

有難いCVS合格率書籍試験-試験の準備方法-権威のあるCVS問題トレーニング

2025年看護師国家試験合格率	受験数	合格数	合格率
関西労災看護専門学校	33	33	100.0%
姫路医療センター附属看護学校	42	42	100.0%
姫路赤十字看護専門学校	44	44	100.0%
宝塚市立看護専門学校	35	35	100.0%
明石医療センター附属看護専門学校	38	38	100.0%
尼崎健康医療財団看護専門学校	56	56	100.0%
丹波市立看護専門学校	32	32	100.0%
神戸市医師会看護専門学校	59	58	98.3%
公立八鹿病院看護専門学校	18	17	94.4%
姫路市医師会看護専門学校	70	63	90.0%
相生市看護専門学校	32	29	90.6%
平成淡路看護専門学校	27	23	85.2%
西宮市医師会看護専門学校	64	60	93.8%
播磨看護専門学校	27	27	100.0%
兵庫県民間病院協会神戸看護専門学校	61	56	91.8%
はくほう会医療専門学校 明石校	34	31	91.2%
西神看護専門学校	36	33	91.7%

SAVE International試験に参加するのはあなたに自身のレベルを高めさせるだけでなく、あなたがより良く就職し輝かしい未来を持っています。JPTesKingのCVS資料を利用してから、あなたは短い時間でリラックスで試験に合格することができます。我々が存在するのはあなたの成功を全力で助けるためこそです。

SAVE International CVS Exam Syllabus Topics:

Section	Objectives
Value Methodology Overview	- Principles of Value Engineering / Value Analysis • 1. Function analysis basics • 2. Value definition and concepts

Job Plan Phases	- Information Phase • 1. Data collection and cost review • 2. Project scope definition - Presentation Phase • 1. Proposal presentation • 2. Stakeholder review - Evaluation Phase • 1. Idea screening and ranking - Function Analysis Phase • 1. Function identification • 2. FAST diagramming - Development Phase • 1. Solution development • 2. Cost-benefit analysis - Creative Phase • 1. Idea generation techniques
Professional Practice Requirements	- Project documentation and reporting - Value study facilitation

>> CVS合格率書籍 <<

SAVE International CVS問題トレーニング、CVS試験問題

CVS試験の復習が大変ですから、我々はあなたのような受験者の負担を少なくするために、皆様に全面的なCVS資料を提供します。だから、我々の専門家たちは努力に過去のデータを整理して分析してから、数年以来の研究を通して、現在の質量高いCVS参考書を開発しています。お客様は安心して試験を準備すればよろしいです。

SAVE International Certified Value Specialist 認定 CVS 試験問題 (Q148-Q153):

質問 # 148

A team wants to skip Function Analysis because the design solution already appears obvious. What is the best CVS-level response?

- A. Skip directly to Development to save time
- B. Agree, because Function Analysis is optional when experts are present
- **C. Perform Function Analysis because it is essential to a valid VM study**
- D. Replace Function Analysis with procurement benchmarking only

正解: C

解説:

The correct answer is C . Function Analysis is not an optional administrative exercise. SAVE's VM Standard states that, for a study to qualify as a Value Study, the team must follow an organized Job Plan and perform Function Analysis as defined in the standard. It also states that the team defines functions using active verb

/measurable noun language and analyzes them to determine which need improvement, elimination, or creation.

Option A is wrong because expert confidence does not replace the VM process. Experts are valuable, but they often carry design bias. Option B destroys the logic of the Job Plan because Development should refine selected ideas, not bypass function understanding. Option D may provide useful cost intelligence, but benchmarking does not identify required functions or function

relationships. The disciplined CVS answer is that Function Analysis protects the team from solution fixation. It reveals what must be accomplished, which functions consume resources, and where value mismatches exist. Skipping it reduces VM to ordinary design review.

References/topics: Function Analysis Phase; Valid Value Study; VM Job Plan Discipline.

質問 # 149

Subject information:

Service Life = 12 years

Fuel = \$9.00 per liter

Annual kilometers driven = 40,000 kilometers

Car A: Paid \$40,000 , needs batteries every two years at \$600 , needs tires every two years at \$1,000 , fuel efficiency = 10 kilometers per liter .

Car B: Paid \$50,000 , needs tires every two years at \$2,000 , fuel efficiency = 15 kilometers per liter .

Car C: Paid \$60,000 , needs tires every two years at \$4,000 , fuel efficiency = 20 kilometers per liter .

What is the total life cycle cost - initial, replacement costs, and annual costs - of Car A for the service life of the vehicle without considering the discount rate?

- A. \$500,000
- **B. \$480,000**
- C. \$477,000
- D. \$84,000

正解: B

解説:

The correct answer is A. \$480,000 . In the CVS Value Methodology context, life-cycle cost includes the initial cost, recurrent annual costs, and discrete future replacement expenditures over the defined service period. SAVE's VM Dictionary defines life-cycle cost as the sum of initial cost, recurrent annual cost, single expenditures, and disposal or salvage value over a specified period. It also defines recurrent annual cost as operation and maintenance cost occurring throughout each year, and single expenditure as a future replacement outlay occurring at discrete times during service life.

For Car A , the initial cost is \$40,000 . Annual fuel use is calculated as:

$40,000 \text{ km} \div 10 \text{ km/liter} = 4,000 \text{ liters per year}$

$4,000 \text{ liters} \times \$9 = \$36,000 \text{ per year}$

$\$36,000 \times 12 \text{ years} = \$432,000$

Replacement costs occur every two years during the 12-year service period, excluding a replacement at the end of year 12 because the vehicle's service life ends. Therefore, replacements occur at years 2, 4, 6, 8, and 10

:

$5 \times (\$600 \text{ batteries} + \$1,000 \text{ tires}) = 5 \times \$1,600 = \$8,000$

Total LCC = \$40,000 + \$432,000 + \$8,000 = \$480,000 .

References/topics: Evaluation Phase; Life-Cycle Cost; Initial Cost; Recurrent Annual Cost; Single Expenditure; Cost Analysis.

質問 # 150

The VM study team appears engaged but is not making progress. Which of the following is the most likely cause?

- A. Social loafing
- B. Group size
- C. Uncomfortable environment
- **D. Groupthink**

正解: D

解説:

The correct answer is A. Groupthink . In VM facilitation, a team can appear active, cooperative, and verbally engaged while still failing to make meaningful progress if members are converging too quickly, avoiding disagreement, or reinforcing the same assumptions. This is characteristic of groupthink , where apparent harmony masks weak analysis and limited challenge to alternatives. Groupthink is defined as a negative group decision process involving conformity pressure, self-censorship, and reduced critical examination in cohesive groups.

This aligns directly with VM team-dynamics responsibilities. The SAVE International Study Guide states that the Job Plan supports team synergy within a structured process , not merely a collection of individual opinions. () The team leader must keep the team

focused, keep members involved in discussion and work, and act as a catalyst to keep the team moving and motivated. () Option B would more likely produce visible discomfort or withdrawal. Option C, social loafing, reflects reduced individual effort, not an engaged but stalled team. Option D may influence participation, but it is not the best diagnostic cause here. The facilitation response should restore inquiry, challenge assumptions, and encourage constructive dissent.
References/topics: VM Facilitation and Team Dynamics; Team Leader Responsibilities; Job Plan Discipline; Groupthink; Team Progress Barriers.

質問 # 151

Which of the following methods should the VM facilitator utilize during the Creativity Phase using discursive creativity techniques?
Choose 2 answers.

- A. Focus discussion on the most feasible ideas.
- B. Break problems into sub-problems.
- C. Utilize mind-mapping techniques to visualize connections.
- D. Assure that one person speaks at a time.

正解: B、C

解説:

The correct answers are C. Break problems into sub-problems and D. Utilize mind-mapping techniques to visualize connections . In the Creativity Phase, the VM team generates alternative ways to perform the selected functions. SAVE's VM guidance describes this phase as a quantity-focused idea-generation activity where ideas are developed without judgment, habit, assumed restrictions, or premature feasibility screening. (UW Courses) Discursive creativity techniques are structured, logical, and systematic. They help the team move through the problem deliberately rather than relying only on spontaneous brainstorming. Breaking problems into sub-problems is appropriate because it allows the facilitator to separate a complex function, process, or constraint into smaller idea-generation targets. This improves coverage and prevents the team from treating the problem too broadly. Mind-mapping is also appropriate because it visually organizes relationships among functions, causes, ideas, constraints, and possible solution paths. Option A is incorrect because focusing on the most feasible ideas belongs to the Evaluation Phase , not Creativity. Option B is a useful facilitation rule, but it is not specifically a discursive creativity technique.

References/topics: Creativity Phase; Discursive Creativity Techniques; Idea Generation; Function-Based Alternatives; Evaluation Phase Boundary.

質問 # 152

Which of the following are common change drivers?
Choose 3 answers

- A. Crises
- B. Technological evolution
- C. Maintaining habits
- D. Process reviews
- E. Organizational culture

正解: A、B、D

解説:

The correct answers are C. Technological evolution, D. Process reviews, and E. Crises . In VM facilitation and change management, a change driver is a force or condition that creates the need for an organization to alter processes, systems, products, services, or behaviors. SAVE's Value Methodology glossary specifically identifies common change drivers as including technological evolution, process reviews, and crises , along with other external and internal pressures. () Technological evolution drives change because new tools, automation, systems, and digital capabilities can make existing methods outdated or inefficient. Process reviews are also common drivers because structured review often reveals waste, duplication, poor function performance, or value gaps that require improvement.

Crises are strong change drivers because urgent disruption, failure, cost pressure, safety issues, or market shock can force rapid organizational response.

Option A, organizational culture, may influence how change is accepted or resisted, but it is not listed here as a primary change driver. Option B, maintaining habits, is usually a resistance behavior, not a driver of change.

References/topics: VM Facilitation and Team Dynamics; Change Management; Change Drivers; Organizational Change; VM Programs.

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CVS問題トレーニング: <https://www.jpctestking.com/CVS-exam.html>

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