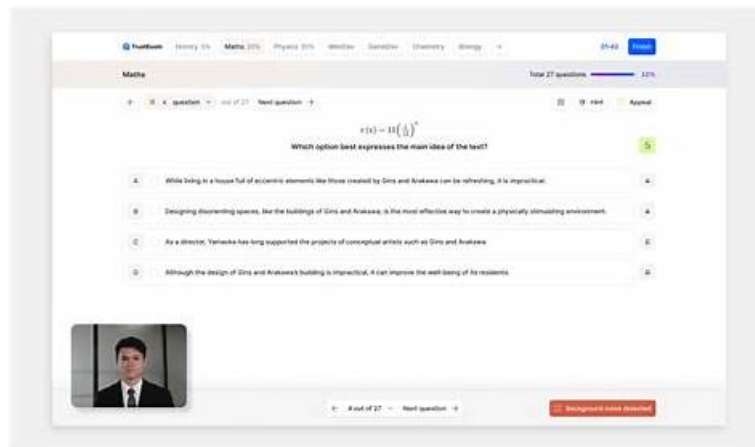


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Lpi Linux Essentials Certificate Exam - version 1.6 Sample Questions (Q26-Q31):

NEW QUESTION # 26

What are the differences between hard disk drives and solid state disks? (Choose two correct answers.)

- A. Solid state disks can store many times as much data as hard disk drives.
- B. /dev/sdais a hard disk device while /dev/ssdais a solid state disk.

- C. Hard disks have a motor and moving parts, solid state disks do not.
- D. Solid state disks provide faster access to stored data than hard disks.
- E. Hard disks can fail due to physical damage, while solid state disks cannot fail.

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

Explanation

The main difference between hard disk drives (HDDs) and solid state drives (SSDs) is the way they store and access data. HDDs use a spinning disk (platter) and a moving head to read and write data, while SSDs use flash memory chips that have no moving parts. This makes SSDs faster, quieter, and more durable than HDDs, but also more expensive and less spacious. HDDs and SSDs are both I/O devices that can be used to boot the system and store data, but they have different advantages and disadvantages depending on the use case.

References:

- * Difference between Hard Disk Drive (HDD) and Solid State Drive (SSD)
- * Hard Disk Drive (HDD) vs. Solid State Drive (SSD): What's the Difference?
- * How to Check Whether Your Disk Is an SSD or HDD on Linux

NEW QUESTION # 27

Which of the following commands adds the directory/new/dir/ to the PATH environment variable?

- A. PATH=/new/dir: PATH
- B. export \$PATH=/new/dir: \$PATH
- C. export PATH=/new/dir: PATH
- D. \$PATH=/new/dir: \$PATH
- E. export PATH=/new/dir: \$PATH

Answer: C

Explanation:

Explanation

The PATH environment variable is a colon-separated list of directories that the shell searches for commands.

To add a new directory to the PATH, you need to append it to the existing value of the variable, using the syntax PATH=new/dir:PATH. However, this only changes the PATH for the current shell session. To make the change permanent, you need to use the export command, which makes the variable available to all child processes of the shell. The export command takes the name of the variable as an argument, without the dollar sign (\$). Therefore, the correct command to add /new/dir/ to the PATH and export it is export PATH=/new/dir:PATH. References:

- * Linux Essentials - Linux Professional Institute (LPI)
- * How to set the path and environment variables in Windows - Computer Hope

NEW QUESTION # 28

What is the preferred source for the installation of new applications in a Linux based operating system?

- A. The vendor's version management system
- B. A CD-ROM disk
- C. The vendor's website
- D. The distribution's package repository
- E. A retail store

Answer: D

Explanation:

The distribution's package repository is the preferred source for the installation of new applications in a Linux based operating system. A package repository is a collection of software packages that are maintained by the distribution and can be easily installed, updated, or removed using a package manager. Package repositories offer several advantages, such as:

They ensure compatibility and stability with the system and other packages.

They provide security updates and bug fixes for the packages.

They reduce the risk of malware or corrupted files.

They simplify the dependency management and configuration of the packages.

The other sources are not preferred because they may not offer these benefits and may cause problems with the system. The vendor's version management system, the vendor's website, or a CD-ROM disk may contain packages that are not compatible with the distribution or may conflict with other packages. A retail store may not have the latest or the most suitable packages for the system. Reference:

Linux Essentials - Linux Professional Institute (LPI), section 1.3 Installing, Updating and Removing Software Packages LPI Linux Essentials Study Guide: Exam 010 v1.6, 3rd Edition, chapter 4 Working on the Command Line, section 4.2 Managing Software Table of Contents - Linux Professional Institute Certification Programs, section 1.3 Installing, Updating and Removing Software Packages

NEW QUESTION # 29

Which of the following are typical services offered by public cloud providers? (Choose three correct answers.)

- A. Platform as a Service(PaaS)
- B. Infrastructure as a Service(IaaS)
- C. Graphics as a Service (GaaS)
- D. Internet as a Service(IaaS)
- E. Software as a Service (SaaS)

Answer: A,B,E

Explanation:

These are the three most common service models offered by public cloud providers¹². They differ in the level of abstraction and control they provide to the customers.

Platform as a Service (PaaS) is a service model where the public cloud provider offers a ready-to-use platform for developing, testing, and deploying applications. The provider manages the underlying infrastructure, such as servers, storage, network, and operating system, while the customer only needs to focus on the application code and configuration. Examples of PaaS include Google App Engine, IBM Cloud Foundry, and Microsoft Azure App Service¹².

Infrastructure as a Service (IaaS) is a service model where the public cloud provider offers access to fundamental compute, network, and storage resources on demand over the public Internet or through dedicated connections. The provider manages the physical hardware and virtualization layer, while the customer has full control over the configuration and management of the virtual machines, operating system, and applications. Examples of IaaS include Google Compute Engine, IBM Cloud Virtual Servers, and Microsoft Azure Virtual Machines¹².

Software as a Service (SaaS) is a service model where the public cloud provider offers ready-to-use software applications that run on the provider's infrastructure and are accessible through a web browser or a mobile app. The provider manages the entire software stack, including the infrastructure, platform, and application, while the customer only needs to pay for the usage or subscription of the service. Examples of SaaS include Google Workspace, IBM Watson, and Microsoft Office 365¹².

Reference:

What is Public Cloud | IBM

What Is a Public Cloud? | Google Cloud

NEW QUESTION # 30

Which of the following commands can be used to resolve a DNSname to an IP address?

- A. host
- B. dnsname
- C. dns
- D. query
- E. iplookup

Answer: A

NEW QUESTION # 31

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