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The Linux Essentials Certificate Exam, version 1.6, also known as LPI 010-160, is an entry-level certification exam designed for individuals who want to get a basic understanding of Linux operating systems. 010-160 Exam is vendor-neutral, meaning that it covers the fundamental concepts and principles of Linux that are relevant across different distributions. Linux Essentials Certificate Exam - version 1.6 certification is ideal for students, professionals, and enthusiasts who want to start their journey into the world of Linux.

Lpi Linux Essentials Certificate Exam - version 1.6 Sample Questions (Q15-Q20):

NEW QUESTION # 15

Where is the operating system of a Raspberry Pi stored?

- A. On the master device attached to the Raspberry Pi's IDE bus.
- B. On a read only partition on the Raspberry Pi's firmware, next to the BIOS.
- C. On a removable SD card which is put into the Raspberry Pi.
- D. On a Linux extension module connected to the Raspberry Pi's GPIO pins.
- E. On rewritable flash storage which is built into the Raspberry Pi.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 16

Which of the following commands output the content of the file Texts 2.txt? (Choose two.)

- A. `cat Texts\ 2.txt`
- B. `cat |Texts 2.txt|`
- C. `cat 'Texts 2.txt'`
- D. `cat -- Texts 2.txt`
- E. `cat "Texts\ 2.txt"`

Answer: A,C

Explanation:

Explanation

The correct commands to output the content of the file Texts 2.txt are A and E. These commands use the cat command, which stands for concatenate, to display the content of one or more files. The cat command can take one or more filenames as arguments and print their content to the standard output (usually the terminal screen)¹². The commands A and E use different ways to deal with the space character in the filename. The space character is a special character in Linux that separates words and commands. To prevent the shell from interpreting the space as a word separator, the commands A and E use either of the following methods³⁴:

* Option A uses single quotes (') around the filename to preserve the literal value of the space character.

This tells the shell to treat the filename as a single argument and pass it to the cat command. For example: `cat 'Texts 2.txt'`

* Option E uses a backslash (\) before the space character to escape its special meaning. This tells the shell to ignore the space as a word separator and treat it as part of the filename. For example: `cat Texts\ 2.txt` The other options are incorrect because they use different syntax that do not output the content of the file. For example:

* Option B uses a double dash (-) before the filename to indicate the end of options. This is usually used to prevent the shell from interpreting a filename that starts with a dash (-) as an option. However, in this case, the filename does not start with a dash, so the double dash is unnecessary and will cause the command to fail. For example: `cat - Texts 2.txt`

* Option C uses vertical bars (|) around the filename to indicate a pipe. A pipe is a way of connecting the output of one command to the input of another command. However, in this case, there is no command before or after the pipe, so the pipe is meaningless and will cause the command to fail. For example: `cat |Texts 2.txt|`

* Option D uses single quotes (') and a backslash (\) together around the filename. This is redundant and will cause the command to fail. The single quotes already preserve the literal value of the space character, so the backslash is not needed. Moreover, the backslash inside the single quotes will be treated as part of the filename, not as an escape character. For example: `cat 'Texts\ 2.txt'`

References: 1: How to Use Linux Cat Command (With Examples) - phoenixNAP 2: Cat command in Linux with examples - GeeksforGeeks 3: How to escape spaces in path during scp copy in Linux? - Stack Overflow 4: How to handle spaces in file names when using xargs on find results? - Ask Ubuntu

NEW QUESTION # 17

What is the return value of a shell script after successful execution?

- A. 0
- **B. 1**
- C. 2
- D. 3
- E. 4

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 18

The ownership of the file doku.odt should be changed. The new owner is named tux. Which command accomplishes this change?

- A. newuser doku.odt tux
- B. transfer tux: doku.odt
- C. passwd doku.odt:tux
- **D. chown tux doku.odt**
- E. chmod u=tux doku.odt

Answer: D

Explanation:

Explanation

The correct command to change the ownership of the file doku.odt to a new owner named tux is chown tux doku.odt. This command uses the chown command, which stands for change owner, followed by the name of the new owner and the name of the file as arguments. The chown command allows you to change the user and/or group ownership of a given file, directory, or symbolic link¹². The other options are incorrect because they use different commands or syntax that do not change the ownership of the file.

For example:

* Option A uses the chmod command, which stands for change mode, and is used to change the permissions of files and directories, not the ownership³.

* Option B uses the newuser command, which is used to create a new user account, not to change the ownership of a file⁴.

* Option D uses the transfer command, which is not a valid Linux command.

* Option E uses the passwd command, which is used to change the password of a user account, not the ownership of a file⁵.

References: 1: Chown Command in Linux (File Ownership) | Linuxize 2: chown command in Linux with Examples - GeeksforGeeks

3: Chmod Command in Linux (File Permissions) | Linuxize 4: newusers(8) - Linux man page 5: passwd(1) - Linux man page

NEW QUESTION # 19

Which of the following is a protocol used for automatic IP address configuration?

- A. NFS
- B. SMTP
- C. DNS
- D. LDAP
- **E. DHCP**

Answer: E

NEW QUESTION # 20

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