing Web Servers and Frameworks: This section of the exam measures skills of Security Analysts and examines how to assess the security of web technologies. It looks at configuration issues, known vulnerabilities, and the impact of unpatched frameworks on the overall security posture.

Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • TLS Security Basics: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Analysts and outlines the process of securing network communication through encryption. It highlights how TLS ensures data integrity and confidentiality, emphasizing certificate management and secure configurations.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Network Discovery Protocols: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Analysts and examines how protocols like ARP, ICMP, and SNMP enable the detection and mapping of network devices. It underlines their importance in security assessments and network monitoring.
Topic 9	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Cryptography: This section of the exam measures the skills of Security Analysts and focuses on basic encryption and decryption methods used to protect data in transit and at rest. It includes an overview of algorithms, key management, and the role of cryptography in maintaining data confidentiality.
Topic 10	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This section of the exam measures skills of Network Engineers and explores the utility of widely used software for scanning, monitoring, and troubleshooting networks. It clarifies how these tools help in detecting intrusions and verifying security configurations.
Topic 11	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Common vulnerabilities affecting Windows Services: This section of the exam measures the skills of Network Engineers and focuses on frequently encountered weaknesses in core Windows components. It underscores the need to patch, configure, and monitor services to prevent privilege escalation and unauthorized use.

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The SecOps Group Certified Network Security Practitioner Sample Questions (Q36-Q41):

NEW QUESTION # 36

What is the response from a closed UDP port which is not behind a firewall?

- A. No response
- **B. ICMP message showing Destination Unreachable**
- C. None of the above
- D. A RST packet

Answer: B

Explanation:

UDP is a connectionless protocol, and its behavior when a packet reaches a port depends on whether the port is open or closed. Without a firewall altering the response, the standard protocol applies.

Why A is correct: When a UDP packet is sent to a closed port, the host typically responds with an ICMP Type 3 (Destination Unreachable), Code 3 (Port Unreachable) message, indicating no service is listening. CNSP notes this as a key indicator in port scanning.

Why other options are incorrect:

B: RST packets are TCP-specific, not used in UDP.

C: No response occurs for open UDP ports unless an application replies, not closed ports.

D: A is correct, so "none of the above" is invalid.

NEW QUESTION # 37

On a Microsoft Windows operating system, what does the following command do?
net localgroup Sales Sales_domain /add

- A. Add a new user to the local group Sales
- B. Add a local group Sales to the domain group
- **C. Add a domain group to the local group Sales**
- D. Display the list of the users of a local group Sales

Answer: C

Explanation:

The net localgroup command manages local group memberships on Windows systems, with syntax dictating its action.

Why B is correct: net localgroup Sales Sales_domain /add adds the domain group Sales_domain to the local group Sales, granting its members local group privileges. CNSP covers this for privilege escalation testing.

Why other options are incorrect:

A: Displaying users requires net localgroup Sales without /add.

C: Adding a user requires a username, not a group name like Sales_domain.

D: The reverse (local to domain) uses net group, not net localgroup.

NEW QUESTION # 38

Which SMB (Server Message Block) network protocol version introduced support for encrypting SMB traffic?

- **A. SMBv3**
- B. SMBv2
- C. SMBv1
- D. None of the above

Answer: A

Explanation:

The SMB protocol, used for file and printer sharing, has evolved across versions, with significant security enhancements in later iterations.

Why C is correct: SMBv3, introduced with Windows 8 and Server 2012, added native support for encrypting SMB traffic. This feature uses AES-CCM encryption to protect data in transit, addressing vulnerabilities in earlier versions. CNSP notes SMBv3's encryption as a critical security improvement.

Why other options are incorrect:

A . SMBv1: Lacks encryption support and is considered insecure, often disabled due to vulnerabilities like WannaCry exploitation.

B . SMBv2: Introduces performance improvements but does not support encryption natively.

D . None of the above: Incorrect, as SMBv3 is the version that introduced encryption.

NEW QUESTION # 39

What ports does an MSSQL server typically use?

- A. 1433/TCP, 2433/UDP, and 1434/TCP
- B. 1433/TCP, 2433/UDP, and 3433/TCP
- **C. 1433/TCP, 1434/UDP, and 1434/TCP**
- D. 1533/TCP, 1434/UDP, and 2434/TCP

Answer: C

Explanation:

Microsoft SQL Server (MSSQL) relies on specific ports for its core services, as defined by Microsoft and registered with IANA:
1433/TCP: The default port for the SQL Server Database Engine. Clients connect here for querying databases (e.g., via ODBC or JDBC). It's a well-known port, making it a frequent target for attacks if exposed.

1434/UDP: Used by the SQL Server Browser Service, which listens for incoming requests and redirects clients to the correct port/instance (especially for named instances). It's critical for discovering dynamic ports when 1433 isn't used.

1434/TCP: Less commonly highlighted but used in some configurations, such as dedicated admin connections (DAC) or when the Browser Service responds over TCP for specific instances. While 1433/TCP is the primary engine port, 1434/TCP can be involved in multi-instance setups.

Technical Details:

Ports can be customized (e.g., via SQL Server Configuration Manager), but these are defaults.

Named instances often use dynamic ports (allocated from the ephemeral range), with the Browser Service (1434/UDP) guiding clients to them.

Firewalls must allow these ports for MSSQL to function externally, posing risks if not secured (e.g., brute-force attacks on 1433/TCP).

Security Implications: CNSP likely covers MSSQL port security, as vulnerabilities like SQL Slammer (2003) exploited 1434/UDP misconfigurations. Hardening includes restricting access, changing defaults, and monitoring traffic.

Why other options are incorrect:

A . 1433/TCP, 2433/UDP, 3433/TCP: 2433/UDP and 3433/TCP are not MSSQL standards; they're likely typos or unrelated ports.

C . 1433/TCP, 2433/UDP, 1434/TCP: 2433/UDP is incorrect; 1434/UDP is the Browser Service port.

D . 1533/TCP, 1434/UDP, 2434/TCP: 1533/TCP and 2434/TCP aren't associated with MSSQL; they deviate from documented defaults.

Real-World Context: Tools like netstat -an | find "1433" on Windows confirm MSSQL's port usage during audits.

NEW QUESTION # 40

Which one of the following is not an online attack?

- A. Rainbow table attack
- B. Brute force attack
- C. Password spraying attack
- D. Phishing attack

Answer: A

Explanation:

Online attacks require real-time interaction with a target system (e.g., a login interface), whereas offline attacks occur without direct system interaction, typically after obtaining data like password hashes. A rainbow table attack is an offline method that uses precomputed tables of hash values to reverse-engineer passwords from stolen hash databases, distinguishing it from the other options, which are online.

Why B is correct: Rainbow table attacks are performed offline after an attacker has already acquired a hash (e.g., from a compromised database). The attacker matches the hash against precomputed tables to find the plaintext password, requiring no interaction with the target system during the attack. CNSP classifies this as an offline password recovery technique.

Why other options are incorrect:

A: Brute force attacks involve repeatedly submitting password guesses to a live system (e.g., via SSH or a web login), making it an online attack.

C: Password spraying attacks test a few common passwords across many accounts on a live system, also an online attack aimed at avoiding lockouts.

D: Phishing attacks trick users into submitting credentials through fake interfaces (e.g., emails or websites), requiring real-time interaction and thus classified as online.

NEW QUESTION # 41

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