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The CIPP-E certification exam is administered by the International Association of Privacy Professionals (IAPP), which is the largest and most comprehensive global information privacy community. It is a 90-minute exam that consists of 70 multiple-choice questions. CIPP-E Exam covers a wide range of topics including data protection laws, data processing principles, data subject rights, accountability, and much more.

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IAPP CIPP/E certification is an essential credential for privacy professionals working in Europe. Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) certification provides a comprehensive understanding of European data protection laws, including the GDPR and ePrivacy Directive. Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) certification exam is challenging, and passing it demonstrates a high level of expertise and knowledge in data protection. The CIPP/E certification is globally recognized and respected, and it is an excellent investment for anyone looking to advance their career in privacy and data protection.

IAPP Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) Sample Questions (Q61-Q66):

NEW QUESTION # 61

SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next question:

Joe is the new privacy manager for Who-R-U, a Canadian business that provides DNA analysis. The company is headquartered in Montreal, and all of its employees are located there. The company offers its services to Canadians only. Its website is in English and French, it accepts only Canadian currency, and it blocks internet traffic from outside of Canada (although this solution doesn't prevent all non-Canadian traffic). It also declines to process orders that request the DNA report to be sent outside of Canada, and returns orders that show a non-Canadian return address.

Bob, the President of Who-R-U, thinks there is a lot of interest for the product in the EU, and the company is exploring a number of plans to expand its customer base.

The first plan, colloquially called We-Track-U, will use an app to collect information about its current Canadian customer base. The

expansion will allow its Canadian customers to use the app while traveling abroad. He suggests that the company use this app to gather location information. If the plan shows promise, Bob proposes to use push notifications and text messages to encourage existing customers to pre-register for an EU version of the service. Bob calls this work plan, We-Text-U. Once the company has gathered enough pre-registrations, it will develop EU-specific content and services.

Another plan is called Customer for Life. The idea is to offer additional services through the company's app, like storage and sharing of DNA information with other applications and medical providers. The company's contract says that it can keep customer DNA indefinitely, and use it to offer new services and market them to customers. It also says that customers agree not to withdraw direct marketing consent. Paul, the marketing director, suggests that the company should fully exploit these provisions, and that it can work around customers' attempts to withdraw consent because the contract invalidates them.

The final plan is to develop a brand presence in the EU. The company has already begun this process. It is in the process of purchasing the naming rights for a building in Germany, which would come with a few offices that Who-R-U executives can use while traveling internationally. The office doesn't include any technology or infrastructure; rather, it's simply a room with a desk and some chairs.

On a recent trip concerning the naming-rights deal, Bob's laptop is stolen. The laptop held unencrypted DNA reports on 5,000 Who-R-U customers, all of whom are residents of Canada. The reports include customer name, birthdate, ethnicity, racial background, names of relatives, gender, and occasionally health information.

The Customer for Life plan may conflict with which GDPR provision?

- A. Article 7, which requires consent to be as easy to withdraw as it is to give.
- B. Article 20, which gives data subjects a right to data portability.
- C. Article 16, which provides data subjects with a rights to rectification.
- D. Article 6, which requires processing to be lawful.

Answer: A

Explanation:

The Customer for Life plan may conflict with Article 7 of the GDPR, which states that "the data subject shall have the right to withdraw his or her consent at any time" and that "it shall be as easy to withdraw as to give consent" 1. The plan violates this principle by stating that customers agree not to withdraw direct marketing consent and that the company can ignore any attempts to do so. This is not a valid way of obtaining or maintaining consent, as consent must be freely given, specific, informed and unambiguous 2. Moreover, the plan may also conflict with Article 21 of the GDPR, which gives data subjects the right to object to direct marketing at any time 3. References: 1: Article 7(3) of the GDPR 2: Article 4(11) of the GDPR 3: Article 21 (2) of the GDPR I hope this helps. If you have any other questions, please feel free to ask. #

NEW QUESTION # 62

A company plans to transfer employee health information between two of its entities in France. To maintain the security of the processing, what would be the most important security measure to apply to the health data transmission?

- A. Inform the data subject of the security measures in place.
- B. Conduct a data protection impact assessment.
- C. Encrypt the transferred data in transit and at rest.
- D. Ensure that the receiving entity has signed a data processing agreement.

Answer: C

Explanation:

According to Article 32 of the GDPR, the controller and the processor shall implement appropriate technical and organisational measures to ensure a level of security appropriate to the risk, including the pseudonymisation and encryption of personal data. Encryption is a key security measure to protect the confidentiality, integrity and availability of personal data, especially when it is transferred between different entities or locations. Encryption ensures that only authorised parties can access and modify the data, and prevents unauthorised or unlawful access, disclosure, alteration or destruction. Encryption also reduces the risk of data breaches and the potential harm to the data subjects. Therefore, encrypting the transferred data in transit and at rest would be the most important security measure to apply to the health data transmission. Reference:

Article 32 of the GDPR

IAPP CIPP/E Study Guide, page 58

NEW QUESTION # 63

Which of the following is an accurate statement regarding the "one-stop-shop" mechanism of the GDPR?

- A. It applies only to direct enforcement of data protection supervisory authorities (e.g. finding a breach), but not to initiating or engaging in court proceedings
- B. It can result in several lead supervisory authorities in the EU assuming competence over the same data processing activities of an organization.
- C. It gives competence to the lead supervisory authority to address privacy issues derived from processes carried out by public authorities established in different countries.
- D. It allows supervisory authorities concerned (other than the lead supervisory authority) to act against organizations in exceptional cases even if they do not have any type of establishment in the Member State of the respective authority.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 64

An employee of company ABCD has just noticed a memory stick containing records of client data, including their names, addresses and full contact details has disappeared. The data on the stick is unencrypted and in clear text. It is uncertain what has happened to the stick at this stage, but it likely was lost during the travel of an employee. What should the company do?

- A. Immediately notify all the customers of the company that their information has been accessed by an unauthorized person.
- B. Launch an investigation and if nothing is found within one month, notify the data protection supervisory authority.
- C. Invoke the "disproportionate effort" exception under Article 33 to postpone notifying data subjects until more information can be gathered.
- D. Notify as soon as possible the data protection supervisory authority that a data breach may have taken place.

Answer: D

Explanation:

The GDPR requires that in the case of a personal data breach, the controller shall without undue delay and, where feasible, not later than 72 hours after having become aware of it, notify the personal data breach to the supervisory authority competent in accordance with Article 55, unless the personal data breach is unlikely to result in a risk to the rights and freedoms of natural persons¹. A personal data breach means a breach of security leading to the accidental or unlawful destruction, loss, alteration, unauthorised disclosure of, or access to, personal data transmitted, stored or otherwise processed². In this scenario, the company ABCD is the controller of the client data, and the loss of the memory stick containing unencrypted and clear text personal data is a personal data breach that may pose a risk to the rights and freedoms of the data subjects, such as identity theft, fraud, financial loss, or reputational damage. Therefore, the company ABCD should notify the data protection supervisory authority as soon as possible, and provide the information specified in Article 33 (3) of the GDPR, such as the nature of the breach, the categories and number of data subjects and personal data records concerned, the likely consequences of the breach, and the measures taken or proposed to address the breach¹. Option A is the correct answer, as it reflects the obligation of the controller under the GDPR.

Options B, C and D are incorrect, as they do not comply with the GDPR requirements. Option B would delay the notification beyond the 72-hour deadline, which could result in administrative fines or other sanctions³. Option C would misuse the "disproportionate effort" exception, which only applies to the communication of the breach to the data subjects, not to the notification to the supervisory authority, and only when the controller has implemented appropriate technical and organisational protection measures, such as encryption, that render the personal data unintelligible to any person who is not authorised to access it⁴. Option D would prematurely notify the customers of the company without first notifying the supervisory authority, and without assessing the level of risk and the necessity of such communication, which should be done in consultation with the supervisory authority⁵.

References: 1: Article 33(1) of the GDPR 2: Article 4 (12) of the GDPR 3: Article 83(4)(a) of the GDPR 4: Article 34(3)(a) of the GDPR 5: Article 34(1) and (2) of the GDPR

NEW QUESTION # 65

What is the most frequently used mechanism for legitimizing cross-border data transfer?

- A. Derogations.
- B. Standard Contractual Clauses.
- C. Approved Code of Conduct.
- D. Binding Corporate Rules.

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 66

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