

Amazon DVA-C02試験対策書、DVA-C02試験勉強過去問



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>> Amazon DVA-C02試験対策書 <<

DVA-C02学習ガイド、DVA-C02無料ダウンロードpdf、DVA-C02最新版問題集

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Amazon AWS Certified Developer - Associate 認定 DVA-C02 試験問題 (Q74-Q79):

質問 # 74

A developer has code that is stored in an Amazon S3 bucket. The code must be deployed as an AWS Lambda function across multiple accounts in the same AWS Region as the S3 bucket an AWS CloudFormation template that runs for each account will deploy the Lambda function.

What is the MOST secure way to allow CloudFormation to access the Lambda Code in the S3 bucket?

- A. Use a service-based link to grant the Lambda function the S3 ListBucket and GetObject permissions by explicitly adding the S3 bucket's account number in the resource.
- B. Use a service-based link to grant the Lambda function the S3 GetObject permission Add a resource of "*" to allow access to the S3 bucket.
- C. Grant the CloudFormation service role the S3 ListBucket and GetObject permissions. Add a bucket policy to Amazon S3 with the principal of "AWS" (account numbers)
- **D. Grant the CloudFormation service role the S3 GetObject permission. Add a Bucket policy to Amazon S3 with the principal of ""**

正解: D

解説:

Explanation

This solution allows the CloudFormation service role to access the S3 bucket from any account, as long as it has the S3 GetObject permission. The bucket policy grants access to any principal with the GetObject permission, which is the least privilege needed to deploy the Lambda code. This is more secure than granting ListBucket permission, which is not required for deploying Lambda code, or using a service-based link, which is not supported for Lambda functions.

質問 # 75

A developer is working on an ecommerce platform that communicates with several third-party payment processing APIs. The third-party payment services do not provide a test environment.

The developer needs to validate the ecommerce platform's integration with the third-party payment processing APIs. The developer must test the API integration code without invoking the third-party payment processing APIs.

Which solution will meet these requirements'?

- A. Create an AWS Lambda function for each third-party API. Embed responses captured from the real third-party API. Configure Amazon Route 53 Resolver with an inbound endpoint for each Lambda function's Amazon Resource Name (ARN).
- B. Set up an Amazon API Gateway REST API with a gateway response configured for status code 200. Add response templates that contain sample responses captured from the real third-party API.
- C. Set up an AWS AppSync GraphQL API with a data source configured for each third-party API. Specify an integration type of Mock. Configure integration responses by using sample responses captured from the real third-party API.
- **D. Set up an Amazon API Gateway REST API for each third-party API. Specify an integration request type of Mock. Configure integration responses by using sample responses captured from the real third-party API.**

正解: D

解説:

* Mocking API Responses: API Gateway's Mock integration type enables simulating API behavior without invoking backend services.

* Testing with Sample Data: Using captured responses from the real third-party API ensures realistic testing of the integration code.

* Focus on Integration Logic: This solution allows the developer to isolate and test the application's interaction with the payment APIs, even without a test environment from the third-party providers.

質問 # 76

A developer is building an application to process a stream of customer orders. The application sends processed orders to an

Amazon Aurora MySQL database. The application needs to process the orders in batches.

The developer needs to configure a workflow that ensures each record is processed before the application sends each order to the database.

Which solution meets these requirements?

- A. Use Amazon Managed Streaming for Apache Kafka (Amazon MSK) to stream the orders. Use an Amazon EC2 instance to process the orders. Configure an event source mapping for the EC2 instance, and increase the payload size limit to 36 MB.
- B. Use Amazon DynamoDB Streams to stream the orders. Use an Amazon ECS cluster on AWS Fargate to process the orders. Configure an event source mapping for the cluster, and set the BatchSize setting to 1.
- **C. Use Amazon Kinesis Data Streams to stream the orders. Use an AWS Lambda function to process the orders. Configure an event source mapping for the Lambda function, and set the MaximumBatchingWindowInSeconds setting to 300.**
- D. Use Amazon SQS to stream the orders. Use an AWS Lambda function to process the orders. Configure an event source mapping for the Lambda function, and set the MaximumBatchingWindowInSeconds setting to 0.

正解: C

質問 # 77

A developer is troubleshooting an application that uses Amazon DynamoDB in the us-west-2 Region. The application is deployed to an Amazon EC2 instance. The application requires read-only permissions to a table that is named Cars. The EC2 instance has an attached IAM role that contains the following IAM policy.

When the application tries to read from the Cars table, an Access Denied error occurs.

How can the developer resolve this error?

- **A. Create a trust policy that specifies the EC2 service principal. Associate the role with the policy.**
- B. Create a trust relationship between the role and dynamodb.amazonaws.com.
- C. Modify the IAM policy to include the dynamodb:* action.
- D. Modify the IAM policy resource to be "arn:aws:dynamodb:*:us-west-2:account-id:table/*".

正解: A

解説:

<https://docs.aws.amazon.com/amazondynamodb/latest/developerguide/access-control-overview.html#access-control-resource-ownership>

質問 # 78

A company runs its website on AWS. The company posts daily polls on its website and publishes the poll results next day. The website stores user responses in an Amazon DynamoDB table.

After the poll results are published, the company does not need to keep the user responses.

A developer needs to implement a solution that will automatically remove old user responses from the DynamoDB table. The developer adds a new expiration_date attribute to the DynamoDB table. The developer plans to use the expiration_date attribute for the automation.

Which solution will meet these requirements with the LEAST development effort?

- A. Create an AWS Lambda function to delete old user responses based on the expiration_date attribute. Create an Amazon EventBridge schedule to run the Lambda function daily.
- B. Create an AWS Fargate task in Amazon Elastic Container Service (Amazon ECS) to delete old user responses based on the expiration_date attribute. Create an Amazon EventBridge schedule to run the Fargate task daily.
- **C. Enable TTL on the DynamoDB table and specify the expiration_date attribute. Expire old user responses by using DynamoDB TTL.**
- D. Create an AWS Glue job to delete old user responses based on the expiration_date attribute. Create an AWS Glue trigger schedule to run the job daily.

正解: C

質問 # 79

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