

# CIPP-E Detailed Answers & CIPP-E Exam Actual Questions

## CIPP/E Questions and Answers

### 1. Universal Declaration of Human Rights - Passage

ANS 1948

### 2. Universal Declaration of Human Rights - Article 12

ANS The right to a private life and associated freedoms.

### 3. Universal Declaration of Human Rights - Article 19

ANS Freedom of expression.

### 4. Universal Declaration of Human Rights - Article 29(2)

ANS Rights are not absolute and there are instances where a balance must be struck.

### 5. European Convention on Human Rights

ANS Treaty drawn up by the Council of Europe that protects fundamental rights. Adopted in 1953 and based on the Universal Declaration of Human Rights.

### 6. European Convention on Human Rights - Enforcement

ANS Enforced by the European Court of Human Rights

### 7. European Convention on Human Rights - Article 8

ANS Protects rights of individuals

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Someone always asks: Why do we need so many certifications? One thing has to admit, more and more certifications you own, it may bring you more opportunities to obtain better job, earn more salary. This is the reason that we need to recognize the importance of getting the test CIPP-E certifications. More qualified certification for our future employment has the effect to be reckoned with, only to have enough qualification certifications to prove their ability, can we win over rivals in the social competition. Therefore, the CIPP-E Guide Torrent can help users pass the qualifying examinations that they are required to participate in faster and more efficiently.

The CIPP-E Certification Exam is a comprehensive assessment of a candidate's knowledge and understanding of European data protection laws and practices. CIPP-E exam covers a broad range of topics, including the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), data protection principles, privacy management, and data breach management. Candidates who pass the exam demonstrate their ability to understand and apply European data protection laws and regulations, making them highly valuable to organizations that operate in Europe.

>> CIPP-E Detailed Answers <<

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When we update the CIPP-E preparation questions, we will take into account changes in society, and we will also draw user feedback. If you have any thoughts and opinions in using our CIPP-E study materials, you can tell us. We hope to grow with you and the continuous improvement of CIPP-E training engine is to give you the best quality experience. And you can get the according CIPP-E certification as well.

## What is IAPP CIPP/E Exam

IAPP has introduced Certified Information Privacy Professionals (CIPP) certificate for privacy professionals. The CIPP is the global standard for privacy professionals who manage, handle, and access data. Security professionals get a deep insight into security considerations in the European context through the European edition of CIPP which is CIPP/E.

CIPP/E is a unique designation, the only one of its kind, according to its creator the International Association of Privacy Professionals (IAPP). As a response to increasing demand for secure data privacy protection in 2014 IAPP was introduced. In all stages and throughout lifecycles these security protocols are a must. Thus the need for authoritative and certified practitioners is growing. The professionals/ candidates feel highly confident after bagging global certifications as they are able to validate their skills and abilities.

CIPP/E Exam is a certification exam that is conducted by IAPP to validate candidate knowledge and identifies technology experts that know how to build data privacy architecture from its foundation in the IT industry.

The Certified Information Privacy Professional (CIPP) helps organizations around the world support compliance and risk mitigation practices, and arms practitioners with the insight needed to add more value to their businesses.

After passing this exam, candidates get a certificate from IAPP that helps them to demonstrate their proficiency in data privacy to their clients and employers.

IAPP CIPP-E (Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E)) Certification Exam is an industry-recognized certification that focuses on European data protection laws and regulations. CIPP-E exam is designed to test the knowledge of privacy professionals on the General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), which is the primary privacy regulation in Europe. Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) certification is ideal for privacy professionals who work in or with European organizations, or those who are interested in understanding the privacy laws and regulations in Europe.

## IAPP Certified Information Privacy Professional/Europe (CIPP/E) Sample Questions (Q111-Q116):

### NEW QUESTION # 111

Which aspect of processing does the GDPR allow processors to determine for themselves?

- A. The question of whether the controller needs to be informed about the substitution of another processor carrying out specific processing activities on behalf of the controller.
- **B. Their own type of hardware or software and the specific security measures for the processing.**
- C. The parameters of their marketing campaigns using personal data relating to the controller's customers.
- D. Their own purposes for the processing, if such purposes are compatible with those for which the personal data were initially collected.

**Answer: B**

Explanation:

The GDPR defines processors as entities that process personal data on behalf of controllers, typically under a contract or other legal act that sets out the subject matter, duration, nature, purpose, type and categories of personal data, and the obligations and rights of the controller. Processors must act only on the documented instructions of the controller, unless required by law to act otherwise.

Processors must also comply with the GDPR's requirements regarding the security, confidentiality, transfer, sub-processing, notification, assistance, cooperation, and documentation of the personal data processing.

However, the GDPR does not prescribe the exact technical and organisational measures that processors must implement to ensure the security of the personal data processing. Instead, the GDPR requires that processors take into account the state of the art, the costs of implementation, the nature, scope, context and purposes of the processing, and the risks for the rights and freedoms of data subjects. Therefore, processors have some discretion to determine their own type of hardware or software and the specific security measures for the processing, as long as they provide a level of security appropriate to the risk and comply with the controller's instructions. Processors may also adhere to approved codes of conduct or certification mechanisms to demonstrate their compliance with the GDPR's security requirements.

The other options listed in the question are not aspects of processing that the GDPR allows processors to determine for themselves.

According to the GDPR:

Processors must inform the controller of any intended changes concerning the addition or replacement of other processors, and give the controller the opportunity to object to such changes. Processors must also impose the same data protection obligations on any sub-processors as those agreed with the controller.

Processors must not process the personal data for their own purposes, unless they have a legal basis to do so and inform the data subjects accordingly. Processors must only process the personal data for the purposes determined by the controller, and in accordance with the controller's instructions.

Processors must not use the personal data relating to the controller's customers for their own marketing campaigns, unless they have obtained the consent of the data subjects or have another legitimate interest to do so. Processors must respect the data subjects' rights to object to direct marketing and to withdraw their consent at any time.

References:

GDPR, Articles 4, 28, 29, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 41, 42 and 43.

EDPB Guidelines 07/2020 on the concepts of controller and processor in the GDPR, pages 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27 and 28.

### NEW QUESTION # 112

Which GDPR principle would a Spanish employer most likely depend upon to annually send the personal data of its employees to the national tax authority?

- A. The legitimate interest of the public administration.
- B. The consent of the employees.
- C. The protection of the vital interest of the employees.
- **D. The legal obligation of the employer.**

**Answer: D**

### NEW QUESTION # 113

Which marketing-related activity is least likely to be covered by the provisions of Privacy and Electronic Communications Regulations (Directive 2002/58/EC)?

- A. An email from a retail outlet promoting a sale to one of their previous customer.
- **B. Advertisements passively displayed on a website.**
- C. The use of cookies to collect data about an individual.
- D. A text message to individuals from a company offering concert tickets for sale.

**Answer: B**

### NEW QUESTION # 114

#### SCENARIO

Please use the following to answer the next question:

You have just been hired by a toy manufacturer based in Hong Kong. The company sells a broad range of dolls, action figures and plush toys that can be found internationally in a wide variety of retail stores. Although the manufacturer has no offices outside Hong Kong and in fact does not employ any staff outside Hong Kong, it has entered into a number of local distribution contracts. The toys produced by the company can be found in all popular toy stores throughout Europe, the United States and Asia. A large portion of the company's revenue is due to international sales.

The company now wishes to launch a new range of connected toys, ones that can talk and interact with children. The CEO of the company is touting these toys as the next big thing, due to the increased possibilities offered: The figures can answer children's questions on various subjects, such as mathematical calculations or the weather. Each figure is equipped with a microphone and speaker and can connect to any smartphone or tablet via Bluetooth. Any mobile device within a 10-meter radius can connect to the toys via Bluetooth as well.

The figures can also be associated with other figures (from the same manufacturer) and interact with each other for an enhanced play experience.

When a child asks the toy a question, the request is sent to the cloud for analysis, and the answer is generated on cloud servers and sent back to the figure. The answer is given through the figure's integrated speakers, making it appear as though that the toy is actually responding to the child's question. The packaging of the toy does not provide technical details on how this works, nor does it mention that this feature requires an internet connection. The necessary data processing for this has been outsourced to a data center located in South Africa. However, your company has not yet revised its consumer-facing privacy policy to indicate this.

In parallel, the company is planning to introduce a new range of game systems through which consumers can play the characters they acquire in the course of playing the game. The system will come bundled with a portal that includes a Near-Field Communications (NFC) reader. This device will read an RFID tag in the action figure, making the figure come to life onscreen. Each character has its own stock features and abilities, but it is also possible to earn additional ones by accomplishing game goals. The only information stored in the tag relates to the figures' abilities. It is easy to switch characters during the game, and it is possible to bring the figure to locations outside of the home and have the character's abilities remain intact.

To ensure GDPR compliance, what should be the company's position on the issue of consent?

- A. Consent for data collection is implied through the parent's purchase of the action figure for the child.
- B. Written authorization attesting to the responsible use of children's data would need to be obtained from the supervisory authority.
- **C. Parental consent for a child's use of the action figures would have to be obtained before any data could be collected.**
- D. The child, as the user of the action figure, can provide consent himself, as long as no information is shared for marketing purposes.

**Answer: C**

### NEW QUESTION # 115

Which sentence best describes proper compliance for an international organization using Binding Corporate Rules (BCRs) as a controller or processor?

- **A. All employees are subject to the rules in their entirety, regardless of where the work is taking place.**
- B. Employees must sign an ad hoc contractual agreement each time personal data is exported.
- C. All employees must follow the privacy regulations of the jurisdictions where the current scope of their work is established.
- D. Employees who control personal data must complete a rigorous certification procedure, as they are exempt from legal enforcement.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

According to Article 47(2)(a) of the GDPR, binding corporate rules (BCRs) must be legally binding and apply to and be enforced by every member concerned of the group of undertakings, or group of enterprises engaged in a joint economic activity, including their employees<sup>1</sup>. This means that all employees within the group must comply with the BCRs, irrespective of their location or the jurisdiction where they operate. The other options are incorrect, as they do not reflect the requirements of the GDPR or the guidance of the European Data Protection Board (EDPB) on BCRs<sup>23</sup>. References:

\* GDPR Article 47(2)(a)

\* EDPB Guidelines 3/2018 on the territorial scope of the GDPR

\* EDPB Guidelines 2/2018 on derogations of Article 49 under Regulation 2016/679

### NEW QUESTION # 116

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