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## Amazon AWS Certified Machine Learning - Specialty Sample Questions (Q319-Q324):

### NEW QUESTION # 319

A company that promotes healthy sleep patterns by providing cloud-connected devices currently hosts a sleep tracking application on AWS. The application collects device usage information from device users. The company's Data Science team is building a machine learning model to predict if and when a user will stop utilizing the company's devices. Predictions from this model are used by a downstream application that determines the best approach for contacting users.

The Data Science team is building multiple versions of the machine learning model to evaluate each version against the company's business goals. To measure long-term effectiveness, the team wants to run multiple versions of the model in parallel for long periods of time, with the ability to control the portion of inferences served by the models.

Which solution satisfies these requirements with MINIMAL effort?

- A. Build and host multiple models in Amazon SageMaker. Create an Amazon SageMaker endpoint configuration with multiple production variants. Programmatically control the portion of the inferences served by the multiple models by updating the endpoint configuration.
- B. Build and host multiple models in Amazon SageMaker. Create a single endpoint that accesses multiple models. Use Amazon SageMaker batch transform to control invoking the different models through the single endpoint.

- C. Build and host multiple models in Amazon SageMaker Neo to take into account different types of medical devices. Programmatically control which model is invoked for inference based on the medical device type.
- D. Build and host multiple models in Amazon SageMaker. Create multiple Amazon SageMaker endpoints, one for each model. Programmatically control invoking different models for inference at the application layer.

**Answer: A**

Explanation:

Amazon SageMaker is a service that allows users to build, train, and deploy ML models on AWS. Amazon SageMaker endpoints are scalable and secure web services that can be used to perform real-time inference on ML models. An endpoint configuration defines the models that are deployed and the resources that are used by the endpoint. An endpoint configuration can have multiple production variants, each representing a different version or variant of a model. Users can specify the portion of the inferences served by each production variant using the `initialVariantWeight` parameter. Users can also programmatically update the endpoint configuration to change the portion of the inferences served by each production variant using the `UpdateEndpointWeightsAndCapacities` API. Therefore, option B is the best solution to satisfy the requirements with minimal effort. Option A is incorrect because creating multiple endpoints for each model would incur more cost and complexity than using a single endpoint with multiple production variants. Moreover, controlling the invocation of different models at the application layer would require more custom logic and coordination than using the `UpdateEndpointWeightsAndCapacities` API. Option C is incorrect because Amazon SageMaker Neo is a service that allows users to optimize ML models for different hardware platforms, such as edge devices. It is not relevant to the problem of running multiple versions of a model in parallel for long periods of time. Option D is incorrect because Amazon SageMaker batch transform is a service that allows users to perform asynchronous inference on large datasets. It is not suitable for the problem of performing real-time inference on streaming data from device users. Deploying models to Amazon SageMaker hosting services - Amazon SageMaker Update an Amazon SageMaker endpoint to accommodate new models - Amazon SageMaker `UpdateEndpointWeightsAndCapacities` - Amazon SageMaker

#### NEW QUESTION # 320

A Machine Learning Specialist works for a credit card processing company and needs to predict which transactions may be fraudulent in near-real time. Specifically, the Specialist must train a model that returns the probability that a given transaction may be fraudulent. How should the Specialist frame this business problem?

- A. Multi-category classification
- B. Streaming classification
- **C. Binary classification**
- D. Regression classification

**Answer: C**

Explanation:

Binary classification is a type of supervised learning problem where the goal is to predict a categorical label that has only two possible values, such as Yes or No, True or False, Positive or Negative. In this case, the label is whether a transaction is fraudulent or not, which is a binary outcome. Binary classification can be used to estimate the probability of an observation belonging to a certain class, such as the probability of a transaction being fraudulent. This can help the business to make decisions based on the risk level of each transaction. References:

Binary Classification - Amazon Machine Learning

AWS Certified Machine Learning - Specialty Sample Questions

#### NEW QUESTION # 321

This graph shows the training and validation loss against the epochs for a neural network.

The network being trained is as follows:

- \* Two dense layers, one output neuron
- \* 100 neurons in each layer
- \* 100 epochs
- \* Random initialization of weights



Which technique can be used to improve model performance in terms of accuracy in the validation set?

- A. Early stopping
- B. Random initialization of weights with appropriate seed
- C. Increasing the number of epochs
- D. Adding another layer with the 100 neurons

Answer: C

#### NEW QUESTION # 322

A gaming company has launched an online game where people can start playing for free but they need to pay if they choose to use certain features. The company needs to build an automated system to predict whether or not a new user will become a paid user within 1 year. The company has gathered a labeled dataset from 1 million users. The training dataset consists of 1,000 positive samples (from users who ended up paying within 1 year) and 999,000 negative samples (from users who did not use any paid features). Each data sample consists of 200 features including user age, device, location, and play patterns. Using this dataset for training, the Data Science team trained a random forest model that converged with over 99% accuracy on the training set. However, the prediction results on a test dataset were not satisfactory.

Which of the following approaches should the Data Science team take to mitigate this issue? (Select TWO.)

- A. Change the cost function so that false positives have a higher impact on the cost value than false negatives
- B. Indicate a copy of the samples in the test database in the training dataset
- C. Generate more positive samples by duplicating the positive samples and adding a small amount of noise to the duplicated data.
- D. Add more deep trees to the random forest to enable the model to learn more features.
- E. Change the cost function so that false negatives have a higher impact on the cost value than false positives

Answer: C,E

#### NEW QUESTION # 323

A machine learning (ML) specialist is running an Amazon SageMaker hyperparameter optimization job for a model that is based on the XGBoost algorithm. The ML specialist selects Root Mean Square Error (RMSE) as the objective evaluation metric. The ML specialist discovers that the model is overfitting and cannot generalize well on the validation data. The ML specialist decides to resolve the model overfitting by using SageMaker automatic model tuning (AMT).

AGC G M1 AMT4

- Answer: C**

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