

# EXIN CDCS Exam Assessment: EXIN EPI Certified Data Centre Specialist - ITdumpsfree Latest updated



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## EXIN CDCS Exam Syllabus Topics:

Topic	Details
Topic 1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Data Centre Environmental Considerations and Efficiency:</b> This section evaluates the proficiency of data center professionals in addressing environmental factors and promoting efficiency within data center operations. The target audience, including data center managers and engineers, will be tested on their ability to identify and implement measures that enhance energy efficiency, cooling management, and sustainable practices.</li></ul>
Topic 2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Data Centre Life Cycle and Standards:</b> This section of the exam measures the skills of data center professionals and covers the various stages involved in the life cycle of a data center, from planning and design to implementation and decommissioning.</li></ul>
Topic 3	<ul style="list-style-type: none"><li>• <b>Designing and Implementing a Data Centre:</b> In this module, the exam assesses the knowledge of Exin data center professionals tasked with the design and implementation of data centers. Candidates will learn the key principles of creating an efficient data center layout, including considerations for scalability, redundancy, and security.</li></ul>

## EXIN CDCS Lab Questions & CDCS Exam Quiz

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### EXIN EPI Certified Data Centre Specialist Sample Questions (Q68-Q73):

#### NEW QUESTION # 68

What is the main reason to install Earth Leakage protection?

- A. Protection against lightning strikes
- B. Improvement of the data center grounding/earthing system
- C. Protection of human lives
- D. Protection of ICT equipment against high-frequency noise currents

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Earth Leakage Protection is primarily installed to protect human lives by detecting and disconnecting power when a fault current flows to the ground. This type of protection is essential to avoid electrical shock hazards that could occur when insulation fails, or equipment is improperly grounded.

Detailed Explanation:

Earth leakage currents can occur due to insulation faults or accidental contact with live parts. Earth Leakage Protection systems, such as Residual Current Devices (RCDs), quickly detect these faults and disconnect the circuit to prevent harm to personnel. This is especially crucial in environments like data centers where high-powered equipment is continuously running and any electrical fault can pose significant safety risks.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

EPI emphasizes that human safety is paramount in data center operations. Proper grounding and leakage protection are fundamental safety measures, and EPI guidelines align with this focus, underscoring the importance of protecting personnel from electrical hazards through appropriate safety systems.

#### NEW QUESTION # 69

What is a disadvantage of hypoxic-based fire suppression?

- A. Only usable with positive pressure rooms
- B. Only usable in rooms with sufficient air changes
- C. Gas containers must be close to hazard
- D. Only usable in non-occupied areas

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Hypoxic systems continuously lower oxygen concentration (~15%) to prevent combustion. While safe for short-term human exposure, standards like ISO 20338 recommend they are not suitable for continuously occupied spaces, because reduced oxygen may cause fatigue, reduced cognition, and health risks for staff.

\* B is irrelevant-air change rates affect dilution, not feasibility.

\* C is incorrect-tanks can be remote.

\* D is false-positive pressure is not required.

Thus, the main disadvantage is restriction to non-continuous occupancy.

References: ISO 20338 (Oxygen Reduction Systems), NFPA 770.

#### NEW QUESTION # 70

You are working with a customer who requires a guarantee that THDi levels coming from the UPS should not exceed more than 3% THDi. Furthermore, he wants to run a power-efficient data center. The UPS has a 6-Pulse SCR/Thyristor based rectifier. The current load on the UPS is approximately 80%. The customer indicates they are not expecting any changes on the ICT infrastructure

for the next 3 years.  
What should you recommend?

- A. Install an isolation transformer rated at K13 or K20
- B. Install a passive harmonic filter on the UPS
- C. Nothing, the UPS will be able to take care of the right levels of THDi
- **D. Install an active harmonic filter on the UPS**

**Answer: D**

Explanation:

Given the customer's requirement to limit Total Harmonic Distortion (THDi) to below 3% and the presence of a 6-pulse SCR/Thyristor-based rectifier, an active harmonic filter is the best solution. A 6-pulse rectifier typically generates higher harmonic distortion, often exceeding 3%, especially under substantial loads like 80%. An active harmonic filter dynamically monitors and compensates for harmonic distortion, effectively reducing THDi and supporting a more power-efficient operation, aligning with the customer's energy efficiency goals.

Detailed Explanation:

Passive harmonic filters can reduce harmonics but are less effective at maintaining low THDi levels under varying loads. Active filters offer real-time correction and can achieve lower THDi levels than passive filters, especially in systems with fluctuating loads or where strict harmonic limits are required. Installing an active harmonic filter will ensure compliance with the specified THDi limits and optimize power quality.

EPI Data Center Specialist References:

EPI guidance on power quality management recommends active harmonic filters for environments where strict THDi levels are necessary. Active filters offer better control over harmonic levels, supporting both compliance and operational efficiency.

#### NEW QUESTION # 71

What is the advantage of OM5 multimode fiber cabling?

- **A. Supports SWDM, requiring fewer fibers**
- B. 100 Gbit/s link for 500 m reach
- C. Designed for cheaper LED transmitters
- D. No advantage-same as OM4

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

OM5 is optimized for Short Wavelength Division Multiplexing (SWDM) between 850-953 nm. This allows transmission of multiple wavelengths over a single fiber pair, reducing the number of fibers required for high-speed links.

\* OM4 already supports 100 GbE to 150 m, but OM5 with SWDM extends reach and reduces cabling bulk.

\* Option B is false because OM5 offers distinct SWDM benefits.

\* Option C is incorrect-OM5 is laser-optimized, not LED-based.

\* Option D is misleading: OM5 doesn't extend 100 GbE to 500 m (that requires single-mode OS2 fiber).

Thus, the key advantage is SWDM support.

References: ANSI/TIA-568.3-D, ISO/IEC 11801-1, IEEE 802.3cm (400G over MMF).

#### NEW QUESTION # 72

Do you need to consider blast protection when designing a data center?

- A. Yes, blast protection is a requirement of ANSI/TIA-942.
- B. No, blast protection is not a requirement of ANSI/TIA-942.
- **C. Yes, if the data center is a potential target or the building is located within the vicinity of (close by) a potential target.**
- D. No, there is no reason for implementing blast protection as nobody can predict the impact of a bomb explosion.

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Blast protection should be considered if the data center or its location is a potential target or is near high-risk areas. Blast protection measures can protect both personnel and infrastructure from potential explosion impacts, which could be essential in areas with heightened security risks.

