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Salesforce Analytics-Admn-201 Exam Syllabus Topics:

| Topic | Details |
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| Topic 1 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Administration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the day-to-day tasks of maintaining Tableau Server. Candidates should understand how to create and manage schedules, subscriptions, backups, and restores, as well as how to use tools such as TSM, Tabcmd, and REST API. It emphasizes monitoring, server analysis, log file usage, and embedding practices. It also includes managing projects, sites, and nested structures, while contrasting end-user and administrator abilities. Knowledge of publishing, web authoring, sharing views, caching, and data source certification is also tested. |
| Topic 2 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Connecting to and Preparing Data: This section of the exam measures the skills of Tableau Administrators and covers the basic understanding of Tableau Server's interface, navigation, and overall topology. Candidates are expected to recognize both client and server components, understand how these interact, and know where to find information about versions, releases, and updates. It also focuses on system requirements, including hardware, operating systems, browsers, email configurations, cloud considerations, and licensing models. Additionally, it examines knowledge of server processes, data source types, network infrastructure, and ports needed for a stable deployment. |
| Topic 3 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Troubleshooting: This section of the exam measures the skills of Support Specialists and covers resolving common Tableau Server issues. Candidates must know how to reset accounts, package logs, validate site resources, rebuild search indexes, and use analysis reports. It also includes understanding the role of browser cookies and creating support requests when needed. |
| Topic 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Installation and Configuration: This section of the exam measures the skills of Server Engineers and covers the process of installing Tableau Server, understanding installation paths, identity store options, SSO integrations, SSL setup, and silent installs. Candidates also need to demonstrate the ability to configure Tableau Server by setting cache, distributing processes, customizing sites, and configuring user quotas. It further includes adding users, managing their roles and permissions, and applying Tableau's security model at different levels from sites to workbooks. |
| Topic 5 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Migration & Upgrade: This section of the exam measures the skills of System Engineers and covers the process of upgrading and migrating Tableau Server environments. Candidates should understand how to carry out clean reinstalls, migrate servers to new hardware, and maintain backward compatibility during the process. |

Salesforce Certified Tableau Server Administrator Sample Questions (Q18-Q23):

NEW QUESTION # 18

Which three methods should an administrator use to create a Tableau Server group or project? (Choose three.)

- A. REST API
- B. Tableau Server browser interface
- C. tsm customize
- D. tabcmd

Answer: A,B,D

Explanation:

Tableau Server provides multiple methods to create groups (collections of users) and projects (content containers), catering to UI, CLI, and programmatic needs. Let's dissect each option with depth:

* Option B (Tableau Server browser interface): Correct.

* Groups: Go to Users > Groups > Add Group, name it, and optionally sync with Active Directory.

* Projects: Go to Content > Projects > New Project, set name, description, and permissions.

* Details: The web UI is intuitive, requiring server/site administrator rights. It's ideal for manual, ad-hoc creation with immediate visibility.

* Permissions: For projects, you can set default permissions or lock them here.

* Option C (tabcmd): Correct.

* Groups: tabcmd creategroup "GroupName" creates a local group. Add users with tabcmd addusers "GroupName" --users "user1,user2".

* Projects: tabcmd createproject -n "ProjectName" -d "Description" creates a project.

* Details: tabcmd is a command-line tool for batch operations or scripting (e.g., automating group/project setup). It requires a server admin login (tabcmd login).

* Limitation: No AD sync via tabcmd—that's UI or REST API territory.

* Option D (REST API): Correct.

* Groups: Use the POST /api/api-version/sites/site-id/groups endpoint with a payload (e.g., {"group": {"name": "GroupName"} }). Supports AD import too.

* Projects: Use POST /api/api-version/sites/site-id/projects (e.g., {"project": {"name": "ProjectName", "description": "Desc"} }).

* Details: The REST API is programmatic, ideal for integration with external systems or bulk automation. Requires authentication via a token and server/site admin rights.

* Power: Offers full control, including nested projects and custom permissions.

* Option A (tsm customize): Incorrect.

* Purpose: tsm customize modifies TSM UI branding (e.g., logos, colors) via commands like tsm customize --logo "path/to/logo.png".

* Why Wrong: It's unrelated to creating groups or projects—it's for cosmetic server configuration, not content/user management.

Why This Matters: Offering UI, CLI, and API options ensures flexibility—manual for small tasks, automation for scale-critical in enterprise deployments.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Manage Groups" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/groups_create.htm), "Manage Projects" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/projects_create.htm), "tabcmd Commands" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/tabcmd_cmd.htm), "REST API Reference" (https://help.tableau.com/current/api/rest_api/en-us/REST/rest_api_ref.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 19

What are two intervals when Tableau Server verifies if data conditions for data-driven alerts are true? (Choose two.)

- A. Every 10 minutes
- B. Whenever a new extract is published
- **C. Every 60 minutes**
- **D. Whenever extracts in the related workbook are refreshed**

Answer: C,D

Explanation:

Data-driven alerts notify users when data meets conditions (e.g., sales > \$10K). Let's examine when Tableau checks these:

- * Alert Mechanics:
- * Enabled per site (Settings > General > Data-Driven Alerts).
- * Backgrounder evaluates conditions against extract data.
- * Check Intervals: Configurable via tsm configuration set -k dataAlerts.checkIntervalInMinutes (default: 60 minutes).
- * Refresh Trigger: Also checks post-extract refresh for immediate updates.
- * Option A (Every 60 minutes): Correct.
- * Details: Default interval—Backgrounder polls every hour to evaluate alert conditions.
- * Config: Adjustable (e.g., -v 30 for 30 minutes).
- * Option D (Whenever extracts in the related workbook are refreshed): Correct.
- * Details: An extract refresh updates the data, triggering an immediate alert check to catch changes promptly.
- * Why: Ensures timely notifications without waiting for the next poll.
- * Option B (Every 10 minutes): Incorrect.
- * Why: Not the default—possible via config, but not standard.
- * Option C (Whenever a new extract is published): Incorrect.
- * Why: Publishing creates the extract; alerts trigger on refreshes or polling, not initial publication.

Why This Matters: Timing affects alert responsiveness—balancing frequency and server load is key.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Data-Driven Alerts" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/data_alerts.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 20

Your deployment of Tableau Server uses Active Directory authentication. What statement correctly describes the process of importing a group from Active Directory?

- A. If an imported group contains any users that have Tableau Server accounts, their site role will be changed to match the site

role specified during the import

- B. You can change the name of a group during import, although this will not change the group's name in Active Directory
- C. Importing a group from Active Directory requires a .csv file that lists user IDs
- D. **New users created as a result of importing a group are assigned the site role specified during the import**

Answer: D

Explanation:

Importing an AD group into Tableau Server syncs user management-let's analyze the process and options:

* AD Group Import Process:

* How: In the UI (Users > Groups > Add Group > Active Directory), enter the AD group name, set a site role, and sync.

* Behavior:

* Existing Users: If a user is already in Tableau Server, their site role remains unchanged unless manually adjusted-sync applies the minimum role only if it upgrades access.

* New Users: Added to Tableau with the site role specified during import.

* Config: Requires AD authentication enabled in TSM.

* Option D (New users created are assigned the site role specified during import): Correct.

* Details: When importing (e.g., "SalesTeam" group, site role: Explorer):

* New users get Explorer.

* Existing users keep their role unless it's below Explorer (e.g., Unlicensed # Explorer).

* Why: Ensures consistent onboarding-new users align with the group's intended access.

* Option A (Existing users' roles change to match import): Incorrect.

* Why: Existing roles persist unless lower than the minimum-e.g., Viewer stays Viewer if import sets Explorer, but Unlicensed upgrades. Not a full overwrite.

* Option B (Requires a .csv file): Incorrect.

* Why: AD import uses live sync via LDAP-no .csv needed (that's for local auth imports).

* Option C (Change group name during import): Incorrect.

* Why: The AD group name is fixed-you can't rename it in Tableau during sync (it mirrors AD).

Post-import renaming is possible but not part of the process.

Why This Matters: Accurate AD sync ensures seamless user management-missteps can disrupt access or licensing.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Synchronize Active Directory Groups" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/groups_sync.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 21

You need to ensure that Tableau Server requires the setup of a new administrator account the next time you attempt to log in. What should you do?

- A. Reinstall Tableau Server
- B. Run the tsm register command
- C. **Run the tsm reset command**
- D. Edit tabsvc.yml

Answer: C

Explanation:

To force Tableau Server to require the setup of a new administrator account (e.g., resetting the server to an initial setup state), the tsm reset command is the appropriate tool. This command resets Tableau Server's administrative configuration, including the TSM administrator account, while preserving content like workbooks and data sources.

Option B (Run the tsm reset command): Correct. Running tsm reset clears the current TSM administrator credentials and configuration settings. The next time you access TSM (e.g., via the web interface or CLI), it prompts you to set up a new administrator account, mimicking the initial setup process. Command: tsm reset --username <new-username> --password <new-password>.

Option A (Edit tabsvc.yml): Incorrect. The tabsvc.yml file contains service configuration data, but manually editing it is not supported or recommended for resetting the administrator account. It could also corrupt the installation.

Option C (Run the tsm register command): Incorrect. The tsm register command is used to register Tableau Server with a new product key or identity store, not to reset the administrator account.

Option D (Reinstall Tableau Server): Incorrect. Reinstallation wipes the entire server, including content, and is overkill for this task. The tsm reset command achieves the goal without data loss.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "TSM Reset Command" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/cli_reset.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 22

Which two statements are advantages of published data sources in comparison to embedded data sources?
(Choose two.)

- A. Storage space is conserved and resource usage during data refreshes is optimized
- B. Drivers are automatically installed on each client's machine
- C. Data is protected so that it is only available in one workbook
- D. Centralized data management is easier

Answer: A,D

Explanation:

In Tableau, data sources can be embedded (stored within a workbook) or published (stored separately on Tableau Server). Let's define these and analyze the advantages:

* Embedded Data Source: The connection details and any extract are bundled in the .twb or .twbx file.

Each workbook manages its own copy.

* Published Data Source: The connection or extract is hosted on Tableau Server, reusable across multiple workbooks.

Now, let's evaluate the options:

* Option C (Centralized data management is easier): Correct. Published data sources allow:

* Single source of truth: One data source can serve multiple workbooks, ensuring consistency.

* Unified updates: Refresh schedules, permissions, and metadata (e.g., calculated fields) are managed in one place via the Server UI.

* Governance: Administrators can control access and monitor usage centrally. In contrast, embedded data sources require individual updates per workbook, leading to duplication and management overhead.

* Option D (Storage space is conserved and resource usage during data refreshes is optimized):

Correct. With published data sources:

* Storage: A single extract on the Server (e.g., a .hyper file) is shared across workbooks, avoiding redundant copies stored in each embedded workbook.

* Refreshes: One refresh job updates the shared extract, reducing CPU and memory usage compared to multiple refreshes for duplicate embedded extracts. Embedded data sources replicate extracts, increasing disk space and refresh load.

* Option A (Data is protected so that it is only available in one workbook): Incorrect. This describes embedded data sources, not published ones. Published data sources are shared, not restricted to one workbook-permissions control access, not exclusivity.

* Option B (Drivers are automatically installed on each client's machine): Incorrect. Drivers (e.g., for SQL Server, PostgreSQL) must be installed on the Server hosting the published data source, not client machines. This is unrelated to the published vs. embedded distinction.

Why This Matters: Published data sources enhance scalability and efficiency in enterprise deployments, making them a cornerstone of Tableau Server's data strategy.

Reference: Tableau Server Documentation - "Published Data Sources" (https://help.tableau.com/current/server/en-us/datasource_publish.htm).

NEW QUESTION # 23

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