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Google Cloud Associate Data Practitioner Sample Questions (Q81-Q86):

NEW QUESTION # 81

Your organization has decided to move their on-premises Apache Spark-based workload to Google Cloud. You want to be able to manage the code without needing to provision and manage your own cluster. What should you do?

- A. Configure a Google Kubernetes Engine cluster with Spark operators, and deploy the Spark jobs.
- B. Migrate the Spark jobs to Dataproc on Google Kubernetes Engine.
- C. Migrate the Spark jobs to Dataproc on Compute Engine.

- **D. Migrate the Spark jobs to Dataproc Serverless.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Migrating the Spark jobs to Dataproc Serverless is the best approach because it allows you to run Spark workloads without the need to provision or manage clusters. Dataproc Serverless automatically scales resources based on workload requirements, simplifying operations and reducing administrative overhead. This solution is ideal for organizations that want to focus on managing their Spark code without worrying about the underlying infrastructure. It is cost-effective and fully managed, aligning well with the goal of minimizing cluster management.

NEW QUESTION # 82

Your company uses Looker to generate and share reports with various stakeholders. You have a complex dashboard with several visualizations that needs to be delivered to specific stakeholders on a recurring basis, with customized filters applied for each recipient. You need an efficient and scalable solution to automate the delivery of this customized dashboard. You want to follow the Google-recommended approach. What should you do?

- A. Create a separate LookML model for each stakeholder with predefined filters, and schedule the dashboards using the Looker Scheduler.
- **B. Use the Looker Scheduler with a user attribute filter on the dashboard, and send the dashboard with personalized filters to each stakeholder based on their attributes.**
- C. Embed the Looker dashboard in a custom web application, and use the application's scheduling features to send the report with personalized filters.
- D. Create a script using the Looker Python SDK, and configure user attribute filter values. Generate a new scheduled plan for each stakeholder.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Using the Looker Scheduler with user attribute filters is the Google-recommended approach to efficiently automate the delivery of a customized dashboard. User attribute filters allow you to dynamically customize the dashboard's content based on the recipient's attributes, ensuring each stakeholder sees data relevant to them. This approach is scalable, does not require creating separate models or custom scripts, and leverages Looker's built-in functionality to automate recurring deliveries effectively.

NEW QUESTION # 83

Your company uses Looker as its primary business intelligence platform. You want to use LookML to visualize the profit margin for each of your company's products in your Looker Explores and dashboards. You need to implement a solution quickly and efficiently. What should you do?

- **A. Define a new measure that calculates the profit margin by using the existing revenue and cost fields.**
- B. Apply a filter to only show products with a positive profit margin.
- C. Create a derived table that pre-calculates the profit margin for each product, and include it in the Looker model.
- D. Create a new dimension that categorizes products based on their profit margin ranges (e.g., high, medium, low).

Answer: A

Explanation:

Defining a new measure in LookML to calculate the profit margin using the existing revenue and cost fields is the most efficient and straightforward solution. This approach allows you to dynamically compute the profit margin directly within your Looker Explores and dashboards without needing to pre-calculate or create additional tables. The measure can be defined using LookML syntax, such as:

```
measure: profit_margin {  
  type: number  
  sql: (revenue - cost) / revenue ;;  
  value_format: "0.0%"  
}
```

This method is quick to implement and integrates seamlessly into your existing Looker model, enabling accurate visualization of profit margins across your products.

NEW QUESTION # 84

Your organization's website uses an on-premises MySQL as a backend database. You need to migrate the on-premises MySQL database to Google Cloud while maintaining MySQL features. You want to minimize administrative overhead and downtime. What should you do?

- A. Install MySQL on a Compute Engine virtual machine. Export the database files using the mysqldump command. Upload the files to Cloud Storage, and import them into the MySQL instance on Compute Engine.
- **B. Use Database Migration Service to transfer the data to Cloud SQL for MySQL, and configure the on-premises MySQL database as the source.**
- C. Use a Google-provided Dataflow template to replicate the MySQL database in BigQuery.
- D. Export the database tables to CSV files, and upload the files to Cloud Storage. Convert the MySQL schema to a Spanner schema, create a JSON manifest file, and run a Google-provided Dataflow template to load the data into Spanner.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed in Depth Explanation:

Why B is correct: Database Migration Service (DMS) is designed for migrating databases to Cloud SQL with minimal downtime and administrative overhead.

Cloud SQL for MySQL is a fully managed MySQL service, which aligns with the requirement to minimize administrative overhead.

Why other options are incorrect: A: Installing MySQL on Compute Engine requires manual management of the database instance, which increases administrative overhead.

C: BigQuery is not a direct replacement for a relational MySQL database. It's an analytical data warehouse.

D: Spanner is a globally distributed, scalable database, but it requires schema conversion and is not a direct replacement for MySQL, and it is also much more complex than cloud SQL.

NEW QUESTION # 85

You need to design a data pipeline that ingests data from CSV, Avro, and Parquet files into Cloud Storage.

The data includes raw user input. You need to remove all malicious SQL injections before storing the data in BigQuery. Which data manipulation methodology should you choose?

- **A. ETL**
- B. ETLT
- C. EL
- D. ELT

Answer: A

Explanation:

The ETL (Extract, Transform, Load) methodology is the best approach for this scenario because it allows you to extract data from the files, transform it by applying the necessary data cleansing (including removing malicious SQL injections), and then load the sanitized data into BigQuery. By transforming the data before loading it into BigQuery, you ensure that only clean and safe data is stored, which is critical for security and data quality.

NEW QUESTION # 86

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