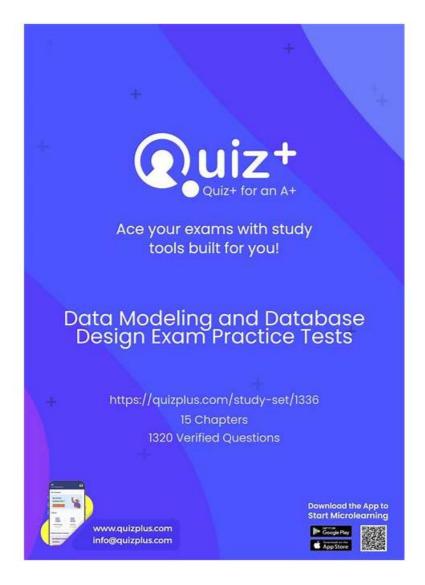
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PECB GDPR Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details		
Topic 1	Roles and responsibilities of accountable parties for GDPR compliance: This section of the exam measures the skills of Compliance Managers and covers the responsibilities of various stakeholders, such as data controllers, data processors, and supervisory authorities, in ensuring GDPR compliance. It assesses knowledge of accountability frameworks, documentation requirements, and reporting obligations necessary to maintain compliance with regulatory standards.		
Topic 2	Technical and organizational measures for data protection: This section of the exam measures the skills of IT Security Specialists and covers the implementation of technical and organizational safeguards to protect personal data. It evaluates the ability to apply encryption, pseudonymization, and access controls, as well as the establishment of security policies, risk assessments, and incident response plans to enhance data protection and mitigate risks.		
Topic 3	Data protection concepts: General Data Protection Regulation (GDPR), and compliance measures		
Topic 4	This section of the exam measures the skills of Data Protection Officers and covers fundamental concepts of data protection, key principles of GDPR, and the legal framework governing data privacy. It evaluates the understanding of compliance measures required to meet regulatory standards, including data processing principles, consent management, and individuals' rights under GDPR.		

PECB Certified Data Protection Officer Sample Questions (Q78-Q83):

NEW QUESTION #78

Ouestion:

What is themain purpose of conducting a DPIA?

- A. Toextensively assess the impacts of the identified risks on individuals.
- B. Toeliminate all risksassociated with processing personal data.
- C. Toidentify the causes of the identified risks.
- D. Tomeasure the potential consequences of the identified risks on the organization.

Answer: A

Explanation:

UnderArticle 35 of GDPR, a DPIA's primary goal is toassess the risks to individuals' rights and freedoms arising from data processing.

- * Option B is correctbecauseDPIAs focus on evaluating and mitigating risks to data subjects.
- * Option A is incorrectbecauseDPIAs are not just about identifying causes but about assessing and mitigating risks.
- * Option C is incorrectbecauseGDPR prioritizes risks to individuals, not just organizations.
- * Option D is incorrectbecauseeliminating all risks is not possible-DPIAs aim to manage and minimize risks. References:
- * GDPR Article 35(1)(DPIA requirement for high-risk processing)
- * Recital 84(DPIAs help protect individuals' rights)

NEW QUESTION #79

Scenario4:

Berc is a pharmaceutical company headquartered in Paris, France, known for developing inexpensive improved healthcare products. They want to expand to developing life-saving treatments. Bere has been engaged in many medical researches and clinical trials over the years. These projects required the processing of large amounts of data, including personal information. Since 2019, Berc has pursued GDPR compliance to regulate data processing activities and ensure data protection. Berc aims to positively impact human health through the use of technology and the power of collaboration. They recently have created an innovative solution in participation with Unty, a pharmaceutical company located in Switzerland. They want to enable patients to identify signs of strokes or other health-related issues themselves. They wanted to create a medical wrist device that continuously monitors patients' heart rate and notifies them about irregular heartbeats. The first step of the project was to collect information from individuals aged between 50 and 65. The purpose and means of processing were determined by both companies. The information collected included age, sex, ethnicity, medical history, and current medical status. Other information included names, dates of birth, and contact details. However, the individuals, who were mostly Berc's and Unty's customers, were not aware that there was an arrangement between Berc and Unty and that both companies have access to their personal data and share it between them. Berc outsourced the marketing of their new product to an international marketing company located in a country that had not adopted the adequacy decision from the EU commission. However, since they offered a good marketing campaign, following the DPO's advice, Berc contracted it. The marketing campaign included advertisement through telephone, emails, and social media. Berc requested that Berc's and Unty's clients be first informed about the product. They shared the contact details of clients with the marketing company. Based on this scenario, answer the following question:

Ouestion:

Is the transfer of data fromBerc to Untyin compliance with GDPR?

- A. Yes, Berc can transfer data to Unty because they collected data for the same purpose.
- B. No, Berc must conduct a new DPIA before transferring data to Switzerland.
- C. Yes, Berc can transfer data to Unty because Switzerland provides a level of data protection that is "essentially equivalent" to that of the EU.
- D. No, Berc cannot transfer data to a company in Switzerland unless authorization from the supervisory authority in France is obtained.

Answer: C

Explanation:

Under Article 45 of GDPR, data transfers to third countries are lawful if the European Commission has adopted an adequacy decision, meaning the countryoffers equivalent protection to GDPR. Switzerland has such an adequacy decision, making Berc's transfer lawful.

- * Option A is correctbecause Switzerlandmeets GDPR adequacy standards.
- * Option B is incorrectbecausehaving the same purpose does not automatically make the transfer lawful.
- * Option C is incorrectbecauseno supervisory authorization is neededwhen an adequacy decision exists.
- * Option D is incorrectbecausea DPIA is not required for a GDPR-compliant transfer.

References:

- * GDPR Article 45(1)(Adequacy decisions for third countries)
- * European Commission Decision on Switzerland's adequacy

NEW QUESTION #80

Bus Spot is one of the largest bus operators in Spain. The company operates in local transport and bus rental since 2009. The success of Bus Spot can be attributed to the digitization of the bus ticketing system, through which clients can easily book tickets and stay up to date on any changes to their arrival or departure time. In recent years, due to the large number of passengers transported daily. Bus Spot has dealt with different incidents including vandalism, assaults on staff, and fraudulent injury claims. Considering the severity of these incidents, the need for having strong security measures had become crucial. Last month, the company decided to install a CCTV system across its network of buses. This security measure was taken to monitor the behavior of the company's employees and passengers, enabling crime prevention and ensuring safety and security. Following this decision, Bus Spot initiated a data protection impact assessment (DPIA). The outcome of each step of the DPIA was documented as follows: Step 1: In all 150 buses, two CCTV cameras will be installed. Only individuals authorized by Bus Spot will have access to the information generated by the CCTV system. CCTV cameras capture images only when the Bus Spot's buses are being used. The CCTV cameras will record images and sound. The information is transmitted to a video recorder and stored for 20 days. In case of incidents, CCTV recordings may be stored for more than 40 days and disclosed to a law enforcement body. Data collected through the CCTV system will be processed by another organization. The purpose of processing this type of information is to increase the security and safety of individuals and prevent criminal activity. Step 2: All employees of Bus Spot were informed for the installation of a CCTV system. As the data controller, Bus Spot will have the ultimate responsibility to conduct the DPIA. Appointing a DPO at that point was deemed unnecessary. However, the data processor's suggestions regarding the CCTV installation were taken into account. Step 3: Risk Likelihood (Unlikely, Possible, Likely) Severity (Moderate, Severe, Critical) Overall risk (Low, Medium, High) There is a risk that the principle of lawfulness, fairness, and transparency will be compromised since individuals might not be aware of the CCTV location and its field of view. Likely Moderate Low There is a risk that the principle of integrity and confidentiality may be

compromised in case the CCTV system is not monitored and controlled with adequate security measures.

Possible Severe Medium There is a risk related to the right of individuals to be informed regarding the installation of CCTV cameras. Possible Moderate Low Step 4: Bus Spot will provide appropriate training to individuals that have access to the information generated by the CCTV system. In addition, it will ensure that the employees of the data processor are trained as well. In each entrance of the bus, a sign for the use of CCTV will be displayed. The sign will be visible and readable by all passengers. It will show other details such as the purpose of its use, the identity of Bus Spot, and its contact number in case there are any queries. Only two employees of Bus Spot will be authorized to access the CCTV system. They will continuously monitor it and report any unusual behavior of bus drivers or passengers to Bus Spot. The requests of individuals that are subject to a criminal activity for accessing the CCTV images will be evaluated only for a limited period of time. If the access is allowed, the CCTV images will be exported by the CCTV system to an appropriate file format. Bus Spot will use a file encryption software to encrypt data before transferring onto another file format. Step 5: Bus Spot's topmanagement has evaluated the DPIA results for the processing of data through CCTV system. The actions suggested to address the identified risks have been approved and will be implemented based on best practices. This DPIA involves the analysis of the risks and impacts in only a group of buses located in the capital of Spain. Therefore, the DPIA will be reconducted for each of Bus Spot's buses in Spain before installing the CCTV system. Based on this scenario, answer the following question:

Ouestion:

Based on scenario 6, Bus Spot decidednot to appoint a DPOwhen conducting the DPIA. Which option iscorrectregarding this situation?

- A. A DPO is mandatoryfor Bus Spot because CCTV surveillance involves high-risk processing.
- B. Bus Spot can conduct a DPIA only after appointing a DPO, since the DPO needs to control the DPIA process and
 observe how well risks are addressed.
- C. Bus Spot can conduct a DPIA without designating a DPO, since the role of the DPO is only to give advice to the
 controller or processor.
- D. The DPIA conducted by Bus Spotis not validbecause they have not appointed a DPO.

Answer: A

Explanation:

Under Article 37(1)(b) of GDPR, a DPOmust be appointed when the core activities involves ystematic monitoring of individuals on a large scale, which applies to Bus Spot's CCTV system.

- * Option D is correctbecauselarge-scale monitoring (CCTV) requires a DPOunder GDPR.
- * Option A is incorrectbecausenot appointing a DPO for systematic monitoring violates Article 37.
- * Option B is incorrectbecause a DPIAcan still be valid, but aDPO is required for compliance.
- * Option C is incorrectbecauseDPOs do not control DPIAs; they provide guidance.

References:

- * GDPR Article 37(1)(b)(Mandatory DPO for large-scale monitoring)
- * Recital 97(DPO role in high-risk data processing)

NEW QUESTION #81

Scenario1:

MED is a healthcare provider located in Norway. It provides high-quality and affordable healthcare services, including disease prevention, diagnosis, and treatment. Founded in 1995, MED is one of the largest health organizations in the private sector. The company has constantly evolved in response to patients' needs.

Patients that schedule an appointment in MED's medical centers initially need to provide theirpersonal information, including name, surname, address, phone number, and date of birth. Further checkups or admission require additional information, including previous medical history and genetic data. When providing their personal data, patients are informed that the data is used for personalizing treatments and improving communication with MED's doctors. Medical data of patients, including children, are stored in the database of MED's health information system. MED allows patients who are at least 16 years old to use the system and provide their personal information independently. For children below the age of 16, MED requires consent from the holder of parental responsibility before processing their data.

MED uses a cloud-based application that allows patients and doctors to upload and access information.

Patients can save all personal medical data, including test results, doctor visits, diagnosis history, and medicine prescriptions, as well as review and track them at any time. Doctors, on the other hand, can access their patients' data through the application and can add information as needed.

Patients who decide to continue their treatment at another health institution can request MED to transfer their data. However, even if patients decide to continue their treatment elsewhere, their personal data is still used by MED. Patients' requests to stop data processing are rejected. This decision was made by MED's top management to retain the information of everyone registered in their databases.

The company also shares medical data with InsHealth, a health insurance company. MED's data helps InsHealth create health

insurance plans that meet the needs of individuals and families.

MED believes that it is its responsibility to ensure the security and accuracy of patients' personal data. Based on the identified risks associated with data processing activities, MED has implemented appropriate security measures to ensure that data is securely stored and processed.

Since personal data of patients is stored and transmitted over the internet, MED uses encryption to avoid unauthorized processing, accidental loss, or destruction of data. The company has established a security policy to define the levels of protection required for each type of information and processing activity. MED has communicated the policy and other procedures to personnel and provided customized training to ensure proper handling of data processing.

Question:
Based on scenario 1, which data subject right is NOT guaranteed by MED?

- A. Right to restriction of processing
- B. Right to be informed
- C. Right to rectification
- D. Right to data portability

Answer: A

Explanation:

UnderArticle 18 of GDPR, theright to restriction of processingallows data subjects to request that processing of their personal data be limited under certain conditions, such as when accuracy is contested or processing is unlawful but the data subject opposes erasure.

From the scenario, MEDdoes not provide the option to restrict processing, as patients who request to stop processing are denied. This makesOption Bcorrect. Option Ais incorrect because MED does inform patients about data collection purposes. Option Cis incorrect because medical data could be transferred to other institutions. Option Dis incorrect because rectification of inaccurate data is a standard obligation.

References:

- * GDPR Article 18(Right to restriction of processing)
- * GDPR Article 12(Transparent communication with data subjects)

NEW QUESTION #82

Why should the controller implement appropriate technical and organizational measures?

- A. To maximize the processing of personal data
- B. To allow the data subject to monitor the processing of their personal data
- C. To enable the processor to create and improve security features

Answer: B

Explanation:

GDPR Article 25 requires controllers to implement appropriate measures ensuring data protection. This includes transparency measures that allow data subjects to monitor the processing of their personal data, fulfilling their rights under Articles 12-22.

NEW QUESTION #83

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