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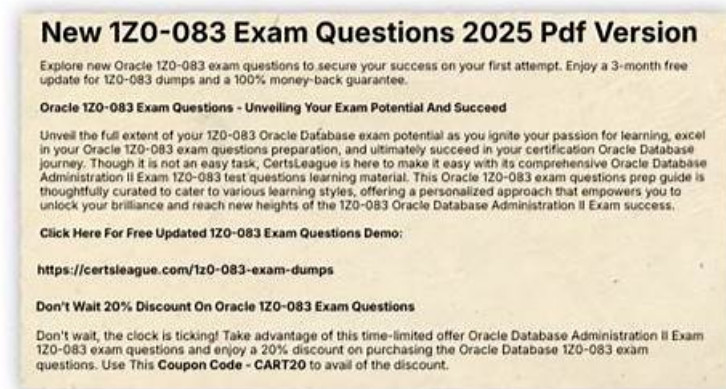

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Passing the Oracle 1Z1-083 exam is a great achievement for any database administrator, as it demonstrates a high level of expertise in managing and maintaining an Oracle database. Oracle Database Administration II certification is recognized globally and is highly regarded in the IT industry. It can open up new career opportunities and lead to higher salaries and better job prospects.

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To prepare for the Oracle 1Z0-083 exam, candidates should have a deep understanding of Oracle database architecture and administration concepts. They should also have experience in managing and maintaining Oracle databases in production environments. Additionally, candidates can take advantage of Oracle's training resources, which include online courses, workshops, and practice exams.

Oracle 1Z0-083 exam is a challenging certification test designed for professionals who want to validate their skills in Oracle database administration. Passing 1Z0-083 Exam is a prerequisite to becoming an OCP certified professional, and it requires a solid understanding of database administration concepts and hands-on experience in managing Oracle databases. With proper preparation and dedication, candidates can successfully pass the exam and advance their careers in the field of database administration.

Oracle Database Administration II Sample Questions (Q58-Q63):

NEW QUESTION # 58
Which three are true about Optimizer Statistics Advisor? (Choose three.)

- A. It runs automatically every night by default.
- B. It is part of the DBMS_ADVISOR package.
- C. It is part of the DBMS_STATS package.

- D. It always analyzes all schemas in the database.
- E. It can recommend changes to improve the statistics gathering process.
- F. It can be run only manually.

Answer: C,E,F

Explanation:
https://mikedietrichde.com/2017/08/22/oracle-optimizer-statistics-advisor-in-oracle-database-12-2-0-1/
https://www.oracle.com/technetwork/database/bi-datawarehousing/twp-bp-for-stats-gather-19c-5324205.pdf Reference:
https://oracle-base.com/articles/12c/optimizer-statistics-advisor-12cr2

NEW QUESTION # 59
Choose the best answer. A schema owner truncated a table in error and must recover the dat a. Which Oracle Flashback feature could be used to recover the data?

- A. FLASHBACK DATA ARCHIVE
- B. FLASHBACK DATABASE
- C. FLASHBACK TABLE
- D. FLASHBACK VERSION QUERY
- E. FLASHBACK TRANSACTION

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 60
Which three activities are possible for PDBs? (Choose three.)

- A. converting an application seed to an application PDB
- B. converting a regular PDB to an application PDB
- C. converting an application PDB to an application root
- D. converting an application container into another application container in the same CDB
- E. converting an application container into another application container in a different CDB
- F. converting an application PDB to a regular PDB
- G. converting an application PDB to an application seed

Answer: A,B,G

Explanation:
Application seed can be created from
CDB seed - Application seed is created unsynced with the application in application root Application root - Application seed is created synced with the application in application root but script pdb_to_apppdb.sql needs to be run Application PDB - Synchronization status of Application Seed created is same as the source application PDB Application PDBs can be created from CDB seed - Application PDB is created unsynced with the application in application root Application seed - Synchronization status of created Application PDB is same as the source application seed Application PDB - Synchronization status of created Application PDB is same as the source application PDB
https://blog.toadworld.com/2017/07/10/oracle-multi-tenant-application-containers-part-ii-create-application-container
E: http://oracle-help.com/oracle-database/multitenant/convert-regular-pdb-to-application-pdb/

NEW QUESTION # 61
Which three statements are true about Flashback Data Archive?

- A. To use Flashback Data Archive, users must have unlimited quota on the Flashback Data Archive tablespace.
- B. To enable Flashback Data Archive for a table, it is mandatory to have a default Flashback Data Archive for a database
- C. Flashback Data Archive prevents flashback queries from getting a snapshot-too-old error.
- D. A table enabled for Flashback Data Archive cannot be dropped unless Flashback Data Archive is disabled or disassociated first.
- E. While enabling Flashback Data Archive for a table, if no name is provided for Flashback Data Archive, it is enabled using the default Flashback Data Archive.

Answer: C,D,E

NEW QUESTION # 62

Which three are true about Database Point-in-Time Recovery? (Choose three.)

- A. The target point for the recovery must be specified as a stime or System Change Number (SCN).
- B. The Database must be in ARCHIVELOG mode.
- C. The database must be in MOUNT state when performing Database Point-in-Time Recovery.
- D. The database must be open RESETLOGS after Database Point-in-Time Recovery.
- E. Database Point-in-Time Recovery is performed by the Managed Recovery Process (MRP)
- F. The database must have FLASHBACK DATABASE ON to perform Database Point-in-Time Recovery.

Answer: B,C,D

Explanation:
Archivelog mode and mount state are needed (B, and D)
After the restore you need to open with reset logs (F)
E is discarted because sequence number also is valid
https://docs.oracle.com/cd/B19306_01/backup.102/b14192/flashptr006.htm#:~:text=Database%2
0point%2Din%2Dtime%20recovery%20(DBPITR)%20restores%20the,forward%20to%20the%20t arget%20time.

NEW QUESTION # 63

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