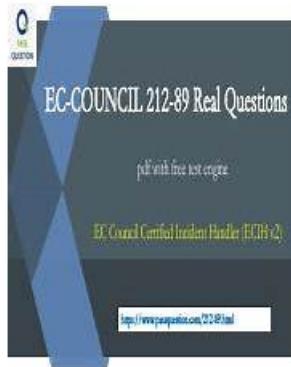


Itcertmaster EC-COUNCIL 212-89 Questions PDF



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Exam Topic Areas

All in all, the ECIH 212-89 Exam will cover the following topic areas:

- Forensic Readiness and First Response;
- Malware Incidents;
- Incident Response and Handling;
- Network & Mobile Incidents;
- Process Handling;

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The ECIH v2 certification exam is an internationally recognized credential that is highly valued by employers in the IT security industry. EC Council Certified Incident Handler (ECIH v3) certification demonstrates that the candidate has the knowledge, skills, and abilities to handle and respond to computer security incidents, and can effectively manage network security operations. EC Council Certified Incident Handler (ECIH v3) certification exam is designed to help individuals enhance their careers in IT security and to provide employers with a reliable way to assess the qualifications of potential employees.

Exam Overview

The EC-Council 212-89 Exam is delivered through the ECC Test Centers that are located around the world. The certification test contains 100 multiple-choice questions and has the allocated duration of 3 hours. The exam is available in the English language only. To complete the test successfully, you need to give at least 70% of the correct answers. If one fails this EC-Council exam at the first attempt, there is no waiting period for the second try. For the third and subsequent attempts, a waiting period of 14 days is established. After passing the test, you will receive your ECIH certificate within 7 business days.

EC-COUNCIL EC Council Certified Incident Handler (ECIH v3) Sample Questions (Q99-Q104):

NEW QUESTION # 99

Changing the web server contents, Accessing the workstation using a false ID and Copying sensitive data without authorization are examples of:

- A. DDoS attacks
- B. Unauthorized access attacks
- C. Social Engineering attacks
- D. Malware attacks

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 100

GlobalCorp, a leading software development company, recently launched a cloud-based CRM application. However, within a week, customers reported unauthorized access incidents. On investigation, it was discovered that the vulnerability was due to improper session management, allowing session fixation attacks. How should GlobalCorp address this vulnerability?

- A. Store session IDs in encrypted cookies.
- B. Increase the complexity of user passwords.
- C. Rotate session tokens after successful login
- D. Implement CAPTCHA on all login pages.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation (ECIH-aligned):

This scenario involves a session fixation vulnerability, a well-known web application attack where an attacker forces or predicts a session identifier and then tricks a user into authenticating with that session. According to the ECIH web application security module, proper session management is essential to prevent such attacks.

Option B is correct because rotating or regenerating session tokens immediately after successful authentication ensures that any session identifier known to an attacker becomes invalid. This breaks the attack chain inherent in session fixation attacks. ECIH explicitly identifies session regeneration as a primary mitigation control.

Option A helps against automated abuse but does not address session reuse. Option C strengthens authentication but does not prevent session hijacking. Option D improves confidentiality but does not prevent fixation if the same session ID remains valid. ECIH stresses that authentication and session management must be treated as distinct security controls. Even strong passwords

cannot protect against flawed session handling. Therefore, regenerating session tokens post- login is the correct and most effective remediation.

NEW QUESTION # 101

A global bank's IH&R team is investigating an intricate cyber-espionage campaign. Advanced persistent threat (APT) actors exfiltrated sensitive financial data over several months using both software vulnerabilities and human errors. What is the MOST appropriate immediate action for the IH&R team?

- A. Conduct organization-wide cybersecurity awareness training.
- B. Focus solely on patching known vulnerabilities.
- C. Publicize the breach to comply with laws.
- D. Leverage an Incident Response Automation and Orchestration (IRAO) tool to correlate data and automate threat hunting.

Answer: D

Explanation:

Comprehensive and Detailed Explanation (ECIH-aligned):

Advanced persistent threats require coordinated, intelligence-driven response. ECIH emphasizes that APT investigations generate massive volumes of telemetry across endpoints, networks, and cloud platforms.

Option D is correct because Incident Response Automation and Orchestration (IRAO) tools correlate disparate data sources, automate enrichment, and accelerate threat hunting. This enables responders to identify hidden persistence mechanisms and attacker TTPs efficiently.

Options A, B, and C are important but not immediate investigative actions.

ECIH explicitly recommends orchestration platforms for complex, multi-vector incidents such as APTs.

NEW QUESTION # 102

John, a professional hacker, is attacking an organization, where he is trying to destroy the connectivity between an AP and client to make the target unavailable to other wireless devices.

Which of the following attacks is John performing in this case?

- A. Denial-of-service
- B. Disassociation attack
- C. Routing attack
- D. EAP failure

Answer: B

NEW QUESTION # 103

In which of the following types of fuzz testing strategies the new data will be generated from scratch and the amount of data to be generated are predefined based on the testing model?

- A. Generation-based fuzz testing
- B. Log-based fuzz testing
- C. Protocol-based fuzz testing
- D. Mutation-based fuzz testing

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 104

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