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CSI CSC2 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Analysis of Managed and Structured Products: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Investment Products Specialist and covers mutual funds, exchange-traded funds, alternative investments, structured products, and other managed products including their structures, regulations, features, risks, strategies, performance measurement, and tax implications within the Canadian investment landscape.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Portfolio Analysis: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Portfolio Manager and covers portfolio management approaches including risk and return measurement, portfolio optimization strategies, management styles, and the complete portfolio management process from objective setting to performance evaluation and rebalancing.
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Investment Products: This section of the exam measures the skills of an Investment Products Analyst and covers fixed-income securities features, pricing, and trading; equity securities including common and preferred shares; derivatives including options, forwards, futures, rights and warrants; and the characteristics and uses of all these investment instruments in Canadian markets.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Investment Analysis: This section of the exam measures the skills of a Research Analyst and covers both fundamental and technical analysis methods, including macroeconomic, industry and company analysis techniques, financial statement interpretation, ratio analysis, and security valuation approaches.

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CSI Canadian Securities Course Exam2 Sample Questions (Q74-Q79):

NEW QUESTION # 74

Which asset type is classified as a fixed-income asset for portfolio management purposes?

- **A. Convertible bonds.**
- B. Preferred shares.
- C. Bonds with a maturity of one year or less.
- D. Money market securities

Answer: A

Explanation:

* Fixed-income assets are characterized by predictable cash flows. Convertible bonds qualify because they have features of fixed-income securities (coupon payments and principal repayment) while also offering the option to convert into equity.

* Money market securities (Option A) are short-term, high-liquidity instruments and typically not classified as fixed-income for long-term portfolio management purposes.

* Preferred shares (Option B) are equity-like instruments with fixed dividend payments but lack the "fixed-income" designation for portfolio management.

* Bonds with less than one year to maturity (Option D) fall under money market classifications rather than fixed income.

Canadian Securities Course Volume 2, Fixed-Income Securities Section.

NEW QUESTION # 75

What does a fundamental analyst believe that is contrary to the beliefs of a technical analyst?

- A. Fiscal policy, monetary policy and inflation may be analyzed.
- B. The movements in price movements must be studied.
- C. History repeats itself.
- **D. The profitability of the issuer is paramount.**

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 76

What actions can a government take to lower a \$40 billion national deficit?

- A. Decrease taxation
- B. Increase interest rates.
- **C. Increase taxation**
- D. Increase government spending.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 77

Which exchange trades all financial and equity futures and options listed for trading in Canada?

- A. ICE NGX Canada
- **B. Montreal Exchange**
- C. Toronto Stock Exchange
- D. Canadian Securities Exchange

Answer: B

Explanation:

The Montreal Exchange (MX) is the sole Canadian exchange that lists and trades all financial and equity futures and options. It is a derivatives exchange specializing in these products and is part of the TMX Group.

* A. ICE NGX Canada: This platform focuses on energy products like natural gas and electricity, not equity futures or options.

* B. Canadian Securities Exchange: This exchange supports small-cap stocks but does not deal with derivatives.

* D. Toronto Stock Exchange: This exchange lists equities and some other securities but does not specialize in trading futures or options.

Reference: CSC Volume 1, Chapter 10, "Derivative Markets - Montreal Exchange" outlines the role of the Montreal Exchange in trading futures and options.

NEW QUESTION # 78

In March of this year, a client buys 1,000 PIL inc, common shares at \$16 per share and pays a commission of \$25 on the purchase. Several months later in the same year, the client sell the shares at \$12 per share and pays commission of \$50 on the sale. What is the client's allowable capital loss on the transaction?

- **A. \$2,038**
- B. \$2,025
- C. \$2,013
- D. \$1,925

Answer: A

Explanation:

To calculate the allowable capital loss, we must first determine the adjusted cost base (ACB) and the proceeds of disposition (POD), then subtract the latter from the former. Commissions on both the purchase and sale are included in the calculation.

Step-by-Step Explanation:

* Purchase Details:

* Number of shares purchased: 1,000

* Purchase price per share: \$16

* Total purchase cost before commission: $16 \times 1,000 = \$16,000$

* Add purchase commission: \$25

* Adjusted cost base (ACB): $\$16,000 + \$25 = \$16,025$

* Sale Details:

* Number of shares sold: 1,000

* Sale price per share: \$12

* Total sale proceeds before commission: $12 \times 1,000 = \$12,000$

* Deduct sale commission: \$50

* Proceeds of Disposition (POD): $\$12,000 - \$50 = \$11,950$

* Capital Loss Calculation:

* Capital loss = ACB - POD

* Capital loss = $\$16,025 - \$11,950 = \$4,075$

* Allowable Capital Loss:

* In Canada, 50% of the capital loss is allowable for tax purposes.

* Allowable capital loss = $50\% \times \$4,075 = \$2,038$

* Option A (\$2,038): Correct.

* Option B (\$2,025): Incorrect; likely excludes commissions or contains a minor calculation error.

* Option C (\$1,925): Incorrect; this does not account for the full adjusted cost base or allowable percentage.

* Option D (\$2,013): Incorrect; this likely contains a rounding error or miscalculation.

References to Canadian Securities Course Exam 2 Study Materials:

- * Volume 2, Chapter 24 - Canadian Taxation
- * Discusses the calculation of adjusted cost base (ACB), proceeds of disposition (POD), and allowable capital losses.
- * Volume 1, Chapter 11 - Corporations and Their Financial Statements
- * Details financial concepts like capital gains, losses, and the treatment of commissions in securities transactions.
- * Volume 2, Chapter 26 - Working with the Retail Client
- * Covers tax implications and planning for securities transactions.

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- [illegible]