100%パスレートHPE7-A03専門知識訓練 &資格試験におけるリーダーオファー &素敵なHPE7-A03: Aruba Certified Campus Access Architect Exam

BONUS！！！ Jpshiken HPE7-A03ダンプの一部を無料でダウンロード：https://drive.google.com/open?id=1DFsmqKda3qAWFOaflU3ya71GqMz38GwY

社会と経済の発展につれて、多くの人はIT技術を勉強します。なぜならば、IT職員にとって、HPのHPE7-A03資格証明書があるのは肝心な指標であると言えます。自分の能力を証明するために、HPE7-A03試験に合格するのは不可欠なことです。弊社のHPE7-A03真題を入手して、試験に合格する可能性が大きくなります。

HP HPE7-A03 認定試験の出題範囲:

トピック	出題範囲
トピック 1	• 要件の分析: 考えられる高レベルのソリューションを決定することに焦点を当てます。このトピックでは、ニーズを技術的ソリューションにマッピングし、プロジェクトの目的と依存関係に対して提案されたソリューションを評価することについても説明します。さらに、仮定を文書化することにも重点を置いています。
トピック 2	• 解決策の提案: このトピックの焦点は、設計ドキュメントと最終設計を作成することです。さらに、このトピックでは解決策の提示にも焦点を当てています。

トピック 3	• ソリューションの設計: ソリューション オプションの特定、高レベルのトポロジの設計、正しい製品の選択、適切なオーバーレイとアンダーレイの設計の決定に関する知識を測定します。さらに、このトピックでは、設計が元の要件を満たしていることを確認する方法について説明します。
トピック 4	• 要件の発見: このトピックでは目標を定義し、現在の環境と目的を特定します。最後に、情報収集にも重点を置いています。

>> HPE7-A03専門知識訓練 <<

HPE7-A03復習問題集、HPE7-A03合格受験記

我々JpshikenはHPのHPE7-A03試験問題集をリリースする以降、多くのお客様の好評を博したのは弊社にとって、大変な名誉なことです。また、我々はさらに認可を受けられるために、皆様の一切の要求を満足できて喜ぶ気持ちでずっと協力し、完備かつ精確のHPE7-A03試験問題集を開発するのに準備します。

HP Aruba Certified Campus Access Architect Exam 認定 HPE7-A03 試験問題 (Q71-Q76):

質問 # 71
A global cruise line company needs to refresh its current fleet. They win refresh the insides' of the ship to be cost-effective and increase their sustain ability. They Mill replace the complete WLAN/LAN hardware of the ship. In this refresh, the company will not refresh Us current security requirements. The CIO also wants to limit the number of unused ports in the switches. Future expansion will always mean a refresh of hardware.
They start with the smallest ship with a maximum of 800 guests
Each ship has a LAN infrastructure consisting of two core switches, up to 10 redundant distribution switches, and up to 500 access switches (400 cabins. 100 technical rooms). The Core switches arelocated in the MDF of the ship and the distribution switches are located in the IDFs of the ship. Each cabin and technical room gets one single access switch.
The cabling structure of the ship will not be refreshed. Each IDF is connected to the MDF by SMF. of which two pairs are available for the interconnect between the core and distribution. The length of SM fiber between MDF and IDF is less than 300 meters (930 ft) and the type used is 0S1. Each cabin is connected by a single
0M2 pair to the IDF. the maximum length is 60 meters (200 ft). Each technical room is connected by a single
0M2 pail to the IDF. with lengths between 100 and 150 meters (320 and 500 ft).
For each cabin/technical room the customer is looking to replace their current fan-less 2530/2540 without changing the requirements, except they need to upgrade the uplink to distribution switch to 10GbEto handle the increased network traffic, and the technical rooms need redundant power.
The WLAN infrastructure will be 1:1 refreshed without new cabling or new AP locations. Their WLAN Infrastructure is based on the 200/300 series Indoor and outdoor APs running instantOS (less than 300 APs).
the customer has no change in WLAN requirements.
The cruise line company will replace its current Internet connection before the LAN/WLAN refresh. The new Internet connection will provide a 99.8% uptime, which is needed to ensure the paid guest Wi-Fi is always operational. With this new internet connection, the CIO of the cruise line wants to base the design on the ESP architecture from Aruba because Internet connection is guaranteed.
Based on the best practices, what should you recommend as the most cost-effective switch model for the cabins?

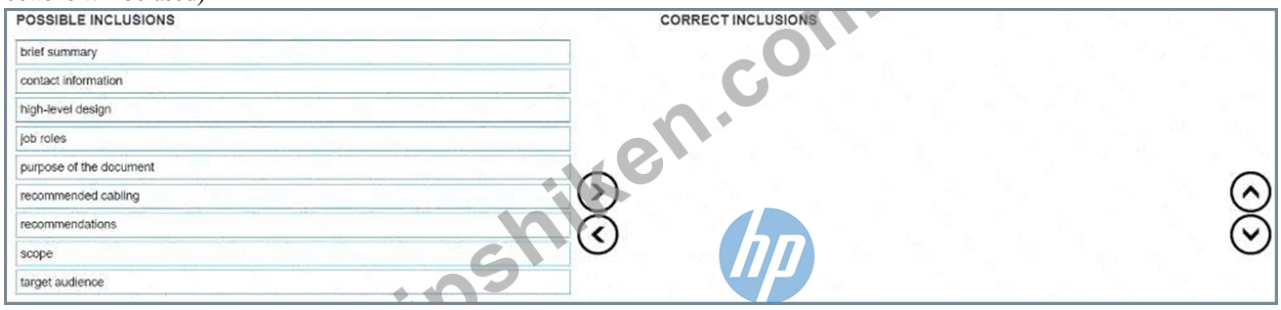
- A. HPE Aruba Networking 6200F 12g Class4 PoE 2G/2SFP+
- B. HPE Aruba Networking 6000 126 Class4 PoE 2G/2SFP
- C. HPE Aruba Networking 6100 246 Class4 PoE 45FP+
- D. HPE Aruba Networking 6100126 Classd PoE 26/2SFP+

正解：A

解説：
For the cabin switches in the global cruise line's fleet refresh project, the most cost-effective switch model that meets the requirement for fan-less operation, 10GbE uplink capability, and PoE support is the HPE Aruba Networking 6200F 12G Class4 PoE 2G/2SFP+. This switch model offers a compact form factor with sufficient port density for cabin connectivity, Power over Ethernet for powering devices directly through the network cable, and SFP+ ports for high-speed uplink connections to the distribution

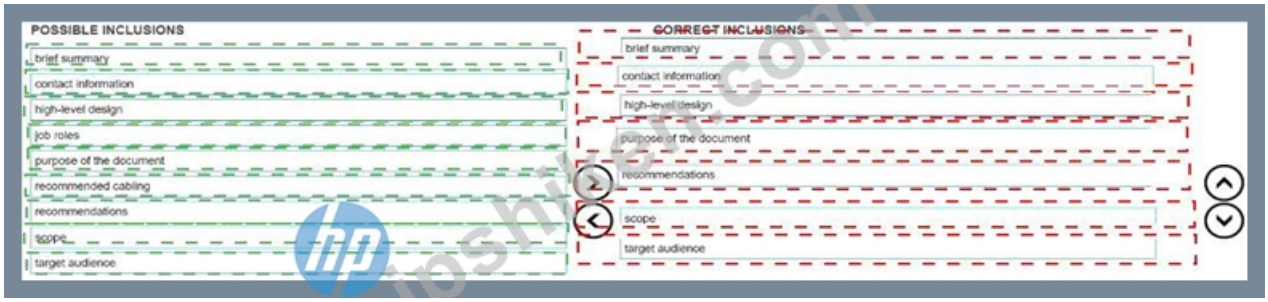
switches. This choice is in line with the company's aim to upgrade the network infrastructure to handle increased traffic while maintaining a focus on cost-effectiveness and sustainability. The 6200F series is designed for exactly such environments, providing reliable performance and energy efficiency, which is crucial for the limited space and power availability in a ship setting.

質問 # 72
What should be Included in an Executive Summary? (Place the correct Items into the let at the right Order is no: Important Not all cottons win be used)



正解：

解説：



Explanation:
For an Executive Summary, typically the following items should be included:
* Brief Summary
* Contact Information
* High-Level Design
* Purpose of the Document
* Recommendations
* Scope
* Target Audience

質問 # 73
A global furniture retail company called 'No-Stair Inc.' requests you design their new WLAN infrastructure for a global footprint. Each location of No-Stair Inc.' has a similar layout: three small manager offices, a warehouse, and a 'retail' area. The 'retail' area and the warehouse together amountto 95% of the location. The IT department of the company Is minimally engaged In their LAN refresh so the CTO of the company has shared the information below Current WLAN Infrastructure Is based on the 802.1 In "WlF14Less" access-points series (both model
2013-INT (2.4 only Internal antenna) and model 2019-EXT (dual-band external antenna only)). These AP models are standalone without any centralized management. Last year 'No-Stair InC ran a project called secure. It' ensuring that all needed network security was Implemented to be fully compliant with their security standards. During this project, they also upgraded the AAA infrastructure to handle the Increased AAA requests. No additional Wi-Fi or security requirements are listed for this WLAN refresh, which means that
'No-Stair Inc.' will continue to use bridged SSIDs. with local breakout into different VLANs.
The CTO of No-Stair Inc.' understands the need for you to ask additional questions to deliver the design The questions may be sent in written form and will be answered within two weeks.
What additional question needs to be answered in order to collect needed information for tie WLAN design?

- A. Is there enough cooling in the MOF?
- B. What type or fiber connection it used between the core and access layer switches?
- C. Does the existing wired network support enough drops for an upgraded Wi-Fi Network?

- D. Who Is the campus switch vendor?

正解：C

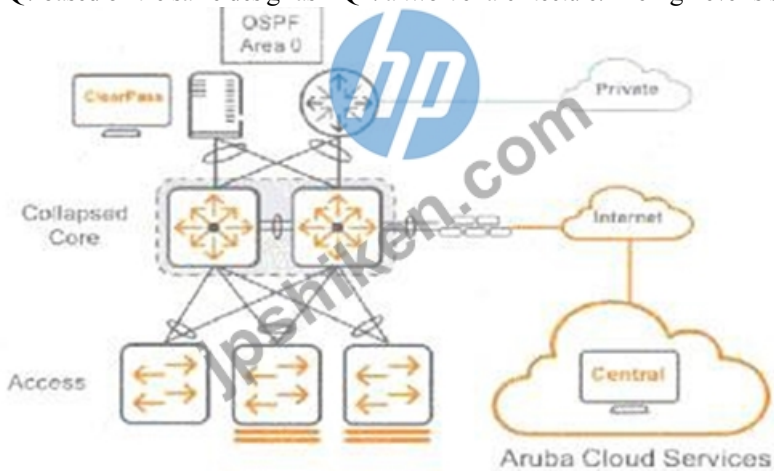
解説：
When upgrading a WLAN infrastructure, it's important to ensure that the existing wired network can support the new wireless access points (APs) in terms of connectivity and power (if using Power over Ethernet, PoE).
For 'No-Stair Inc.,' which is planning a WLAN refresh without specific changes to the Wi-Fi or security requirements but potentially with new AP models and configurations, verifying the capacity of the wired network is crucial. The question about whether the existing wired network has enough drops (ethernet connections) for the upgraded Wi-Fi network addresses this concern. It's essential to ensure that there are sufficient ethernet ports available in the right locations to connect the new APs, and that these ports can provide the necessary power and data rates required by modern APs. This information will help in planning the deployment of the new APs, avoiding potential bottlenecks and ensuring that the upgraded WLAN can deliver the desired performance and coverage

質問 # 74
A large multinational financial institution has contracted you to design a new full-stack wired and wireless network for their new 6-story regional office building. The bottom two floors of this facility will be retail space for a large banking branch. The upper floors will be carpeted office space for corporate users, each floor being approximately 100.000 sq ft (9290 sqm). Data centers are all off site and will be out of scope for this project. The customer is underserved by its existing L2-based network infrastructure and would like to take advantage of modern best practices in the new design. The network should be fully resilient and fault-tolerant, with dynamic segmentation at the edge.
The retail space will include public guest Wi-Fi access. Retail associates will have corporate tablets for customer service, and there will be a mix of wired and wireless devices throughout the retail floors. The corporate users will primarily use wireless for connectivity, but several wired clients, printers, and hard VoIP phones will be in use.
The customer is also planning on renovating the corporate office space in order to take advantage of "smart office' technology. These improvements will drive blue-dot wayfinding. presence analytics, and other location- based services The client decided that they would like to manage two wiring closets as a single stack with a total of 10 switches and a minimum transport speed or 25Gbps over OM4 MM fiber They would also like to keep the stacking cabling cost to a minimum.
Which stacking components would be required to meet the customer's requirements in the most cost-effective way if the closets were 190 m (620 ft) apart? (Select two.)

- A. 50GDAC cables
- B. 25GDAC cables
- C. SFP28 transceivers
- D. SFP56 transceivers

正解：B、C

質問 # 75
'Don't Buy at Us' is a US-based retail company that is expanding Into Europe. They are expanding into EMEA with a regional headquarters called HQ2 inside The Netherlands.
Their US-based headquarters HQ1 was refreshed last year based on the Aruba ESP architecture. You have treated the design for HQ? based on the same design as HQ1. a two-tier architecture. The high level is shown below.



Switch BOM for this project based on Two Tier:
Collapsed Core: 2 x Aruba 8360-16Y2C in VSX (ISL 2» ICOG0E DAC)
Access Slack: 10 x Slack of Aruba 6200F 48G Class4 PoE 4SFP- 740W each stack has A members. VSF with 10GbE VSF links) 12 x 10GbE uplink pet stack) During the presentation of your design to the CTO of 'Don't Buy at Us' you were informed about the updated fiber infrastructure that Don't Buy at Us' has installed in HQ2.

Fiber start	Fiber end	Fiber type	Total distance	Fiber pairs total	Fiber pairs free
IDF1	MDF	OM2	71 meter	8	2
IDF2	MDF	OS1	200 meter	12	8
IDF3	MDF	OM3	150 meter	6	4
IDF4	MDF	OM3	135 meter	10	4
IDF5	MDF	OM4	156 meter	4	2
IDF6	MDF	OS1	167 meter	24	16
IDF7	MDF	OS1	197 meter	12	10
IDF8	MDF	OM3	45 meter	4	2
IDF9	MDF	OS1	250 meter	16	14
IDF10	MDF	OM2	62 meter	8	6

The core stack is Installed in the MDF and per IOF there is one access stack installed. Based on best practice, what is the most cost-effective update to the switch BOM?

- A. core: 2 x Aruba 8360-16Y2C in VSX (ISL 2x100GbE DAC)
access stack: 10 x stack of Aruba 6200F 48G Class4 PoE 4SFP+ 740W (each stack has 4 members, VSF with 10GbE VSF links) (2 x 10GbE uplink per stack)
optics: 12 x 10Gbit-SR + 8 x 10Gbit-LR
- B. core: 2 x Aruba 8360-16Y2C in VSX (ISL 2x100GbE DAC)
access stack: 10 x stack of HPE Aruba Networking 6200M 48G Class4 PoE 4SFP+ (each stack has 4 members, VSF with 10GbE VSF links) (2 x 10GbE uplink per stack)
optics: 12 x 10Gbit-SR + 8 x 10Gbit-LR
- C. core: 2 x Aruba 8360-16Y2C in VSX (ISL 2x100GbE DAC)
access stack: 10 x stack of HPE Aruba Networking 6200M 48G Class4 PoE 4SFP+ (each stack has 4 members, VSF with 10GbE VSF links) (2 x 10GbE uplink per stack)
optics: 12 x 10Gbit-SR + 8 x 10Gbit-LRM
- D. core: 2 x Aruba 8360-16Y2C in VSX (ISL 2x100GbE DAC)
access stack: 10 x stack of Aruba 6200F 48G Class4 PoE 4SFP+ 740W (each stack has 4 members, VSF with 10GbE VSF links) (2 x 10GbE uplink per stack)
optics: 10 x 10Gbit-SR + 10 x 10Gbit-LR

正解：C

解説：
Option B is the most cost-effective solution, as it does not include long-range optics, which are unnecessary given the distances and fiber types specified. The 10GbE-SR optics are suitable for short-range connections up to 300 meters over OM3 fiber and would cover the needs of the longest fiber run mentioned, which is 250 meters. The 10GbE-LRM optics, while capable of reaching up to 220 meters over OM2 fiber, would not be necessary as the longest OM2 run is 71 meters, which is within the range of standard 10GbE-SR optics. Thus, Option B provides the required connectivity without incurring additional costs for long-range optics that are not needed given the fiber infrastructure of HQ2.

質問 # 76
.....

- HPE7-A03試験問題 □ HPE7-A03受験記 □ HPE7-A03無料サンプル □ ⇒ www.goshiken.com ⇐にて限定無料の[HPE7-A03]問題集をダウンロードせよHPE7-A03模擬試験
- HPE7-A03試験対策 □ HPE7-A03関連資格試験対応 ✏ HPE7-A03関連資格試験対応 □ “ www.mogiexam.com ”にて限定無料の“ HPE7-A03 ”問題集をダウンロードせよHPE7-A03前提条件
- HPE7-A03問題と解答 □ HPE7-A03受験料過去問 □ HPE7-A03受験料過去問 □ [www.goshiken.com]の無料ダウンロード➡ HPE7-A03 □□□ページが開きますHPE7-A03模擬試験
- HPE7-A03無料サンプル □ HPE7-A03試験準備 □ HPE7-A03受験料過去問 □ ▶ www.mogiexam.com ◀を開き、□ HPE7-A03 □を入力して、無料でダウンロードしてくださいHPE7-A03模擬対策問題
- HP HPE7-A03専門知識訓練は高い合格率を誇る主要材料です □ “ www.goshiken.com ”で□ HPE7-A03 □を検索して、無料で簡単にダウンロードできますHPE7-A03日本語認定
- HPE7-A03問題と解答 □ HPE7-A03関連資格試験対応 □ HPE7-A03試験資料 □ URL { www.japancert.com }をコピーして開き、「 HPE7-A03 」を検索して無料でダウンロードしてくださいHPE7-A03実際試験
- listfav.com, elainepzay010549.wikifiltraciones.com, saulzhsz298550.izrablog.com, janauyjt820951.wikitelevisions.com, keirankyik657270.blogspothub.com, jonaspoub244947.blogginaway.com, tegandvxq436287.ziblogs.com, umairhmxt201313.wikinarration.com, www.stes.tyc.edu.tw, fanniehero199082.blogunteer.com, Disposable vapes

BONUS！！！ Jpshiken HPE7-A03ダンプの一部を無料でダウンロード：https://drive.google.com/open?id=1DFsmqKda3qAWFOaflU3ya71GqMz38GwY