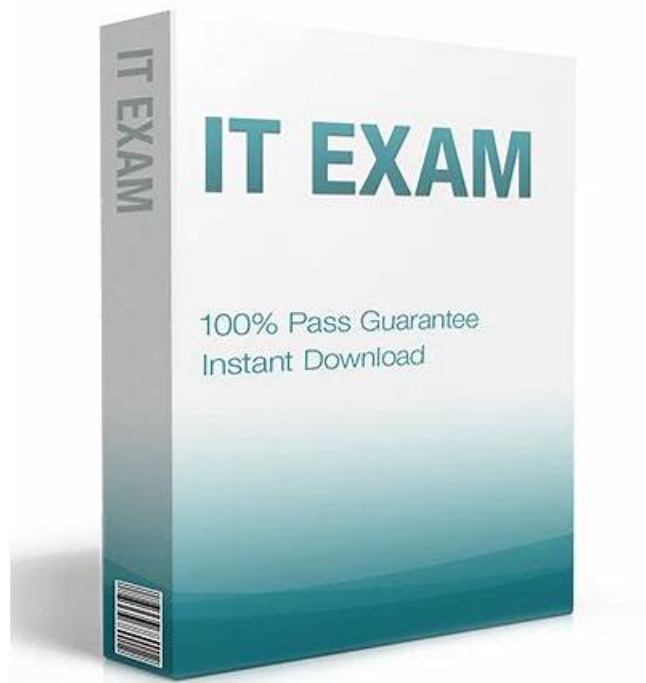


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## VMware 2V0-11.25 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Plan and Design the VMware by Broadcom Solution: There are no testable objectives in this section. Still, it is intended for solution architects who need to plan and design VMware Cloud Foundation deployments, focusing on sizing, architecture selection, and network</li><li>storage design.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>IT Architectures, Technologies, Standards: There are no testable objectives in this section. However, this area establishes the foundational knowledge expected of cloud administrators, such as understanding basic IT infrastructure, virtualization, and cloud models. This section is relevant for cloud administrators and infrastructure engineers.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Troubleshoot and Optimize the VMware by Broadcom Solution: This section of the exam measures skills of the cloud infrastructure support engineer and covers diagnosing and resolving technical issues related to VMware Cloud Foundation deployment and operations. It includes troubleshooting the deployment process, vSphere, networking, vSAN, SDDC Manager, and Aria Suite. The section also evaluates the ability to optimize infrastructure performance, manage resources, and ensure efficient operation, focusing on the practical aspects of maintaining and enhancing VMware Cloud Foundation environments.</li></ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Install, Configure, Administrate the VMware by Broadcom Solution: This section of the exam measures skills of the VMware Cloud Foundation administrator and covers the installation and configuration processes for VMware Cloud Foundation components, deploying and configuring management domains, NSX Edge Clusters, and the VMware Aria Suite Lifecycle. It assesses the ability to deploy workload domains, enable vSphere IaaS control plane, create vSphere namespaces, manage stretched clusters, and use VMware Cloud Foundation APIs. Candidates are also tested on scaling deployments, performing Day 2 operations like backup, recovery, lifecycle management, VM lifecycle management, configuring networking and storage, managing ESXi hosts, implementing encryption, and operationalizing VMware NSX, vSAN, and Aria Suite. The section is comprehensive, targeting those responsible for the ongoing administration and optimization of VMware environments.</li></ul>
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>VMware by Broadcom Solution: This section of the exam measures skills of the cloud administrator and covers identifying VMware Cloud Foundation components like vSphere, vSAN, and NSX, as well as their architecture, including stretched configurations. It also assesses knowledge of requirements for implementing private cloud solutions, use cases for VMware Aria Suite components, vSphere IaaS control plane, Data Services Manager, and VMware Cloud Foundation Add-Ons. The focus is on the ability to recognize and apply the correct VMware solutions for various enterprise scenarios.</li></ul>

## VMware Cloud Foundation 5.2 Administrator Sample Questions (Q154-Q159):

### NEW QUESTION # 154

The administrator has been tasked with applying asynchronous software updates to the VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) instance using the VMware Async Patch CLI Tool.

Which four steps would an administrator take to complete the task? (Choose four.)

- A. Download the bundles from SDDC Manager.
- B. Apply the patches through the SDDC Manager UI.
- C. Upload the bundles to SDDC Manager.
- D. Upload the confirmation to SDDC Manager.
- E. Download the bundles.
- F. Enable the bundles.
- G. Apply the patches directly through the Async Patch CLI Tool.

**Answer: B,C,E,F**

Explanation:

To apply asynchronous software updates to a VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF) instance using the VMware Async Patch CLI Tool, an administrator must follow a specific sequence of steps. The VMware Async Patch CLI Tool is designed to facilitate the application of critical patches to VCF components-such as NSX Manager, vCenter Server, or ESXi-outside the standard release cycle. These patches are then integrated into the SDDC Manager for application. Based on the provided options and standard practices, the four correct steps are outlined below.

**Step 1: Download the Bundles**

The process begins with obtaining the necessary patch bundles. These bundles contain the asynchronous updates that need to be applied to the VCF instance. In an offline environment, the administrator downloads the bundles on a separate computer with internet access using the Async Patch CLI Tool (e.g., with a command like --download). In an online environment, the tool can download the bundles directly to the SDDC Manager. The option B. Download the bundles accurately reflects this initial step, as it is a prerequisite regardless of the environment.

**Step 2: Upload the Bundles to SDDC Manager**

Once downloaded, the bundles must be made available to the SDDC Manager. In an offline scenario, this involves manually transferring (or uploading) the downloaded bundles from the separate computer to the SDDC Manager appliance. In an online scenario, the Async Patch CLI Tool can automate this upload to the SDDC Manager's internal Lifecycle Management (LCM) repository when enabling the patch. The option G. Upload the bundles to SDDC Manager represents this critical step, ensuring the bundles are accessible to the system.

**Step 3: Enable the Bundles**

With the bundles uploaded to the SDDC Manager, the administrator uses the Async Patch CLI Tool to enable the patches. This step involves running a command such as --enableAsyncPatch, which registers the patch bundles with the SDDC Manager and prepares them for application. In an online environment, this command may also handle the download and upload automatically, but since the options separate these actions, "enable" refers specifically to making the patches available within the SDDC Manager. The option E. Enable the bundles corresponds to this process, aligning with the tool's role in enabling patches for subsequent application.

**Step 4: Apply the Patches through the SDDC Manager UI**

Finally, the administrator applies the enabled patches to the VCF instance using the SDDC Manager user interface (UI). The Async Patch CLI Tool does not apply the patches directly; instead, it prepares them, and the actual application occurs through the SDDC Manager UI as part of the lifecycle management process. This step ensures the patches are deployed to the target components in a controlled manner.

The option F. Apply the patches through the SDDC Manager UI accurately describes this final action.

**Why Not the Other Options?**

A . Download the bundles from SDDC Manager: This is incorrect because bundles are typically downloaded from an external source (e.g., VMware's repository) to the SDDC Manager, not the other way around.

C . Upload the confirmation to SDDC Manager: There is no standard process involving "uploading a confirmation" in the async patching workflow, making this option irrelevant.

D . Apply the patches directly through the Async Patch CLI Tool: This is incorrect, as the tool only enables patches; the application is performed via the SDDC Manager UI.

**Conclusion**

The four steps an administrator would take to apply asynchronous software updates using the VMware Async Patch CLI Tool are:

B . Download the bundles

G . Upload the bundles to SDDC Manager

E . Enable the bundles

F . Apply the patches through the SDDC Manager UI

These steps provide a complete and logical sequence for successfully patching a VCF instance with the Async Patch CLI Tool.

**NEW QUESTION # 155**

A disk failure has occurred in a vSAN cluster.

What four steps should be taken to recover from this disk failure? (Choose four.)

- A. Ensure the new disk is claimed by the vSAN cluster
- B. Perform a full resync of the vSAN objects
- C. Use the vSphere Client to check the vSAN Health Service
- D. Replace the failed disk with a new one
- E. Rebuild the affected disk group
- F. Disable disk group encryption

**Answer: A,C,D,E**

Explanation:

Checking the vSAN Health Service in the vSphere Client is the first step in diagnosing the issue and verifying the status of the vSAN components after the disk failure.

Rebuilding the affected disk group is necessary to ensure that data is re-optimized and replicated in accordance with the vSAN policy.  
 Replacing the failed disk with a new one ensures that the storage capacity is restored.  
 Ensuring that the new disk is claimed by the vSAN cluster is important to ensure that it is recognized and integrated into the vSAN disk group.

#### NEW QUESTION # 156

Put the following steps in the correct order to update the driver/firmware in vSAN.

Verify that the new driver and firmware versions are active and the host is functioning correctly.	Step 1
Download the latest driver and firmware from the hardware vendor's website.	Step 2
Apply the firmware update to the host using the vendor's update tool.	Step 3
Plan for a maintenance window to perform the update.	Step 4
Check the current driver and firmware versions using the vSphere Client.	Step 5
Reboot the host to complete the update process.	Step 6
Update the driver using the vSphere Lifecycle Manager (vLCM)	Step 7

**Answer:**

Explanation:

Verify that the new driver and firmware versions are active and the host is functioning correctly.	Plan for a maintenance window to perform the update.
Download the latest driver and firmware from the hardware vendor's website.	Check the current driver and firmware versions using the vSphere Client.
Apply the firmware update to the host using the vendor's update tool.	Download the latest driver and firmware from the hardware vendor's website.
Plan for a maintenance window to perform the update.	Apply the firmware update to the host using the vendor's update tool.
Check the current driver and firmware versions using the vSphere Client.	Update the driver using the vSphere Lifecycle Manager (vLCM)
Reboot the host to complete the update process.	Reboot the host to complete the update process.
Update the driver using the vSphere Lifecycle Manager (vLCM)	Verify that the new driver and firmware versions are active and the host is functioning correctly.

#### NEW QUESTION # 157

It looks like you're referencing a set of information working or credentials required for setting up or configuring a VMware Aria Suite Lifecycle appliance (setup requires previous configuration knowledge). The vReal question seems to involve identifying Suite Lifecycle Manager necessary information or credentials needed for VMware Cloud Foundation successful deployment in the environment. From your answer, based on provided list

your, list the, correct is answers for this:

- A. The FQDN of the Aria Suite Lifecycle cluster
- B. The password for the admin@local account
- C. A free IP address on the VMware NSX Tier 0
- D. A free IP Address within the cross-region virtual network segment
- E. The password for the root account
- F. The password for the vcfadmin@local account
- G. The FQDN of the Aria Suite Lifecycle appliance

**Answer: A,E,F,G**

Explanation:

The fully qualified domain name (FQDN) of the Aria Suite Lifecycle appliance and cluster are necessary for proper configuration and integration within the VMware Cloud Foundation environment.

The password for the root account is required to authenticate and provide administrative access to the environment.

The password for the vcfadmin@local account is needed to perform administrative tasks related to VMware Cloud Foundation (VCF).

#### NEW QUESTION # 158

An administrator is troubleshooting a high CPU usage issue of the SDDC Manager VM. Access to SDDC Manager UI is exhibiting degraded performance.

What two steps should the administrator take to diagnose the issue? (Choose two.)

- A. Upgrade the vSphere version to the latest release.
- B. Login to SDDC Manager using console with root credentials, run the top command to identify any services that may be consuming high %CPU.
- C. Reboot the SDDC Manager VM to clear any temporary issues.
- D. Reconfigure the DRS settings to be more aggressive in load balancing.
- E. Review the CPU usage of the ESXi management domain hosts to identify any that are overcommitted.

**Answer: B,E**

Explanation:

When troubleshooting high CPU usage on the SDDC Manager VM, the recommended diagnostic steps are:

Login to SDDC Manager using console with root credentials, run the top command to identify any services that may be consuming high %CPU (B): The official documentation instructs administrators to use system monitoring commands such as top or htop within the SDDC Manager appliance to determine if specific processes or services are causing elevated CPU usage. This helps pinpoint the root cause inside the VM.

Review the CPU usage of the ESXi management domain hosts to identify any that are overcommitted (D):

High CPU usage within the SDDC Manager VM could also result from overall CPU contention on the physical ESXi hosts.

Checking host-level CPU usage can help determine if the underlying infrastructure is contributing to the performance issue. The documentation emphasizes reviewing host resource metrics to ensure the management cluster is not overcommitted.

Other options such as rebooting the VM, upgrading vSphere, or modifying DRS settings are not recommended as initial diagnostic steps according to official guidance. Rebooting or changing configurations without proper analysis may disrupt services or not address the root cause.

#### NEW QUESTION # 159

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