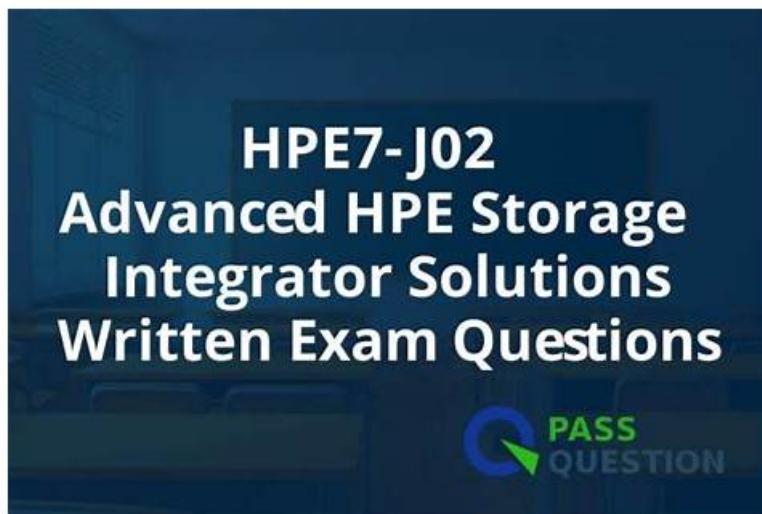


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HP HPE7-J02 Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Monitoring and Telemetry: This section examines the skills of Cloud Operations Specialists in using HPE or third-party management tools to monitor customer telemetry. Candidates must configure alerts, analyze logs, and evaluate reports to identify SLA trends, outages, and performance issues.
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Storage Transport in Multi-Site Solutions: This section evaluates the skills of Storage Architects in describing and applying transport technologies within multi-site solutions. It involves distinguishing between SAN topologies, analyzing transport components, and recommending advanced data protection methods to ensure reliability across enterprise environments.

Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Planning and Validating Storage Solutions: This section assesses the role of Storage Consultants in evaluating complex, multi-vendor environments. Candidates will demonstrate their ability to plan, size, and validate storage solutions tailored for enterprise workloads, ensuring proposals meet customer requirements effectively.
Topic 4	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> HPE Storage Portfolio and Strategy: This domain measures the knowledge of Solution Advisors in positioning HPE's Storage portfolio within enterprise infrastructure. Candidates must understand HPE Storage hardware, procurement options, available tools, and the overarching storage strategy, including its relevance to enterprise-scale solutions.
Topic 5	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Storage Access and Data Protection: This part of the exam tests the expertise of Infrastructure Engineers in configuring storage access, provisioning capacity, and applying replication policies. It also covers disaster recovery validation and role-based access control to secure storage operations.
Topic 6	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Advanced Troubleshooting and Prevention: This section focuses on the ability of Support Engineers to identify root causes of issues and implement advanced preventive measures. It emphasizes building resilience in customer environments to minimize future disruptions.
Topic 7	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Optimizing the Customer's Environment: This domain evaluates the skills of Optimization Specialists in identifying opportunities for improvement. Candidates will design and validate optimization plans that enhance customer environments, ensuring measurable performance and efficiency gains.
Topic 8	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Competitive Positioning of HPE Storage: This part of the exam focuses on the ability of Trusted Advisors to identify competitive opportunities for HPE Storage solutions. It requires articulating HPE's strengths in comparison to multi-vendor environments, customer needs, and market trends, helping customers make informed technology choices.

HP Advanced HPE Storage Integrator Solutions Written Exam Sample Questions (Q38-Q43):

NEW QUESTION # 38

A junior engineer doing their first assessment makes the comment that all assessments are basically done "entirely by the assessment tool" and all they must do is start the process in the HPE website.

You caution them that some assessment tools require a manual email by the engineer to HPE to really start the process.

Which type of assessments require an email?

- A. SAF
- B. Backup
- C. Non-HPE
- D. CloudPhysics

Answer: A

Explanation:

Detailed Explanation:

Rationale for Correct Answer:

The SAF (Storage Assessment Framework) requires engineers to manually email the collected assessment data to HPE for processing. This is different from fully automated tools like CloudPhysics or Backup assessments that integrate directly with portals. This distinction is important for new engineers performing customer assessments.

Distractors:

A: Backup assessments are usually tool-driven (StoreOnce, RMC, etc.) and automated.

C: Non-HPE assessments are outside scope and not part of HPE standard process.

D: CloudPhysics is fully automated and cloud-based - no manual email required.

Key Concept: SAF = requires manual email submission to HPE.

Reference: HPE Internal Assessment and Sizing Tools Guide.

NEW QUESTION # 39

A pool of Microsoft SQL servers started to use the Alletra 6000 family array six months ago. The data growth has been higher than expected, and the performance of the databases is facing some latency issues.

Which method would allow both capacity and performance to grow when expanding the array, while keeping the management simple?

- A. By initially selecting the timeless storage option for the array.
- B. By selecting more flash to cache ratio on the expansion shelves.
- C. By including more NIC cards to load balance host traffic.
- D. **By adding more arrays and capacity to a single scale-out group.**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Detailed Explanation:

Rationale for Correct Answer:

HPE Alletra 6000 is a scale-out architecture array. Adding more arrays to a single scale-out group increases both performance (IOPS, throughput) and capacity, while maintaining single-pane management via HPE Data Services Cloud Console. This is the most efficient way to address both capacity growth and latency reduction for SQL workloads.

Distractors:

B: Adding NICs may help with throughput but not backend latency or capacity scaling.

C: Flash-to-cache ratios can optimize read caching but don't fundamentally increase system-wide performance.

D: Timeless storage is a procurement/licensing option, not a performance/capacity scaling method.

Key Concept: Alletra 6000 scale-out clustering for balanced growth of capacity and performance.

Reference: HPE Alletra 6000 Technical Architecture Guide.

NEW QUESTION # 40

You are sizing an HPE Alletra 5030. Unless otherwise indicated by the HPE sizer or the customer's requirements, HPE best practices state that you should default to which minimum FDR calculation?

- A. 23% of the smallest drive size
- B. **23% of the largest drive size**
- C. Below 12% for low-read latency
- D. Above 12% for low-read latency

Answer: B

Explanation:

Detailed Explanation:

Rationale for Correct Answer:

In Alletra 5000/6000 sizing, the Failure Domain Reserve (FDR) is used to account for rebuild overhead in case of drive failure. HPE best practices define that, unless otherwise directed by the sizing tool or customer requirements, the minimum FDR value should be set to 23% of the largest drive size. This ensures enough reserve capacity for fault tolerance and sustained performance during rebuilds.

Distractors:

B/C: Low-read latency is influenced by cache and workload profile, not by arbitrary FDR percentages.

D: Using the smallest drive is incorrect - rebuild impact must be sized against the largest drive.

Key Concept: FDR sizing based on 23% of largest drive = HPE best practice.

Reference: HPE Alletra 5000/6000 Sizing and Configuration Guide.

NEW QUESTION # 41

Your customer wants to use their HPE Alletra Storage MP B10000 array to store persistent data for Kubernetes-based applications. After deploying the CSI driver using Helm and creating the secret with the command `kubectl create -f hpe-backed.yaml`, what is the next required step to enable the containerized applications to consume persistent volumes on the Alletra MP array?

- A. Create a PersistentVolumeClaim by using `kubectl create -f my-pvc.yaml`
- B. **Define a StorageClass by running `kubectl create -f storageclass.yaml`**
- C. Update the Helm repository by using `helm repo update` to recognize the CSI driver
- D. Create a PersistentVolume by using `kubectl create -f pv.yaml`

Answer: B

Explanation:

Detailed Explanation:

Rationale for Correct Answer:

After installing the HPE CSI driver and creating backend secrets, the next critical step is to define a StorageClass that references the backend driver and parameters. Without the StorageClass, Kubernetes cannot dynamically provision PersistentVolumes (PVs).

Once the StorageClass is created, workloads can request storage using PersistentVolumeClaims (PVCs).

Distractors:

A: Helm repo update only refreshes Helm charts; it does not enable CSI provisioning.

B: A PVC requires a StorageClass to bind dynamically - it cannot be created successfully beforehand.

C: Manually creating PVs is possible, but not the HPE best practice with CSI, which relies on StorageClass for dynamic provisioning.

Key Concept: Kubernetes CSI workflow: Secret # StorageClass # PVC # Pod.

NEW QUESTION # 42

Refer to the exhibit of Zerto Vault architecture.

□ Which statement about the Zerto Vault architecture is correct?

- A. Immutable snapshots of all Zerto components are taken at the Replication Target and replicated to the Vault.
- B. **Data is replicated via encrypted periodic replication between the Replication Target and the Vault.**
- C. The Resilience Automation Server manages port access between Production and the Replication Target.
- D. Data is replicated via encrypted periodic replication between Production and the Replication Target.

Answer: B

Explanation:

Detailed Explanation:

Rationale for Correct Answer:

In the Zerto Vault architecture, production workloads replicate continuously to a Replication Target (secondary site). From there, data is further replicated periodically and encrypted into the Vault (air-gapped, isolated site). This two-step process ensures ransomware resilience and immutability, as the Vault acts as a hardened third copy.

Distractors:

A: Production-to-replication target traffic is continuous synchronous/asynchronous replication, not periodic.

Periodic replication applies to Replication Target # Vault.

C: The Resilience Automation Server (RAS) is responsible for orchestrating failover and immutability enforcement, but it does not control port access between production and replication target.

D: Snapshots of Zerto components are not what is replicated - it's application data VMs/volumes. The Vault ensures immutability of replicated data, not ZVM components.

Key Concept: Zerto Vault = encrypted, periodic replication from replication target to immutable vault.

Reference: HPE Zerto Vault Architecture White Paper, HPE Ransomware Recovery Solutions.

NEW QUESTION # 43

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