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## ADVANCED DIPLOMA IN PROCUREMENT AND SUPPLY (CIPS)

### L5M1 – MANAGING TEAMS AND INDIVIDUALS

#### QUESTIONS AND ANSWERS

#### CHAPTER ONE

L5M1 Chapter one questions & answers

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#### CIPS L5M1 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>Understand, Analyse, and Apply Management and Organisational Approaches: This section of the exam measures skills of Operations Managers and covers the understanding and evaluation of organisational behaviour and management approaches. It assesses knowledge of individual and team behaviour, organisational structures, and the psychological contract, as well as factors like STEEPLED influences. Candidates are tested on traditional and contemporary management approaches, including administrative, scientific, and human relations methods, as well as postmodernism, socio-technical systems, and distributed leadership. The role of individuals, teams, and organisational culture in shaping behaviour is also evaluated.</li></ul>

Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Assess the Application of Management Concepts and Principles in a Procurement and Supply Function: This section of the exam measures skills of Procurement Managers and focuses on applying management principles within procurement and supply operations. Candidates are tested on aligning team knowledge, skills, and behaviours with organisational strategy, defining the scope of operations, and developing teams. The syllabus also includes managing stakeholder relationships, building trust, promoting collaboration, fostering a culture of learning, sharing procurement knowledge, professional development, and the importance of personal behaviours such as unbiased decision-making, communication, creativity, and reflective practice to enhance procurement and supply effectiveness.</li> </ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand and Apply Approaches to Managing Individuals: This section of the exam measures skills of HR Managers and focuses on managing individual behaviour effectively. It examines how differences in behavioural characteristics affect management style and approach, highlighting diversity, emotional intelligence, and assessment techniques for development. The section also covers the creation and management of knowledge, formal and informal learning processes, cognitive and behavioural learning theories, motivation theories including intrinsic and extrinsic factors, and factors influencing job satisfaction such as job design, collaboration, and flexible working arrangements.</li> </ul>
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Understand and Apply Approaches to Planning and Managing Work Groups or Teams: This section of the exam measures skills of Team Leaders and covers the dynamics and effectiveness of work groups or teams. Candidates are tested on understanding group vision, values, norms, and alignment, as well as formal and informal group structures. The syllabus includes strategies for developing effective teams, team roles, self-managed teams, virtual team management, diversity benefits, and conflict management. It also assesses knowledge of team development, learning integration, role congruence, and approaches for merging, disbanding, or changing teams.</li> </ul>

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### **CIPS Managing Teams and Individuals Sample Questions (Q16-Q21):**

#### **NEW QUESTION # 16**

Discuss 4 factors that make up the individual and 3 different ways a manager can lead a team (20 points)

**Answer:**

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Understanding individuals is crucial for effective leadership. People bring unique qualities to the workplace, which influence how they behave, perform, and interact. Four important factors that make up the individual are as follows.

Firstly, personality plays a major role. Traits such as extroversion, conscientiousness, or openness (from models like the Big Five) influence how individuals communicate, make decisions, and fit into teams. For example, an extrovert may thrive in negotiation roles, while an introvert may excel in analytical procurement tasks.

Secondly, attitudes and values shape how individuals respond to work situations. Values around ethics, sustainability, or fairness can influence motivation and alignment with organisational culture. In procurement, a professional with strong ethical values may be more resistant to corruption risks.

Thirdly, perception and motivation affect behaviour. Individuals interpret situations differently, and motivation theories such as Maslow, Herzberg or McGregor's Theory X/Y show how personal drivers impact performance. Some may be motivated by pay, others by recognition or career development.

Finally, abilities and skills define what individuals can contribute. These include technical competencies, problem-solving skills, and interpersonal abilities. A skilled negotiator, for example, adds significant value to a procurement team.

Managers must also choose effective ways to lead teams. Three common approaches are:

Autocratic leadership - where the manager makes decisions without consulting the team. This can be effective in crises or routine, highly regulated tasks (e.g., compliance procurement), but risks low morale if overused.

Democratic or participative leadership - where managers involve team members in decision-making. This improves engagement, creativity, and buy-in. For example, involving procurement staff in category strategy development can generate stronger results.

Laissez-faire leadership - where the manager provides minimal direction, allowing the team high autonomy. This works well when teams are highly skilled and self-motivated, but may cause confusion if individuals lack experience.

In conclusion, individuals are shaped by their personality, values, perceptions/motivations, and skills, all of which affect their workplace performance. Managers can choose between autocratic, democratic, or laissez-faire leadership depending on the situation. Successful leaders adapt their style to the individuals and teams they manage, ensuring both high performance and motivation.

## NEW QUESTION # 17

Buttons Ltd is a clothing manufacturer. It began as a very small enterprise but over the last 3 years it has grown and has become very successful. The company has decided it needs a dedicated procurement and supply chain function to help source materials for its clothing. Describe the scope of the procurement and supply chain function (10 points) and explain what knowledge, behaviours and skills will be required by those recruited to work in the department (15 points).

### Answer:

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Part A - Scope of Procurement and Supply Chain (10 points):

The scope of procurement and supply chain at Buttons Ltd will cover all activities involved in sourcing, purchasing, and managing the flow of materials needed for clothing production.

This includes sourcing raw materials such as fabrics, zips, and buttons from reliable suppliers, ensuring cost efficiency and quality. It also covers supplier selection and management, including contract negotiation and supplier relationship management. The function will ensure compliance with ethical and sustainable sourcing standards, which are increasingly important in the fashion industry.

The supply chain scope also involves logistics and inventory management, ensuring that materials are delivered on time to support production schedules and that stock levels are optimised to avoid delays or overstocking. Additionally, procurement must manage risk and continuity of supply, identifying alternative sources in case of disruptions. Finally, procurement contributes to strategic decisions by aligning sourcing activities with company objectives such as cost reduction, sustainability, and innovation.

Part B - Knowledge, Behaviours and Skills Required (15 points):

Knowledge:

Understanding of sourcing and supply chain processes (tenders, contracts, logistics).

Knowledge of ethical and sustainable procurement, ensuring materials are responsibly sourced.

Awareness of fashion industry requirements such as lead times, quality standards, and supplier markets.

Behaviours:

Professional integrity and ethics, ensuring fair treatment of suppliers and compliance with standards.

Collaboration and teamwork, working across departments (design, finance, production).

Adaptability and resilience, since the clothing industry faces rapid changes in demand and supply risks.

Skills:

Negotiation skills to secure best value while maintaining supplier relationships.

Analytical skills to assess supplier performance, costs, and risks.

Communication skills to liaise with suppliers and internal stakeholders effectively.

Problem-solving skills to manage supply chain disruptions and ensure continuity.

For example, a procurement professional at Buttons Ltd might need to negotiate fabric supply contracts while ensuring the supplier meets sustainability standards and delivers within tight production deadlines.

Conclusion:

The procurement and supply chain function at Buttons Ltd will be responsible for sourcing, supplier management, logistics, and risk management, supporting the company's growth and competitiveness. To succeed, staff must demonstrate strong knowledge of procurement processes, ethical behaviours, and key skills such as negotiation, analysis, and communication. Together, these ensure the function delivers value and supports the company's long-term goals.

## NEW QUESTION # 18

Discuss 5 characteristics of an effective working group (25 points).

**Answer:**

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

An effective working group is one that is able to achieve its objectives while maintaining good relationships among its members. Groups that function well display certain characteristics that ensure high performance and motivation. Five key characteristics are discussed below.

The first characteristic is clear objectives and purpose. An effective group understands what it is working towards and has shared goals. For example, in procurement, a category management group with a clear objective to deliver savings and sustainability improvements will be more focused and aligned.

The second characteristic is good communication. Open, honest, and regular communication allows group members to share ideas, raise concerns, and coordinate their activities. In procurement, effective communication between buyers, finance, and operations ensures that sourcing projects meet business needs.

The third is defined roles and responsibilities. Members of an effective group know what is expected of them and how their work contributes to the group's success. This reduces conflict and duplication of effort. For example, one procurement professional may lead supplier negotiations while another manages contract compliance.

Fourthly, trust and mutual respect are essential. Members of effective groups value each other's contributions and support one another. This creates psychological safety, meaning individuals are more willing to share ideas and take risks. In procurement, this could involve trusting colleagues to manage parts of a tender process without interference.

Finally, an effective group demonstrates strong leadership and motivation. A good leader sets direction, supports members, and creates a balance between task and people needs. Leadership also ensures the group stays motivated, particularly during challenges.

**NEW QUESTION # 19**

Zarah is the Head of Procurement at a hospital. She feels that the Procurement Department is understaffed and due to the large volume of work she has decided to put together a business case to recruit one additional Procurement Assistant. Explain the process Zarah should complete in order to create this Business Case. (25 points).

**Answer:**

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

When preparing a business case for additional resource, Zarah should follow a structured process to ensure that the proposal is clear, evidence-based, and aligned with the hospital's strategic objectives.

The first step is to identify the need. Zarah must gather evidence to show that the current department is understaffed and unable to manage the workload effectively. This may include statistics on increased purchase orders, supplier contracts, delays, or risks caused by the lack of staff.

Secondly, she should define the objectives of the business case. In this case, the objective is to secure funding and approval for an additional Procurement Assistant to ensure efficiency, compliance, and risk management in hospital procurement.

Thirdly, Zarah must analyse options. The business case should not only present recruitment as the only choice but also consider alternatives such as outsourcing, redistributing workload, or temporary staff. Each option should be reviewed in terms of cost, feasibility, and benefits.

Fourthly, she should present the costs and benefits. The costs will include salary, training, and any associated overheads. The benefits may include faster order processing, reduced errors, improved supplier management, compliance with healthcare regulations, and freeing up senior staff for strategic tasks. Non-financial benefits, such as improved staff morale and better patient outcomes through timely supply of materials, should also be highlighted.

The fifth step is to assess risks. For example, not hiring an additional assistant may risk delays in ordering medical supplies, poor compliance with procurement standards, and reputational damage to the hospital. Conversely, recruiting without sufficient workload planning could lead to under-utilisation of resources.

Sixthly, Zarah should recommend the preferred option. Based on evidence, she would recommend hiring one additional Procurement Assistant as the best way to meet the workload demands while delivering value.

Finally, she should prepare the formal document and presentation for hospital executives or the finance committee. The business case should be structured with an introduction, background, options, costs/benefits, risks, and recommendations.

Conclusion:

To create a strong business case, Zarah must identify the need, set clear objectives, analyse options, present costs and benefits, assess risks, and make a clear recommendation. A well-prepared business case will increase the likelihood of approval and ensure the procurement team has the resources needed to deliver efficient, compliant, and high-quality outcomes for the hospital.

## NEW QUESTION # 20

What is meant by the 'systems approach' and 'contingency approach' to management? (20 points)

**Answer:**

Explanation:

See the Explanation for Detailed Answer

Explanation:

Theories of management provide different ways of understanding how organisations can be led effectively. Two important perspectives are the systems approach and the contingency approach. Both move beyond early "one best way" classical theories and instead highlight the complexity and adaptability required in modern organisations.

The systems approach views the organisation as an integrated whole made up of interdependent subsystems such as HR, finance, operations and procurement. It is based on systems theory, seeing organisations as "open systems" that interact with their external environment. Inputs such as people, information and resources are transformed into outputs such as products, services and stakeholder value. Feedback loops are essential to monitor performance and make adjustments. The key idea is synergy - the whole is greater than the sum of the parts. For example, in procurement, sourcing decisions influence not only supplier performance but also finance (budgets), operations (continuity), and CSR (sustainability). A systems approach ensures that procurement strategies are aligned to wider organisational goals and continuous improvement.

The contingency approach develops this idea further, arguing that there is no universal way to manage. Instead, the best approach depends on situational factors such as environment, size, technology, or workforce capability. It rejects "one-size-fits-all" rules and stresses that management must adapt. For example, in a stable market, a hierarchical structure with formal rules may work well, whereas in volatile markets, flexible and decentralised decision-making is more effective. In procurement, this could mean using strict process controls for routine, low-value items, but adopting agile, collaborative approaches when managing strategic supplier partnerships in uncertain global supply chains.

In comparison, the systems approach gives managers a holistic view of how different parts of the organisation connect and interact with the external environment, while the contingency approach emphasises adaptability and situational leadership. Together, they suggest that effective managers need both a broad systems perspective and the ability to tailor their approach depending on context. In conclusion, the systems approach stresses coordination, integration and feedback across the organisation, while the contingency approach stresses flexibility and the idea that "it depends." Both are highly relevant to procurement and supply leaders who must integrate across functions and adapt strategies to dynamic and uncertain supply environments.

## NEW QUESTION # 21

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