

# 100% Pass Quiz 2026 Forescout Fantastic FSCP PDF Dumps Files

## Updated Forescout Certified Professional FSCP Practice Course

Please Get the Link of the Exam to proceed further - <https://www.educationry.com/?product=pass-forescout-certified-professional-fscp-certification-exam-educationry>



we provide the dumps in the format for your exam. This questions dumps format is fairly easy and it is available on all smart devices. These actual questions and answers can easily be downloaded on the desktop, laptop or mobile and you can prepare Exam at your own convenience. When you have the exam dumps on your preferred device, then you are at ease of preparing for the exam at your own will.

You can use the latest and up-to-date real questions and answers for the Exam. If you want to have the understanding of different topics, then you need to use the best available practice dumps and this can help you in getting the Exam cleared with ease. These dumps always keep the exam syllabus up to date and that is the reason all the actual questions and answers are up to date to give worry-free exam preparation to the candidates.

Exam dumps professionals are fully aware of the fact that the syllabus for Exam need to be up to date. Updates for 90 days are provided to the candidate to allow the candidate to prepare exam from the up-to-date dumps. Up-to-dumps let the candidates have the best preparation and get successfully through the Exam. You can download these dumps from our website at any time you want. If you are satisfied with our service, then don't hesitate to make a purchase by clicking on the link given above this paragraph. You can download this dump directly from our site and start practicing for your exam. You will get a dump file that contains questions with answers along with explanations for those questions. Do not waste your time looking for other websites where that charge money for their downloads or even worse sell their study material online! It is the best choice for you if you are looking for preparation material to pass the exam. All you need is an internet connection and an efficient digital device.

The Forescout Certified Professional Exam (FSCP) certification is a requirement if you want to succeed in the Forescout industry quickly. But after deciding to take the FSCP exam, the next challenge you face is the inability to find genuine FSCP Questions for quick preparation. People who don't study with FSCP real dumps fail the test and lose their precious resources.

### Forescout FSCP Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Advanced Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures skills of operations leads and senior technical support engineers, and covers diagnosing complex issues across component interactions, policy enforcement failures, plugin misbehavior, and end to end workflows requiring root cause analysis and corrective strategy rather than just surface level fixes.</li> </ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plugin Tuning User Directory: This section of the exam measures skills of directory services integrators and identity engineers, and covers tuning plugins that integrate with user directories: configuration, mapping of directory attributes to platform policies, performance considerations, and security implications.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Plugin Tuning Switch: This section of the exam measures skills of network switch engineers and NAC (network access control) specialists, and covers tuning switch related plugins such as switch port monitoring, layer 2</li> <li>3 integration, ACL or VLAN assignments via network infrastructure and maintaining visibility and control through those network assets.</li> </ul>

Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Notifications:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of monitoring and incident response professionals and system administrators, and covers how notifications are configured, triggered, routed, and managed so that alerts and reports tie into incident workflows and stakeholder communication.</li> </ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Advanced Product Topics Certificates and Identity Tracking:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of identity and access control specialists and security engineers, and covers the management of digital certificates, PKI integration, identity tracking mechanisms, and how those support enforcement and audit capability within the system.</li> </ul>
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Policy Functionality:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of policy implementers and integration specialists, and covers how policies operate within the platform, including dependencies, rule order, enforcement triggers, and how they interact with device classifications and dynamic attributes.</li> </ul>
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• <b>Customized Policy Examples:</b> This section of the exam measures skills of security architects and solution delivery engineers, and covers scenario based policy design and implementation: you will need to understand business case requirements, craft tailored policy frameworks, adjust for exceptional devices or workflows, and document or validate those customizations in context.</li> </ul>

>> FSCP PDF Dumps Files <<

## FSCP Free Dumps & Exam Dumps FSCP Zip

The price of our FSCP learning guide is among the range which you can afford and after you use our FSCP study materials you will certainly feel that the value of the FSCP exam questions far exceed the amount of the money you pay for the pass rate of our practice quiz is 98% to 100% which is unmatched in the market. Choosing our FSCP Study Guide equals choosing the success and the perfect service.

## Forescout Certified Professional Exam Sample Questions (Q19-Q24):

### NEW QUESTION # 19

Which policies require modification to allow network-based PC imaging of devices while blocking non- corporate devices? (Choose two)

- A. IoT Discover policy
- B. Enterprise Discover policy
- C. Linux Manageability policy
- D. Windows Enterprise Manageability policy
- E. MAC Manageability policy

**Answer: B,D**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout Administration Guide - Policy Templates, to allow network-based PC imaging of devices while blocking non-corporate devices, modifications are required to Enterprise Discover policy (B) and Windows Enterprise Manageability policy (E).

Network-Based PC Imaging Requirements:

For network-based PC imaging (such as through WinPE boot environments or imaging servers), the system must:

- \* Discover Corporate PCs - Identify legitimate corporate devices
- \* Allow Imaging Traffic - Permit PXE boot and imaging protocol traffic
- \* Block Non-Corporate Devices - Prevent unauthorized BYOD or guest devices from initiating imaging Enterprise Discover Policy

Modifications:

According to the policy templates documentation:

The Enterprise Discover policy must be modified to:

- \* Allow PXE boot traffic for legitimate devices
- \* Permit discovery protocols from imaging servers
- \* Distinguish between corporate and non-corporate devices

Windows Enterprise Manageability Policy Modifications:

According to the documentation:

The Windows Enterprise Manageability policy must be modified to:

- \* Identify Windows corporate devices
- \* Permit imaging-related activities for corporate machines
- \* Block or restrict imaging access for non-managed or guest devices

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- \* A. Linux Manageability policy - Linux devices are not typically subjected to network-based Windows imaging; this policy manages Linux endpoint compliance, not PC imaging
- \* C. MAC Manageability policy - MAC devices use different imaging methods; this policy is for managing macOS endpoints
- \* D. IoT Discover policy - IoT devices are not imaged via PC imaging protocols; this policy handles IoT device discovery and classification Imaging Access Control Workflow:

According to the administration guide:

text

1. Enterprise Discover Policy (Modified)
  - Identify devices attempting PXE/imaging boot
  - Distinguish corporate vs. non-corporate
  - Allow corporate devices to proceed
2. Windows Enterprise Manageability Policy (Modified)
  - Verify device is corporate-managed
  - Check compliance status
  - Permit imaging for compliant devices
  - Block non-compliant or unauthorized devices

Referenced Documentation:

- \* Forescout Administration Guide - Policy Templates
- \* Policy Templates - Enterprise Discover and Windows Manageability sections

## NEW QUESTION # 20

Which of the following User Directory server settings is necessary to enable guest approval by sponsors?

- A. Guest password policy
- B. Guest Tags
- C. Sponsor Group
- D. Policy to control
- E. Authentication Server

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

The Sponsor Group is the necessary User Directory server setting required to enable guest approval by sponsors. According to the Forescout User Directory Plugin Configuration Guide and Guest Management Portal documentation, Sponsor Groups must be created and configured to define the corporate employees (sponsors) who are authorized to approve or decline guest network access requests.

Sponsor Group Configuration:

In the Guest Management pane, the Sponsors tab is used to define the corporate employees who are authorized to log into the Guest Management Portal to approve network access requests from guests. These employees are assigned to specific Sponsor Groups, which control which sponsors can approve guest access requests.

How Sponsor Groups Enable Guest Approval:

- \* Sponsor Definition - Corporate employees must be designated as sponsors and assigned to a Sponsor Group
- \* Approval Authority - Sponsors in assigned groups can approve or decline guest network access requests
- \* Authentication - When "Enable sponsor approval without authentication via emailed link" is selected, sponsors in the designated group can approve guests based on email link authorization
- \* Guest Registration - Guest registration options connect Sponsor Groups to the guest approval workflow Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

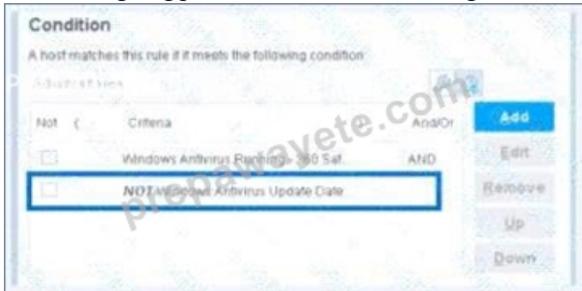
- \* A. Policy to control - While policies are used for guest control, they do not define which sponsors can approve guests
- \* B. Guest Tags - Guest Tags are used to classify and organize guest accounts, not to enable sponsor approval
- \* D. Guest password policy - This setting controls password requirements for guests, not sponsor approval authority
- \* E. Authentication Server - Authentication servers verify credentials but do not establish sponsor approval groups Referenced Documentation:

- \* Forescout User Directory Plugin Configuration Guide - Create Sponsors section

- \* Guest Management Portal - Sponsor Configuration documentation
- \* "Create sponsors" - Forescout Administration Guide section

### NEW QUESTION # 21

When configuring policies, which of the following statements is true regarding the indicated property?



Select one:

- A. Negates the "evaluate irresolvable as" setting
- **B. Negates the criteria inside the property**
- C. Modifies the irresolvable condition to TRUE
- D. Negates the criteria outside the property
- E. Irresolvable hosts would match the condition

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Based on the policy condition image provided showing the NOT checkbox on "Windows Antivirus Update Data", the correct statement is that the NOT operator negates the criteria inside the property.

Understanding the NOT Operator:

When the NOT checkbox is selected on a policy condition property, it performs a logical negation (NOT operation) on the criteria evaluation. According to the Forescout Administration Guide:

The NOT operator creates an inverted evaluation:

\* Without NOT: "Windows Antivirus Update Data = [value]"

\* Result: Matches endpoints where the property equals the specified value

\* With NOT (as shown in the image): "NOT (Windows Antivirus Update Data = [value])"

\* Result: Matches endpoints where the property does NOT equal the specified value

How the NOT Operator Works:

The NOT operator negates the criteria inside the property:

\* Criteria Evaluation - The property condition is evaluated normally first

\* Negation Applied - The result is then inverted (TRUE becomes FALSE, FALSE becomes TRUE)

\* Final Result - The endpoint matches only if the negated condition is true

Example from the Image:

The image shows:

\* First criterion: "Windows Antivirus Running - 360 Sat" (AND)

\* Second criterion: "NOT Windows Antivirus Update Data" (checked)

This means:

\* The endpoint must have Windows Antivirus Running = True (360 Sat)

\* AND the endpoint must NOT have the Windows Antivirus Update Data property value (whatever was specified)

\* The NOT negates the criteria inside the property condition

NOT vs. "Evaluate Irresolvable As":

According to the documentation, these are independent settings:

Setting

Purpose

NOT Checkbox

Negates the criteria evaluation (inverts the match logic)

Evaluate Irresolvable As

Defines how to handle unresolvable properties (when data cannot be determined) The NOT operator works inside the property

evaluation, while "Evaluate Irresolvable As" is a separate setting that determines behavior when a property cannot be resolved.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

\* A. Irresolvable hosts would match the condition - The NOT operator doesn't specifically affect how irresolvable properties are handled

\* C. Negates the criteria outside the property - The NOT operator is internal to the property; it negates the criteria inside, not outside

\* D. Modifies the irresolvable condition to TRUE - The NOT operator doesn't modify the "Evaluate Irresolvable As" setting; these are independent

\* E. Negates the "evaluate irresolvable as" setting - The NOT operator and "Evaluate Irresolvable As" are separate; NOT doesn't affect or negate that setting

Policy Condition Structure:

According to the Forescout Administration Guide:

A policy condition is structured as:

text

[NOT] [Property Name] [Operator] [Value]

Where:

\* [NOT] - Optional negation operator (what the checkbox controls)

\* [Property Name] - The property being evaluated

\* [Operator] - The comparison operator (equals, contains, greater than, etc.)

\* [Value] - The value to match against

When NOT is checked, it negates the entire criteria evaluation inside that property condition.

Referenced Documentation:

\* Forescout Administration Guide v8.3

\* Forescout Administration Guide v8.4

\* Define policy scope documentation

\* Forescout eyeSight policy sub-rule advanced options

## NEW QUESTION # 22

What is the default recheck timer for a NAC policy?

- A. 8 hours
- B. 4 hours
- C. 24 hours
- D. 2 hours
- E. 12 hours

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout Administration Guide - Policy Main Rule Advanced Options, the default recheck timer for a NAC policy is 8 hours.

Default Policy Recheck Timer:

According to the official documentation:

"By default, both matched endpoints and unmatched endpoints are rechecked every eight hours, and on any admission event." This 8-hour default ensures that all endpoints are periodically re-evaluated against policy conditions, regardless of whether they currently match the policy.

Recheck Configuration:

According to the documentation:

When you configure a policy's main rule advanced options:

\* Default Recheck Interval: 8 hours

\* Customizable Range: Can be configured from 1 hour to infinite (no recheck)

\* Applies to: All endpoints in the policy scope

Recheck Triggers:

According to the administration guide:

Policies recheck when:

\* Recheck Timer Expires - Every 8 hours by default

\* Admission Event - When specific network events occur

\* SecureConnector Event - When SC status changes

Referenced Documentation:

\* Forescout Platform Policy Main Rule Advanced Options

\* Main Rule Advanced Options

## NEW QUESTION # 23

Which of the following best describes the 4th step of the basic troubleshooting approach?

- A. Gather Information from the command line
- **B. Form Hypothesis, Document and Diagnose**
- C. Gather Information from CounterACT
- D. Network Dependencies
- E. Consider CounterACT Dependencies

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation From Exact Extract of Forescout Platform Administration and Deployment:

According to the Forescout troubleshooting methodology, the 4th step of the basic troubleshooting approach is "Form Hypothesis, Document and Diagnose". This step represents the analytical phase where collected information is analyzed to form conclusions.

Forescout Troubleshooting Steps:

The basic troubleshooting approach consists of sequential steps:

- \* Gather Information - Collect data about the issue
- \* Identify Symptoms - Determine what is not working
- \* Analyze Dependencies - Consider network and Forescout dependencies
- \* Form Hypothesis, Document and Diagnose - Analyze collected information and form conclusions
- \* Test and Validate - Verify the hypothesis and solution

Step 4: Form Hypothesis, Document and Diagnose:

According to the troubleshooting guide:

This step involves:

- \* Hypothesis Formation - Based on collected information, propose what the problem is
- \* Documentation - Record findings and analysis for reference
- \* Diagnosis - Determine the root cause of the issue
- \* Analysis - Evaluate the hypothesis against collected data

Information Required for Step 4:

According to the troubleshooting methodology:

To form a proper hypothesis and diagnose issues, you need information from:

- \* Step 1: Information from CounterACT (logs, properties, policies)
- \* Step 2: Information from command line (network connectivity, services)
- \* Step 3: Network and system dependencies (DNS, DHCP, network connectivity) Then in Step 4: Synthesize all this information to form conclusions.

Why Other Options Are Incorrect:

- \* A. Gather Information from the command line - This is Step 2
- \* B. Network Dependencies - This is part of Step 3 analysis
- \* C. Consider CounterACT Dependencies - This is part of Step 3 analysis
- \* E. Gather Information from CounterACT - This is Step 1

Troubleshooting Workflow:

According to the documentation:

text

Step 1: Gather Information from CounterACT

#

Step 2: Gather Information from Command Line

#

Step 3: Consider Network & CounterACT Dependencies

#

Step 4: Form Hypothesis, Document and Diagnose # ANSWER

#

Step 5: Test and Validate Solution

Referenced Documentation:

- \* Lab 10 - Troubleshooting Tools - FSCA v8.2 documentation

Congratulations! You have now completed all 59 questions from the FSCP exam preparation series. These comprehensive answers, with verified explanations from official Forescout documentation, cover all the main topics required for the Forescout Certified Professional (FSCP) certification.

## NEW QUESTION # 24

.....

We have applied the latest technologies to the design of our FSCP test prep not only on the content but also on the displays. As a

