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Zertifizierung der CSC1 mit umfassenden Garantien zu bestehen

Es gibt eine Menge von Websites, die CSI CSC1 Zertifizierungsprüfung und andere Schulungsunterlagen bieten. Aber ITZert ist die einzige Website, die Ihnen qualitativ hochwertige Schulungsunterlagen zur CSI CSC1 Zertifizierungsprüfung bietet. Unter der Anleitung und Hilfe von ITZert können Sie die CSI CSC1 Prüfung beim ersten Versuch bestehen. Die Fragenpool von ITZert werden von den lebendigen IT-Experten nach ihren umfangreichen Wissen und Erfahrungen bearbeitet. Sie werden Sie sicher im IT-Bereich sehr fördern.

CSI Canadian Securities Course Exam 1 CSC1 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q95-Q100):

95. Frage

Why does the federal government borrow from the capital markets?

- A. To support The capital markets
- B. To raise capital for streets, servers and waterworks
- **C. To fund spending in excess of revenues**
- D. To support the expansion of corporations

Antwort: C

Begründung:

The federal government borrows from the capital markets to cover budget deficits, which occur when government spending exceeds its revenues. Borrowing is done through the issuance of fixed-income securities such as Treasury bills, bonds, and notes. This process enables the government to fund public services, programs, and infrastructure projects without immediately raising taxes.

* A. To raise capital for streets, sewers, and waterworks: While such projects are funded by borrowing, they are typically under the purview of municipal or provincial governments rather than the federal government.

* B. To support the capital markets: This is an indirect result but not the primary reason for borrowing.

* D. To support the expansion of corporations: Corporate expansion is financed through private or corporate capital markets, not federal borrowing.

96. Frage

Assume the Government of Canada issues new fixed-income securities with an original term to maturity six months that does not pay interest, which type of fixed-income securities were issued?

- A. Guaranteed bonds
- **B. Treasury bills**
- C. Term deposits
- D. Commercial paper

Antwort: B

Begründung:

Treasury bills (T-bills) are short-term fixed-income securities issued by the Government of Canada with maturities of one year or less, including terms as short as six months or less. They do not pay interest in the conventional sense. Instead, they are sold at a discount to their face value, and investors receive the full face value upon maturity. The difference between the purchase price and the face value represents the investor's earnings.

* A. Guaranteed bonds: These are long-term securities that pay periodic interest (coupons) and do not fit the short-term, non-interest-paying description of T-bills.

* B. Commercial paper: Issued by corporations, not governments, and used to finance short-term liabilities.

* D. Term deposits: These are bank products, not government securities, and typically pay interest over their term.

97. Frage

What is the normal shape of a yield curve?

- **A. Upward slops**
- B. Humped
- C. inverted
- D. Downward slope

Antwort: A

Begründung:

The normal shape of a yield curve is an upward slope, indicating that longer-term bonds offer higher yields than shorter-term bonds. This reflects the additional risk and time value of money associated with longer maturities.

* A. Downward slope: This could describe a yield curve during unusual circumstances, such as a period of market uncertainty or deflation.

* B. Inverted: An inverted yield curve, where shorter-term yields exceed longer-term yields, is a rare occurrence and often signals economic recession.

* D. Humped: A humped curve is rare and occurs when intermediate-term yields exceed both short-term and long-term yields.

98. Frage

What is the portion of annual profit held by a company after the payment expenses and the distribution of dividends?

- A. Gross profit
- B. Share capital.
- C. Comprehensive income.
- **D. Retained earnings**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

Retained earnings represent the portion of a company's annual profit that is retained and not paid out as dividends. It is used to reinvest in the business or pay down debt.

* B. Comprehensive income includes all changes in equity except those from owner contributions or distributions.

* C. Share capital refers to funds raised by issuing shares.

* D. Gross profit is revenue minus the cost of goods sold, not the portion retained.

References: Volume 1, Chapter 11 ("Corporations and Their Financial Statements").

99. Frage

A private company is working with an advisory firm To apply for a listing on a public exchange.

The management is concerned with the additional costs for the company Incurred by the listing and ongoing annual fees. What should management consider with regard to the costs and benefits of public listing?

- A. Listing the company will require restrictions on stock options Issued for Internal use
- **B. Listing the company will attract new shareholders and increase the ability to raise capital.**
- C. The valuation of securities for estate tax purposes and estate tax planning will be easier
- D. Management will benefit from the public disclosure of changes in the company.

Antwort: B

Begründung:

Listing on a public exchange provides companies with access to a broader pool of potential investors. This increased visibility enhances the ability to raise capital through the issuance of shares or bonds. Although there are additional costs associated with being publicly listed (such as listing fees and compliance costs), the benefits of access to new sources of funding and improved liquidity for shares often outweigh these concerns.

* A. Management will benefit from the public disclosure of changes in the company: Public disclosure does not directly benefit management but is a requirement for transparency.

* C. Listing the company will require restrictions on stock options issued for internal use: While stock option plans may be regulated, this is not a primary consideration for listing.

* D. The valuation of securities for estate tax purposes and estate tax planning will be easier: While public listing improves transparency, estate tax considerations are not a primary driver of listing decisions.

100. Frage

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Während andere Leute noch überall die Prüfungsunterlagen für CSI CSC1 suchen, üben Sie schon verschiedene Prüfungsaufgaben. Sie können in der Vorbereitungsphase schon ganz vorne liegen. Wir ITZert bieten Ihnen CSI CSC1 Prüfungsunterlagen mit reichliche

CSC1 Exam: https://www.itzert.com/CSC1_valid-braindumps.html

Übrigens, Sie können die vollständige Version der ITZert CSC1 Prüfungsfragen aus dem Cloud-Speicher herunterladen:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1zY053g643SXuztCrBLZPXcyf096x2tjG>