

212-82 Tests - 212-82 Online Prüfung



Laden Sie die neuesten ExamFragen 212-82 PDF-Versionen von Prüfungsfragen kostenlos von Google Drive herunter:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1gSwZE1-leOoht8FWUlqe7O4RZuUWQquR>

Haben Sie ExamFragen, haben Sie den Schlüssel zum Erfolg, denn Sie können damit die ECCouncil 212-82 Zertifizierungsprüfung zügig bestehen. Unsere Berufsgruppe aus gut ausgebildeten und erfahrenen IT-Eliten haben die Entwicklungen der ständig veränderten IT-Branche untersucht und erforscht, dann erstellen Sie die Schulungsunterlagen zur ECCouncil 212-82 Zertifizierungsprüfung für ExamFragen. Ihre Autorität ist zweifellos. Bevor Sie unsere Prüfungsmaterialien kaufen, können Sie die Demo durch unsere Webseite ExamFragen herunterladen.

Einer der wichtigsten Vorteile der ECCouncil 212-82 Zertifizierung ist, dass sie von vielen Arbeitgebern in der Cybersecurity-Branche anerkannt wird. Diese Zertifizierung kann Einzelpersonen dabei helfen, sich von anderen Bewerbern abzuheben und ihr Engagement für das Feld der Cybersecurity zu demonstrieren.

>> 212-82 Tests <<

212-82 Online Prüfung - 212-82 Lernhilfe

Die ECCouncil 212-82 Zertifizierungsprüfung ist heutzutage sehr beliebt. ExamFragen wird Ihnen helfen, die 212-82 Prüfung zu bestehen, und bietet Ihnen einen einjährigen kostenlosen Update-Service. Dann wählen Sie doch ExamFragen, um Ihren Traum zu verwirklichen. Um Erfolg zu erringen, ist Ihnen weise, ExamFragen zu wählen. Wählen Sie ExamFragen, Sie werden der nächste IT-Elite sein.

ECCouncil Certified Cybersecurity Technician 212-82 Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q63-Q68):

63. Frage

An employee was fired from his security analyst job due to misconduct. While leaving, he installed a Trojan server on his workstation at 172.30.20.75. As an ethical hacker, you are asked to identify and connect to the Trojan server and explore available files. Enter the name of the VBScript file located in the Pictures folder of the workstation. Hint: You can use one of the Ttojan client applications available at "Z:\CCT-Tools\CCT Module 01 Information Security\Threats and Vulnerabilities\Remote Access Ttojans (RAT)" of Attacker Machine-1. (Practical Question)

- A. Recoil Wave
- B. ReboundBlitz
- **C. EchoStrike**
- D. B00m3rang

Antwort: C

Begründung:

To identify and connect to the Trojan server and explore available files on the workstation located at 172.30.20.75, follow these steps:

- * Locate the Tools: Navigate to the directory "Z:\CCT-Tools\CCT Module 01 Information Security Threats and Vulnerabilities\Remote Access Trojans (RAT)" on Attacker Machine-1.
 - * Select a RAT Client: Choose a Trojan client application from the available tools (e.g., EchoStrike).
 - * Configure the Client: Open the RAT client application and configure it to connect to the IP address 172.30.20.75.
 - * Establish Connection: Connect to the Trojan server. This typically involves entering the target IP address and any necessary credentials or settings specific to the Trojan being used.
 - * Explore Files: Once connected, navigate to the Pictures folder on the workstation.
 - * Identify the VBScript File: Look for the VBScript file located in the Pictures folder.
- Given the options, the correct VBScript file in this context is identified as EchoStrike.

References:

- * EC-Council materials on RAT tools and their usage.
- * Practical experience in ethical hacking and penetration testing methodologies.

64. Frage

A text file containing sensitive information about the organization has been leaked and modified to bring down the reputation of the organization. As a safety measure, the organization did contain the MD5 hash of the original file. The file which has been leaked is retained for examining the integrity. A file named "Sensitiveinfo.txt" along with OriginalFileHash.txt has been stored in a folder named Hash in Documents of Attacker Machine-1. Compare the hash value of the original file with the leaked file and state whether the file has been modified or not by selecting yes or no.

- A. No
- **B. Yes**

Antwort: B

65. Frage

Anderson, a security engineer, was instructed to monitor all incoming and outgoing traffic on the organization's network to identify any suspicious traffic. For this purpose, he employed an analysis technique using which he analyzed packet header fields such as IP options, IP protocols, IP fragmentation flags, offset, and identification to check whether any fields are altered in transit. Identify the type of attack signature analysis performed by Anderson in the above scenario.

- A. Composite-signature-based analysis
- B. Atomic-signature-based analysis
- **C. Content-based signature analysis**
- D. Context-based signature analysis

Antwort: C

Begründung:

Content-based signature analysis is the type of attack signature analysis performed by Anderson in the above scenario. Content-based signature analysis is a technique that analyzes packet header fields such as IP options, IP protocols, IP fragmentation flags, offset, and identification to check whether any fields are altered in transit.

Content-based signature analysis can help detect attacks that manipulate packet headers to evade detection or exploit vulnerabilities. Context-based signature analysis is a technique that analyzes packet payloads such as application data or commands to check whether they match any known attack patterns or signatures.

Atomic-signature-based analysis is a technique that analyzes individual packets to check whether they match any known attack patterns or signatures. Composite-signature-based analysis is a technique that analyzes multiple packets or sessions to check whether they match any known attack patterns or signatures.

66. Frage

The SOC department in a multinational organization has collected logs of a security event as "Windows.events.evtx". Study the Audit Failure logs in the event log file located in the Documents folder of the "Attacker Machine-1" and determine the IP address of the attacker. (Note: The event ID of Audit failure logs is 4625.)

- A. 10.10.1.19
- B. 10.10.1.10
- C. 10.10.1.16
- D. 10.10.1.12

Antwort: C

Begründung:

The IP address of the attacker is 10.10.1.16. This can be verified by analyzing the Windows.events.evtx file using a tool such as Event Viewer or Log Parser. The file contains several Audit Failure logs with event ID 4625, which indicate failed logon attempts to the system.

The logs show that the source network address of the failed logon attempts is 10.10.1.16, which is the IP address of the attacker.

67. Frage

A company decided to implement the cloud infrastructure within its corporate firewall to secure sensitive data from external access. The company invested heavily in creating a cloud architecture within its premises to manage full control over its corporate data. Which of the following types of cloud deployment models did the company implement in this scenario?

- A. Community cloud
- B. Multi cloud
- C. Public cloud
- D. Private cloud

Antwort: D

Begründung:

Private cloud is the type of cloud deployment model that the company implemented in this scenario. Cloud computing is a model that provides on-demand access to shared and scalable computing resources, such as servers, storage, networks, applications, etc., over the internet or a network. Cloud computing can have different types based on its service or deployment model. A cloud deployment model defines how and where the cloud infrastructure and services are hosted and accessed. A cloud deployment model can have different types, such as public cloud, private cloud, hybrid cloud, community cloud, etc. A private cloud is a type of cloud deployment model that provides exclusive access to cloud infrastructure and services to a single organization or entity. A private cloud can be hosted within or outside the organization's premises and managed by the organization or a third-party provider. A private cloud can be used to secure sensitive data from external access and maintain full control over the corporate data. In the scenario, the company decided to implement the cloud infrastructure within its corporate firewall to secure sensitive data from external access. The company invested heavily in creating a cloud architecture within its premises to manage full control over its corporate data. This means that the company implemented a private cloud for this purpose. A multi-cloud is not a type of cloud deployment model, but a term that describes a strategy that uses multiple public or private clouds from different providers for different purposes or functions. A public cloud is a type of cloud deployment model that provides open access to cloud infrastructure and services to multiple organizations or entities over the internet. A public cloud can be hosted and managed by a third-party provider that owns and operates the cloud infrastructure and services. A community cloud is a type of cloud deployment model that provides shared access to cloud infrastructure and services to multiple organizations or entities that have common interests or goals.

68. Frage

.....

Die Zertifizierungsantworten zur ECCouncil 212-82 Zertifizierungsprüfung von ExamFragen werden von IT-Eliten seit mehr als 10 Jahre durch ihre Forschung und Praxis gesammelt. ExamFragen hat viele neueste und genaueste Prüfungsunterlagen. ExamFragen ist für Ihren Erfolg vorhanden. Es bedeutet, dass Sie Erfolg wählen, wenn Sie ExamFragen wählen. Wenn Sie ECCouncil 212-82 Zertifizierungsprüfungen leicht bestehen wollen, ist ExamFragen die einzige Wahl für Sie.

