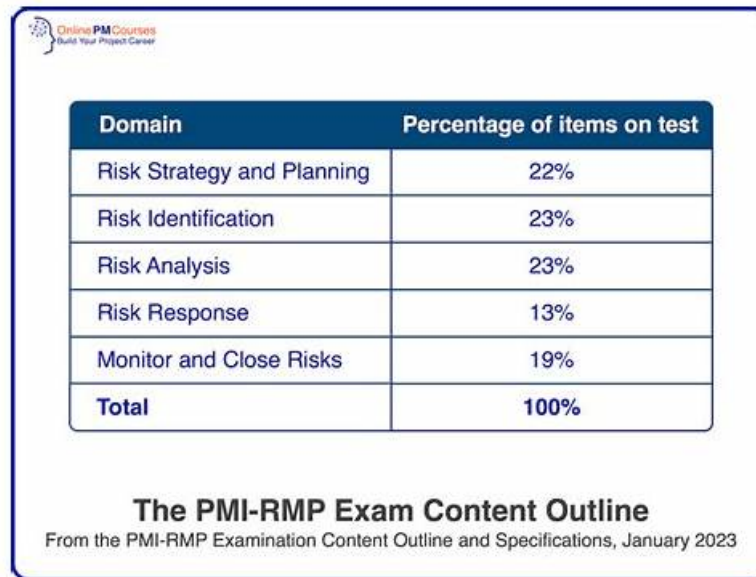


PMI-RMP Fragen & Antworten & PMI-RMP Studienführer & PMI-RMP Prüfungsvorbereitung



The graphic shows a table titled 'The PMI-RMP Exam Content Outline' with a subtitle 'From the PMI-RMP Examination Content Outline and Specifications, January 2023'. The table lists the percentage of items on test for each domain. Above the table is a logo for 'Online PM Courses' with the tagline 'Build Your Project Career'.

Domain	Percentage of items on test
Risk Strategy and Planning	22%
Risk Identification	23%
Risk Analysis	23%
Risk Response	13%
Monitor and Close Risks	19%
Total	100%

The PMI-RMP Exam Content Outline
From the PMI-RMP Examination Content Outline and Specifications, January 2023

Übrigens, Sie können die vollständige Version der Zertpruefung PMI-RMP Prüfungsfragen aus dem Cloud-Speicher herunterladen: <https://drive.google.com/open?id=1ameJw37RCswL4jmsBVUUpnmOfnFiLF>

Heutzutage hat ein Fachqualifizierter große Vorteile in der heute konkurrenzfähigen Gesellschaft, besonders im IT-Bereich. Einige IT-Zertifikate zu bekommen ist sehr nützlich. Die PMI PMI-RMP Zertifizierungsprüfung ist eine Prüfung, die das Niveau der fachlichen Kenntnissen überprüft und stellt ein großes Gewicht in der IT-Branche dar. Wegen der Schwierigkeit der PMI PMI-RMP (PMI Risk Management Professional) Zertifizierungsprüfung hat man viel Zeit und Energie für die Prüfung benutzt. Jedoch sind sie am Ende doch in der Prüfung durchgefallen. Die Gründe dafür liegt darin, dass Sie nicht an der speziellen Kursen teilnehmen. Nun haben Experten die zielgerichteten Prüfungen entwickelt, die Ihnen helfen, viel Zeit und Energie zu ersparen und trotzdem die Prüfung 100% zu bestehen.

PMI PMI-RMP oder Project Management Institute Risk Management Professional ist eine Zertifizierungsprüfung, die darauf ausgelegt ist, die Kompetenz und Kenntnisse von Einzelpersonen im Bereich des Risikomanagements zu testen. Die Zertifizierung ist weltweit anerkannt und wird in der Branche sehr geschätzt. Es ist eine ideale Zertifizierung für Fachleute, die an der Entwicklung und Verbesserung ihrer Risikomanagementfähigkeiten interessiert sind.

Die PMI-RMP-Zertifizierungsprüfung ist eine der gefragtesten Zertifizierungen für Fachleute im Bereich des Projektmanagements. Es handelt sich um eine weltweit anerkannte Zertifizierung, die das Fachwissen einer Person im Risikomanagement validiert. Die Zertifizierung wird vom Project Management Institute (PMI) angeboten, einer gemeinnützigen Organisation, die darauf abzielt, Exzellenz im Projektmanagement zu fördern.

>>> PMI-RMP Examengine <<<

PMI-RMP Zertifizierungsprüfung, PMI-RMP Fragen Und Antworten

Während andere Leute noch überall die Prüfungsunterlagen für PMI PMI-RMP suchen, üben Sie schon verschiedene Prüfungsaufgaben. Sie können im Vorbereitungsphase schon ganz vorne liegen. Wir Zertpruefung bieten Ihnen PMI PMI-RMP Prüfungsunterlagen mit reichliche Ressourcen. Sie dürfen auch die ganz realistische Prüfungsumwelt der PMI PMI-RMP Prüfung damit erfahren.

PMI Risk Management Professional PMI-RMP Prüfungsfragen mit Lösungen (Q172-Q177):

172. Frage

A project manager is educating the project team on risk management regarding the role of threats and opportunities. The team

decides to log the opportunities in the current project's risk register to try to maximize their chances of occurrence. What should the project team do next?

- A. Log the threats in the risk register to try to maximize the probability of occurrence.
- B. Log the threats in the risk register to try to minimize the probability of occurrence.
- C. Conduct a strengths, weaknesses, opportunities, and threats (SWOT) analysis.
- **D. Update the project management plan to ensure the results of the opportunities are captured.**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

Explanation

According to the PMI Risk Management Professional (PMI-RMP) Reference Materials, the project management plan is the document that describes how the project will be executed, monitored, and controlled. It integrates and consolidates all the subsidiary plans and baselines from the project management processes¹. The project management plan should be updated whenever there are changes in the project scope, schedule, cost, quality, resources, communications, risks, procurements, or stakeholder engagement². In this case, the project team has decided to log the opportunities in the current project's risk register, which is a component of the project management plan. Opportunities are positive risks that may have a beneficial effect on the project objectives, such as cost savings, schedule acceleration, or quality improvement³. Therefore, the project team should update the project management plan to ensure the results of the opportunities are captured and reflected in the relevant subsidiary plans and baselines. For example, if an opportunity leads to a cost saving, the project team should update the cost management plan and the cost baseline accordingly. References: 1: PMI, A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK Guide), Sixth Edition, 2017, p. 89 2: PMI, A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK Guide), Sixth Edition, 2017, p. 123 3: PMI, A Guide to the Project Management Body of Knowledge (PMBOK Guide), Sixth Edition, 2017, p. 397

173. Frage

A risk manager has been assigned to a project in a company that is undergoing a significant cultural and organizational change. The risk manager will start planning risk management activities with stakeholders but is unsure with whom to engage. What should the risk manager do?

- A. Agree with the project manager not to start risk activities.
- **B. Leverage the project manager's project stakeholder analysis.**
- C. Send a communication inviting volunteers to join risk activities.
- D. Assign a subset of stakeholders to work on the risk management process.

Antwort: B

Begründung:

In a company undergoing significant cultural and organizational change, it's essential for the risk manager to engage with the appropriate stakeholders when planning risk management activities. Leveraging the project manager's stakeholder analysis provides a comprehensive understanding of individuals and groups affected by or capable of influencing the project. This analysis identifies stakeholders' interests, influence, and potential impact on project success, enabling the risk manager to tailor risk management activities effectively.

Collaborating with the project manager ensures alignment in stakeholder engagement strategies, fostering a cohesive approach to managing risks associated with organizational changes.

PMI Risk Management Study Guide References:

The PMI-RMP Exam Preparation Study Guide emphasizes the importance of stakeholder analysis in risk management, highlighting how understanding stakeholder interests and influences is crucial for effective risk planning and response.

174. Frage

The project manager performed a variance analysis on the project during the execution phase. The variances were shown as increasing. What does this result imply?

- A. The project is over budget.
- **B. The uncertainty and risk are increasing.**
- C. The project schedule is lagging behind.
- D. There is no potential for future deviation.

Antwort: B

Begründung:

Increasing variances during the execution phase imply that the uncertainty and risk are increasing, as the project performance is deviating from the planned values.

According to the PMBOK Guide - Sixth Edition¹, variance analysis is a technique used to compare the actual performance of the project against the planned or expected performance. It can be applied to various aspects of the project, such as scope, schedule, cost, quality, and risk. Variance analysis can help identify deviations from the baseline and determine the causes and impacts of those deviations. If the variances are shown as increasing, it means that the actual performance is deviating more and more from the planned performance, which implies that the uncertainty and risk are increasing. This could affect the project objectives and deliverables, and require corrective or preventive actions to bring the project back on track.

The other options are not correct, as they are either too specific (B and D) or contradictory © to the result of the variance analysis.

References: PMBOK Guide - Sixth Edition, pages 262-263.

175. Frage

During the monthly executive review meeting, the project sponsor would like to understand how the project team has planned to manage risks that were identified in the last meeting. What should the project manager do?

- A. React to the secondary and residual risks only if they occur.
- **B. Include secondary and residual risks as part of the response.**
- C. Utilize a Monte Carlo assessment to provide risk related impacts.
- D. Transfer secondary and residual risks to the project sponsor.

Antwort: B

Begründung:

The project manager should include secondary and residual risks as part of the risk response plan. Secondary risks are those risks that arise as a direct result of implementing a risk response to a specific risk. Residual risks are those risks that are expected to remain after the planned responses of risks have been taken, as well as those that have been deliberately accepted. Both secondary and residual risks should be identified, analyzed, and monitored throughout the project life cycle. The project manager should communicate the risk response plan to the project sponsor and other stakeholders, and explain how the project team has planned to manage the secondary and residual risks¹² Reference:

project manager should include secondary and residual risks in the risk response plan, as they may still impact the project.

Proactively addressing these risks will help the project team to be prepared and manage them effectively if they occur.

176. Frage

A risk management professional is in the process of categorizing risks when a subject matter expert (SME) suggests categorizing the risks by their impact to the project objectives. Why should the risk management professional use this approach?

- A. To assign risks and risk severities to functional discipline and departments effectively.
- B. To determine where more attentive project leadership and organizational involvement is needed.
- C. To enable the team in identifying the specific causes of risks associated with project objectives.
- **D. To ensure that project priorities are being appropriately factored into risk response plans.**

Antwort: D

Begründung:

Categorizing risks by their impact on project objectives ensures that risk response plans are aligned with project priorities. This helps in focusing on the most critical risks and their potential impact on the project's success.

Categorizing risks by their impact to the project objectives is a way of aligning the risk management process with the project goals and stakeholder expectations. By doing so, the risk management professional can ensure that the risk response plans are focused on the most critical aspects of the project and that the project priorities are being considered in the decision making. This approach can also help to communicate the value of risk management to the project team and the stakeholders, as they can see how the risk management activities are contributing to the project success. Categorizing risks by their impact to the project objectives does not necessarily help to identify the specific causes of risks, determine the level of project leadership and organizational involvement, or assign risks and risk severities to functional disciplines and departments. These are other possible ways of categorizing risks, but they are not the main purpose of using the impact to the project objectives approach. References: PMI-RMP Certification Handbook¹, page 9; PMBOK Guide, page 415.

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PMI-RMP Zertifizierungsprüfung: https://www.zertpruefung.de/PMI-RMP_exam.html

- P.S. Kostenlose 2025 PMI PMI-RMP Prüfungsfragen sind auf Google Drive freigegeben von Zertpruefung verfügbar:
<https://drive.google.com/open?id=1ameJw37RCswL4jmsBVUUpmOfnFiLF>