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ISTQB Certified Tester Advanced Level - Test Manager Sample Questions (Q231-Q236):

NEW QUESTION # 231

Which one of the following options would help ensure success in using an Exploratory Testing approach? SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. Exploratory test sessions produce test charters that are executed after all functional testing is complete.
- B. Exploratory test sessions produce test charters that provide a detailed set of instructions for the novice tester to follow.
- C. Exploratory test sessions are time boxed and have a test charter that only experienced test analysts can execute.
- D. Exploratory test sessions are time boxed and have a test charter stating the test conditions to be covered.

Answer: D

NEW QUESTION # 232

What is a "depth-first" risk-based testing technique?

- A. Non-functional test cases are executed first
- **B. Highest risk test cases are executed first**
- C. All risk items are tested at least once
- D. Lowest risk test cases are executed first

Answer: B

Explanation:

A depth-first risk-based testing technique is a method of prioritizing and executing test cases based on the risk level of the features or functions to be tested. In this technique, the test cases with the highest risk are executed first, followed by the test cases with lower risks. This ensures that the most critical and likely areas of failure are tested thoroughly and early in the testing process. Risk Based Testing: Approach, Matrix, Process & Examples - Guru99 References: Certified Tester Advanced Level Test Manager (CTAL-TM) - ISTQB not-for-profit association, ISTQB Test Manager Certification - ISTQB Exams Worldwide - ISTQB Official Registration, [Analytical Test Strategy: A Comprehensive Guide - LambdaTest]

NEW QUESTION # 233

There is a debate in your organization about who can close a defect report The developers think they should be able to reject and close defects without any further steps The testers are not happy with this approach as they are afraid the rejections may go undetected and the developers may close something without understanding the real problem How can this problem be rectified?

- A. Only management should be allowed to close defect reports
- B. No one should close a defect report until the release is completed and the product is successfully deployed to production
- **C. Closure should only occur when a defect is fixed and tested**
- D. Only testers should be allowed to close defect reports

Answer: C

Explanation:

* Context Analysis:

* Developers want to close defects unilaterally, while testers are concerned about unresolved or misunderstood issues being overlooked.

* Defect closure requires validation that the fix is implemented and verified to prevent recurrence of the issue.

* Evaluation of Options:

* A. Only testers should be allowed to close defect reports:

* Incorrect. This creates a bottleneck and removes shared accountability for quality.

* B. Only management should be allowed to close defect reports:

* Incorrect. Management involvement adds unnecessary delays and complexity.

* C. No one should close a defect report until the release is completed and the product is successfully deployed to production:

* Incorrect. Defects should be closed as they are fixed and tested to ensure progress is tracked.

* D. Closure should only occur when a defect is fixed and tested:

* Correct. Ensures collaboration between developers and testers to verify the resolution.

* Syllabus Alignment:

* The ISTQB syllabus emphasizes clear defect management processes, including closure after verification (TM-2.3.4).

References:

ISTQB Advanced Level Test Management Syllabus (TM-2.3.4)

NEW QUESTION # 234

As the Test Manager working for a company developing safety related software for defence equipment, you have been asked to consider how you can track test progress and report on the following:

- 1) Test cases adequately cover all requirements
- 2) Issues relating to safety critical vulnerabilities are being addressed in priority order
- 3) How much of the developed system has been exercised through testing What tools would help to achieve this?

SELECT ONE OPTION

- A. A Test Management tool, defect management tool and static analysis tool.
- B. A Defect Management tool, static analysis tool and code coverage tool.
- **C. A Test Management tool, defect management tool and code coverage tool**
- D. A Defect Management tool, static analysis tool and performance tool.

Answer: C

NEW QUESTION # 235

Which of the following metrics would be most beneficial to collect to determine the effectiveness of a review process? [2]

- A. The elapsed time between each module's review and its corresponding deployment into production
- B. The business criticality of each module that was reviewed
- C. The development language used to create each module that was reviewed
- **D. The number of defects found in production for each module that was reviewed**

Answer: D

Explanation:

The effectiveness of a review process can be measured by how well it detects and removes defects from the work products being reviewed¹. One of the metrics that can indicate the defect detection capability of a review process is the number of defects found in production for each module that was reviewed². This metric can show how many defects escaped the review process and were not detected until the software was deployed. A lower number of defects found in production means a higher review effectiveness. Therefore, option A is the correct answer. Option B is incorrect because the business criticality of each module that was reviewed is not relevant to the review process effectiveness. Option C is incorrect because the elapsed time between each module's review and its corresponding deployment into production is not a measure of defect detection or removal, but rather a measure of development speed or efficiency. Option D is incorrect because the number of defects found in production for each module that was reviewed is not a measure of defect detection or removal, but rather a measure of risk or priority. References: 1: ISTQB Advanced Level Test Manager Syllabus, Section 2.3.2 2: Software Testing Metrics: What is, Types & Example

NEW QUESTION # 236

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