# 試験の準備方法-実際的なIntegration-Architect試験問題試験-検証するIntegration-Architect試験準備


BONUS！！！ JPTestKing Integration-Architectダンプの一部を無料でダウンロード：https://drive.google.com/open?id=1REQerhLXvrMJhQ5pOBaZ5mEGfVefwPGO

Salesforce Integration-Architect試験を目前に控えて、不安なのですか。我々社のSalesforce Integration-Architect問題集のソフト版を購買するに値するかまだ疑問がありますか。こうしたら、我々JPTestKingのIntegration-Architect問題集デーモを無料にダウンロードして行動してみよう。我々提供するIntegration-Architect試験資料はあなたの需要を満足できると知られています。我々にとって、Salesforce Integration-Architect試験に参加する圧力を減らして備考効率を高めるのは大変名誉のことです。

Salesforce Integration-Architect 認定は、Salesforce 統合に特化したプロフェッショナルにとって貴重な資格です。複雑な統合ソリューションを設計し、実装する能力を検証し、スケーラブルで安全でパフォーマンスに最適化された統合ソリューションの専門知識を証明できます。Salesforce Integration Architect としてのキャリアを向上させたい場合、この認定試験はあなたの目標達成に役立ちます。

Salesforce Integration-Architect試験は、多肢選択試験とシナリオベースの試験の2つの部分に分かれています。複数選択試験は、統合の概念とベストプラクティスに関する候補者の知識を評価する60質問のテストです。シナリオベースの試験は、候補者がSalesforceプラットフォームを使用して複雑な統合ソリューションを設計および実装する必要がある実践的なテストです。

**>> Integration-Architect試験問題 <<**

## Integration-Architect試験準備、Integration-Architect資格専門知識

科学が発達で、情報が多すぎの２１世紀で、ネットはみんながのんびりしている場所だけではなく、グローバルな電子図書館だと言えます。そして、JPTestKingのサイトは、君の自分だけに属するIT情報知識サイトです。JPTestKingのSalesforceのIntegration-Architect試験トレーニング資料を選ぶのは輝い職業生涯を選ぶのに等しいです。JPTestKingのSalesforceのIntegration-Architect問題集を購入するなら、君がSalesforceのIntegration-Architect認定試験に合格する率は１００パーセントです。

## Salesforce Certified Integration Architect 認定 Integration-Architect 試験問題 (Q58-Q63):

**質問 # 58**
Universal Containers (UC) uses Salesforce to track the following customer data:
1. Leads,
2. Contacts
3. Accounts

4. Cases
Salesforce is considered to be the system of record for the customer. In addition to Salesforce, customer data exists in anEnterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system, ticketing system, and enterprise data lake. Each of these additional systems have their own unique identifier. UC plans on using middleware to integrate Salesforce with the external systems.
UC has a requirementto update the proper external system with record changes in Salesforce and vice versa.
Which two solutions should an Integration Architect recommend to handle this requirement?
Choose 2answers

- A. Locally cache external ID'S at the middleware layer and design business logic to map updates between systems.
- B. Store unique identifiers in an External ID field in Salesforce and use this to update the proper records across systems.
- C. Use Change Data Capture to update downstream systems accordingly when a recordchanges.
- D. Design an MDM solution that maps external ID's to the Salesforce record ID.

**正解：C、D**

解説：
Using Change Data Capture (CDC) to update downstream systems accordingly when a record changes is a solution that can handle this requirement by capturingdata changes in Salesforce and sending them to external systems via a publish-subscribe model. This way, the external systems can receive near real-time updates from Salesforce and synchronize their data accordingly. Designing an MDM solution that maps external ID's to the Salesforce record ID is a solution that can handle this requirement by creating a master data hub that stores and manages the unique identifiers of each system and their relationships. This way, the MDM solution can ensuredata quality,consistency, and accuracy across systems. Locally caching external ID's at the middleware layer and designing business logic to map updates between systems is not a good solution because it can introduce performance and scalability issues, as well as increase the complexity and maintenance cost of the middleware layer. Storing unique identifiers in an External ID field in Salesforce and using this to update the proper records across systems is not enough to handle this requirement, as it does not address how to update Salesforce with record changes from external systems. Reference: Salesforce Integration Architecture Designer Resource Guide, page 27-28

**質問 # 59**
Northern Trail Outfitters has recently experienced intermittent network outages in its call center. When network service resumes, Sales representatives have inadvertently created duplicate orders in the manufacturing system because the order was placed but the return acknowledgement was lost during the outage.
Which solution should an architect recommend to avoid duplicate order booking?

- A. Have scheduled Apex resubmit orders that do not have a successful response.
- B. Implement idempotent design and have Sales Representatives retry order(s) in question.
- C. Use Outbound Messaging to ensure manufacturing acknowledges receipt of order.
- D. Use scheduled apex to query manufacturing system for potential duplicate or missing orders.

**正解：B**

解説：
Explanation
Idempotent design means that the same request can be repeated multiple times without changing the outcome.
This is useful for avoiding duplicate orders in case of network failures or timeouts. By implementing idempotent design, the sales representatives can retry the order(s) in question without creating duplicates in the manufacturing system. Outbound messaging is not a reliable solution because it does not guarantee delivery or acknowledgement of messages. Scheduled apex is not a real-time solution and may not catch all the duplicate or missing orders

**質問 # 60**
Service Agents at Northern Trail Outfitters uses Salesforce to manage cases and B2C Commerce for ordering.
Which integration solution shouldan architect recommend in order for the service agents to see order history from a B2C Commerce system?

- A. Mulesoft Anypoint Platform
- B. A REST API offered by Commerce Platform
- C. REST API offered by Salesforce Platform
- D. Salesforce B2C Commerce to Service Cloud Connector

**正解：D**

解説：
Option A is correct because Salesforce B2C Commerce to Service Cloud Connector is an integration solution that allows service agents to see order history from a B2C Commerce system. Salesforce B2C Commerce to Service CloudConnector is a pre-built package that integrates Salesforce B2C Commerce and Service Cloud using REST APIs and Platform Events. It enables service agents to view, edit, cancel, and refund orders from B2C Commerce within the Service Cloud console. It also supports features such as customer verification, order search, order details, and order history.
Option B is incorrect because a REST API offered by Commerce Platform is not an integration solution that allows service agents to see order history from a B2CCommerce system. A REST API offered by Commerce Platform is a set of web services that expose the functionality and data of the Commerce Platform to external applications. It can be used to create, update, delete, or query resources such as products, catalogs, customers, or orders. However, a REST API offered by Commerce Platform is not a complete integration solution, as it requires additional development, configuration, and maintenance to connect with Service Cloud and display the order history in the Service Cloud console.
Option C is incorrect because Mulesoft Anypoint Platform is not an integration solution that allows service agents to see order history from a B2C Commerce system. Mulesoft Anypoint Platform is a platform that enables developers to build, manage, and monitor integrations and APIs across various systems and applications. It can be used to connect Salesforce B2C Commerce and Service Cloud using various connectors, protocols, and transformations. However, Mulesoft Anypoint Platform is not apre-built integration solution, as it requires additional development, configuration, and maintenance to connect with Service Cloud and display the order history in the Service Cloud console.
Option D is incorrect because a REST API offered by SalesforcePlatform is not an integration solution that allows service agents to see order history from a B2C Commerce system. A REST API offered by Salesforce Platform is a set of web services that expose the functionality and data of the Salesforce Platform to external applications. It can be used to create, update, delete, or query resources such as objects, records, metadata, or Apex classes. However, a REST API offered by Salesforce Platform is not a complete integration solution, as it requires additional development, configuration, and maintenance to connect with B2C Commerce and display the order history in the Service Cloud console.
References: Salesforce B2C Commerce to Service Cloud Connector : Salesforce B2C Commerce to Service Cloud Connector Implementation Guide : Commerce API Explorer : MuleSoft | Integration Platform for Connecting SaaS and Enterprise Applications : REST API Developer Guide

**質問 # 61**
Northern Trail Outfitters has had an increase in requests from other business units to integrate opportunity information with other systems from Salesforce. The developers have started writing asynchronous @future callouts directly into the target systems. The CIO is concerned about the viability of this approach and scaling for future growth. What should be done to mitigate the CIO's concerns?

- A. Implement an extract, transform11, load (ETL) tool and perform nightly batch data loads to reduce network traffic.
- B. Implement an Enterprise Service Bus for service o9rchestration, mediation, routing, and decouple dependencies across systems.10
- C. Refactor the existing @future methods to use Enhanced External Services, import Open API 2.0 schemas, and update flows to use services instead of Apex.78

**正解：B**

解説：
The CIO's concern regarding "viability" and "scaling" is rooted in the risks associated with tightly coupled, point-to-point integrations. Using @future methods for direct callouts creates a "spaghetti" architecture where Salesforce must manage the specific endpoints, authentication, and error logic for every external system.
The architect should recommend implementing an Enterprise Service Bus (ESB). An ESB acts as a centralized middleware layer that provides mediation, routing, and orchestration. By moving the integration logic to an ESB, Salesforce only needs to send a single message to the bus. The ESB then takes responsibility for delivering that data to multiple business units and external systems. This decouples Salesforce from the downstream systems; if a target system changes its API or is replaced, only the ESB configuration needs to be updated, not the Salesforce Apex code.
While External Services (Option A) provide a low-code way to call APIs, they still represent point-to-point connections and do not solve the broader orchestration and scaling challenges. ETL tools (Option C) are designed for bulk data movement and would not satisfy the need for the near real-time updates that the existing callout logic likely supports. An ESB provides the "quality of service" features-such as guaranteed delivery, retries, and protocol transformation-that are necessary for a growing enterprise to maintain a stable and scalable integration landscape.

**質問 # 62**
Northern Trail Outfitters (NTO) is looking to integrate three external systems that run nightly data enrichment processes in Salesforce.NTO has both of the following security and strict auditing requirements:
1. The external systems must follow the principle of least privilege, and
2. The activities of the eternal systems must be available for audit.
What should an Integration Architect recommend as a solution for these integrations?

- A. A shared Connected App for the three external system integrations.
- B. A shared integration user for the three external system integrations.
- C. A Connected App for each external system integration.
- D. A unique integration user for each external system integration.

**正解：C**

解説：
Using a Connected App for each external system integration is a good solution because it can provide security, auditing, and monitoring features for each integration. A Connected App is an application that can connect to Salesforce using APIs and OAuth as an authentication protocol. A Connected App can also enforce policies such as IP restrictions, login hours, and session timeout for each integration. Using a shared integration user for the three external system integrations is not a good solution because it violates the principle of least privilege, as well as makes it difficult to audit the activities of each system. Using a shared Connected App for the three external system integrationsis also not a good solution because it does not allow for granular control and visibility of each integration. Using a unique integration user for each external system integration is not enough to meet the security and auditing requirements, as it does not provide any mechanism for authentication, authorization, or encryption. Reference: Salesforce Integration Architecture Designer Resource Guide, page 20-21

**質問 # 63**
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お客様のさまざまなニーズにお応えするために、Integration-Architect試験資料の3つのバージョンを作成しました。もちろん、Integration-Architect試験資料の3つのバージョンの内容はまったく同じです。あなたが好きなバージョンを選択できます。、Integration-Architect試験資料の3つのバージョンの違いがわからない場合は、弊社とご連絡いただきます。 また、あなたは弊社のウエブサイトでIntegration-Architect試験資料のデモを無料でダウンロードできます。

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